THOMAS TIGAR,

EDITO AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE,—Over P. P. Baily's Hardware Store, corner of Clinton and Columbia street, Third Story.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months, Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

Drugs & Chemicals.

100	oz Quinine	125	" Turkey Opium
50	" Sulfeir	150	" Yellow Barks
500	" Pipirine	300	" ditto Powd.
200	" Ext. Bark	200	" Blue Mass London
100	lbs Red Barks		
240	" ditto Powd.	500	" Senna Ind. & Alex.
300	" Calomel Eng'		
500	" Aloes Soc.	200	" Sarsa. Hond.
350	" Rhubarb Powd.	100	" Ipicac Powd.
150	" Jalap Powd.	200	ozs Benzoic Acid
100	" Quicksilver	50	" Morphia Sulp. & Acet.

10 lbs Iodin
10 " Iodide Potta sa
Just received and for sale very low by
H. B. REED.

Gunsmithing, &c.



J. C. CAMPBELL informs the public that he has commenced business on his own account, in the shop on the west end of Columbia street, near the basin, and south of Nesbit's warehouse, where he will do all kinds of work in his line, either making or repairing. NEW RIFLES made to order in the latest improved style, and warranted equal to any in the United States. Any one wanting a good gun—one he can depend on to kill or hit the mark at any distance—is invited to call and try his work.

☞ *Locks repaired, Keys fitted, and all kinds of Jobbing done.*

Fort Wayne, Feb. 4, 1848. y31.

Land for sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale on accommodating terms, several valuable tracts of improved and wild lands, situated in Allen county. Persons wishing to settle in this county, would find this a favorable opportunity to procure acres.

THOS. HAMILTON

FOR SALE.

THE Valuable Mill property belonging to Fairfield & Freeman 14 miles south of Fort Wayne. This property consists of a Flouring Mill with three run of stones, in good order—a first rate new Saw Mill, with a house attached to it to make shingles, lath, and put in other machinery. Also a dwelling house, stables, a house for Country customers, and every convenience, and about 9 acres of land and another privilege on the East side of the River.—This stream affords a plenty of water at any season of the year, and its situation makes it the best mill property in the west.

Mr. Freeman's health is so poor he cannot attend to the business, and not being convenient for me to attend, as I live to far off, &c.—The payments will be easy, as I am not much in want of money. I should like to keep a shot in the locker. Persons wishing to purchase please call on the subscriber.

ASA FAIRFIELD.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 5, 1846. 6

SHAWLS.—A splendid assortment of Wool Scotch Plaid, and Cashmere Shawls for sale by
Oct 15, 1847. HILL, WILSON & Co.

GLOVES & MITTENS—every kind.
E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

ZEPHYR HOODS, and Comforters, at
E. D. BARTLETT & Co's

COLLINS' And Simmons' AXES, for sale by
S. & W. S. EDSALL.

IRON a assorts and sizes for sale by
S. & S. W. EDSALL.

WINDOW GLASS of all the largest sizes—22 by 24, 18 by 22, 16 by 20, 12 by 18 14 by 20, 12 by 16, &c.
H. B. REED.

PALM LEAF HATS from one to four shillings, ribbon in the bargain, also a few left of those splendid split Straw Hats, price don't say until you call and see at the Niagara store.

More Light.

JUST received 20 boxes Star and Mould Candles.
S. & W. S. EDSALL.

CREWELS.—Every shade and color; also a variety of beautiful patterns for work.
MRS. DYKES.

Groceries.

50 Bags Rio Coffee.
20 bbls N. O. Sugar.
500 lbs. Loaf "
500 " Crushed "
500 " Pulv'd "
10 Half Chests Fresh Teas.
Pepper, Spices, &c. &c. for sale low
Oct. 15, 1847. HILL, WILSON & Co's

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 9—No. 38. FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, March 24, 1849. Whole No. 810.

Notice.

THE Firm of SAMUEL HANNA & Sons was dissolved in July last. This is to give notice to all concerned, that the notes and accounts due said firm, both in this county and Noble, have been put in the hands of Mr. WM. C. TAYLOR for collection, who is authorized to receive and receipt for the same. Many persons owing have been repeatedly called on for payment, and as often neglected to pay, until I have become ashamed to ask them again; but I assure all persons indebted that unless their attention is immediately directed to the subject, they will find those claims in the hands of an officer for collection.

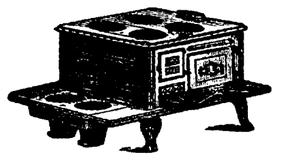
SAMUEL HANNA.

Ft. Wayne, Nov. 29th, 1847. tf—22.

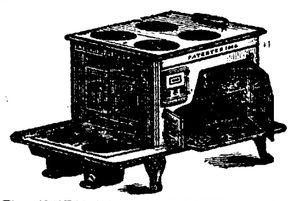
B. W. OAKLEY,

THANKFUL for the favors of the past, would respectfully inform his old customers and the public generally, that his Fall and Winter supply has in part arrived and is still coming; so that by the close of navigation *all* demands for the season can be promptly filled.

STOVES.



We place the "IMPERIAL AIR TIGHT" first; because we consider them decidedly foremost in the way of all Stoves.



The "UNITED STATES AIR TIGHT" is next, tho' many consider them equal, if not superiol to those above—and with them may be classed the Washington and Troy Air Tights and the Quackenbos Air Tights, of Albany.

PRIMIUM STOVES.

Among the different kinds of Premium Cooking Stoves we have the "Troy Victory," to the excellent qualities of which all who have ever tried them will readily attest. We select d them as the best premium stove in market, and the increased demand for them induced us to bring on a large assortment. We have also the common premium from Buffalo and Cincinnati, and last though not least, the "*Farmer*," with no roses or superficial ornaments, but so well recommended that any one wishing a stove can take it, and bring it back again if it does not work well. Last, & best, in the Cooking line stands the great "Hathaway," of Dayton, which we keep on hand for the especial benefit of those who prefer this to a better article.



Parlor Stoves of Cast or Sheet Iron, Dining Room Stoves, Shop and Store Room Stoves of all varieties and sizes from a meeting house to a 10 by 12.

In connection with our Stove trade we have added a small but well selected assortment of

Castings and Hardware.

Consisting in the main of all the most essential and necessary articles used by farmers and mechanics.

Our *Tin and Copper* business is still as noisy as ever, and all hands ready and happy to wait upon those who desire any thing in our line.

B. W. OAKLEY.

N. B.—Old Copper, Brass, Rags, Ginseng, Beeswax, &c., &c., received in exchange for Goods. B. W. O.

Fort Wayne, October 23, 1847. y17.

SADDLERY,

At Wholesale and Retail.



THE Subscriber would respectfully inform his old customers, and the public generally, that he has just returned from Cincinnati with a large stock of LEATHER AND HARDWARE, which he is now manufacturing into *Saddles Harness, Trunks, Saddle bags, Carpet-bags, Bridles, Collars,* and every other article that belongs to the line of business, and will sell at wholesale or retail lower than can be bought in any of the eastern cities, and will warrant all work to be well done.

N. B.—Shop opposite Jones' Block, and one door west of J. Little's Hotel; don't forget the place, for I am determined not to be undersold by any person here or elsewhere.

SAMUEL H. SHOAFF.

Fort Wayne, May 27, 1848. y47.

BLANK BOOKS.

THE attention of County Officers and others is called to a large and extensive stock of BLANK WORK now opening at WALKER'S No. 2, Hanna's Block, consisting of Quarto-Cap, Demy, and Medium *Ledgers, Lockers. Records, and Journals.* Memorandums of all kinds. A liberal discount made to those who wish them to sell again. Call and examine.

C. R. WALKER.

Fort Wayne, May 6.

RAISINS, Lemon Syrup, Ground Spices, &c just received by
A. B MILLER.

LOAF SUGAR, Powdered, a first rate article for bar use, for sale by
A. B. MILLER.

Air Tight Cooking Stoves.

HATHAWAY Patents, from Gephart Marshall & Co's Foundry, Dayton, Ohio, warranted two years, for sale at
S. & W. S. EDSALL'S.

TEA KETTLES, BAKE OVENS—Together with all kinds of Pots, Skillets and Spiders, for sale by
A. B. MILLER.

THE TWO PIANAS, or the Son of a Count and the Daughter of a King, by Alexander Dumas, for sale at
WALKER'S

TOBACCO—The lovers of "the weed" can find the cheapest and best article in the market at the new Grocery and Variety Store
D. HUDSON.

Removal.

MRS DYKES returns her thanks to the ladies of Fort Wayne, and the public in general for the liberal patronage she has received while doing business in Columbia Street, and respectfully informs them that she has removed to the new Brick Block on Calhoun Street, two doors South of Smith's Corner, where she will be happy to receive calls from all in want of Fancy Articles, Dry Goods, &c.—a new supply of which has just been received.

Dec. 2, 1848.

POETRY.

THE PRINTER'S HOUR OF PEACE.

Know ye the Printer's hour of peace?
Know ye an hour more fraught with joy?
Than ever felt the maid of Greece,
When kissed by Venus' amor'us boy?

'Tis not when round the mazy *case*,
His nimble fingers kiss the *type*;
Nor is it when, with lengthened face,
The sturdy *devil's* tale he gripes.

'Tis not when news of dreadful note
His colums all with *minion* fill;
'Tis not when brother Printers quote
Th'effusion of his stump-worn quill.

'Tis not when in *Miss Fancy's* glass
Long *Advertisements* meet his eye,
And seem to whisper as they pass.
"We'll grace your colums by and by."

No—reader—no—the Printer's hour,
His hour of real and sweet repose,
Is not when by some magic power
His list of patrons daily grows.

But, oh! 'tis when the weather's clear,
Or clad in hail, or rain, or vapor,
He hears in accents soft and dear—
"I've come to PAY you for the PAPER."

From the New-York Sun.

THE INTRODUCTION,

OR,

THE TWO CLERKS.

BY HENRY.

In those years of speculation when money was made very fast, when a few water lots would realize a fortune in a week, John Nelson was head clerk in a large importing house in South Street. It is in the year 183- that our tale opens. Jack was a whole-souled fellow; he was open, frank and generous, and possessed a well-informed mind, which was constantly improved by reading, and well digesting every thing which he did read. He had reached his 22d year, was very good looking, also, but he was one of the most bashful fellows in existence. Place him in a room with a young lady, and Jack was no where—He could shine any where else but there.—With the male sex he was on hand. He had been a clerk with a large mercantile house for seven years—he commenced with sweeping out the store, and had risen from the station of the youngest clerk, to that which he now filled, and his salary had risen in proportion, from $50 per annum to $1500. It is useless to say he enjoyed the entire confidence of the firm he was with. Jack had a mother, (his father was dead,) and she resided at a village in Connecticut—he had no brothers or sisters. Every year his employers gave him two weeks play spell—this would come off in July or August, and was spent with his mother. Jack was from that section, and when he came to New York for the first time, he was a stranger—knew no body, and no body knew him. An advertisement appeared in a newspaper, 'Boy wanted;'—Jack applied—the merchant liked his looks, and he got the place. For the first year he got a plate of 6¼ cents pudding at George W. Brown's down in Water street, for his dinner, and slept with a crony who had come along to New York with him. They hailed from the same place. Frank Condee loved Jack, and he had his friends and money, and a nice snug room in a boarding-house: he gave a cot bed in it to Jack. Next year Jack's star shone brighter; his salary was increased to $100, and he felt that he was independent.

There were never two young men so entirely different in every respect as Jack and Frank although they were of the same age. Where men were concerned Jack was first—where women were in the case Frank led off. Both had early joined the old Mercentile Library Association, and at the time our story is dated, our friend Jack had recently been elected Vice President of that institution. They both boarded at this time at a house in Beekman-st, near Dr. Milnor's church, had a room together, and paid $3 50 each for board. The landlady was very pious, an't a thorough going Fineyite at that, and she had a perfect hankering to provide for the immortal souls of young men who boarded with her, as well as to provide grub and feed for their mortal bodies. It was a regular thing to have grace at meals and evening prayers. But Jack kept his room, and Frank was rarely there until after the prayer hour had passed by. Jack was rather inclined to religion: he was strongly in favor of early piety, but he had his own ideas in that regard, and he was decidedly and most emphatically opposed to the interference of Mrs. Milkum, his landlady. Jack believed in Doctor Milnor, and attended his church twice on Sundays, and for some time he went to prayer meetings, on Sunday and Friday evenings. But on one occasion, the leading warden, (who had his eye on Jack for several nights,) learned his name, and openly asked,—'Brother Nelson, will you PUT up a prayer?' The horrified but modest Jack PUT OUT at once, and never showed his face in that crowd again. But the church was still open—Jack had no fears that Doctor Milnor would call upon him either to pray or preach, and became still more regular in attendance. He never missed a sermon. Doctor Milnor was not the only attraction—close by Jack's seat, (for he had a seat there, and paid six dollars a year for it, and had a prayer book of his own,) was a pew. There were a great many pews, of course, but none so interesting to Jack as that pew, for there was seated every Sunday a beautiful girl, with dark brown hair, dark eyes, red cheeks, and decidedly the prettiest mouth Jack had ever looked at.—Jack was in love—downright, real love—and yet he did *not* know her. He had, it is true, learned the name of her father, and all about him. He was an extensive merchant in Broad street, and he lived in St John's Square—had a daughter, and her name was Alice.—This was all that Jack knew, and things remained in this state a year or more. Jack brooded over the matter, and gazed at those bright eyes until he was nearly deranged about them. 'But what chance have I!' thought Jack. 'I never danced attendance upon any female; I know no body, have no means of getting acquainted with her; and if I had, I am such a perfect idiot, I should disgust her. But Jack did not neglect his business, nor his mother. No, No; he wrote mother every week, and early and late he was at the counting-house. But Sundays—why Sundays he devoted to religion and—Alice.—He followed her home, and at night he walked backward and forward modestly in front of the house, and wondered what she was doing, and if she ever gave a thought to the poor fellow who loved her so deeply and devotedly, but who had no friends save those he made for himself, and no female friend in the wide world save his mother who was far away. Jack kept his love to himself—he had no confidents. Frank was his only intimate friend. On Sunday nights Jack went home more low spirited than ever—he felt determined to get acquainted with her some way or other. But how?—That was the question to be solved. He knew no one who knew her. The darkest hour of the night just precedes day break.—'I have it,' said Jack, as an idea flashed across his brain, 'and I'll do it. I will confide it all to my chum—to Frank; he knows how to get acquainted with any girl in New-York, and then the idea that Frank might laugh and make fun of it, was too painful, and he decided to wait a week, and think of it. Before the week was over, the confession was forced out of Jack.

We have said Mrs. Milkum was a pious woman; she was decidedly so; and about this time Burchard, of great celebrity, was preaching at the Chatham street Chapel, (formerly Chatham street Theatre,) and drew crowds of the unconverted fun-loving citizens after him, Mrs. Milkum almost idolized that holy man. Burchard. She had a niece living with her, named Helen, and Frank, who fell in love with every girl he saw under twenty-five years old, was particularly sweet on Helen Milkum, and had engaged that night to accompany her and her aunt to hear Burchard. After tea he requested Jack to come up stairs. Jack complied. Frank shut the door, and said—

'Jack, my dear, I have a particular favor to ask of you. Will you grant it?'

Jack thought of Alice, and his design of asking a favor of Frank, and replied—

'Yes; what is it?'

'I want to take Helen to hear Burchard to night, and I don't want to take old mother Milkum, her aunt. Now that's a good fellow, just you ask and take the old lady with you?'

Jack agreed, and that night found the four seated in the very centre of what had been the Old Chatham. Mrs. Milkum had chosen the most conspicuous seat in the building, in order to astonish the natives, in a way that we shall explain hereafter.

Jack cast his eyes around, when lo! in the very next slip behind him, there was Alice, and her father and mother. She had noticed him, and there was an intelligent gleam in her dark eyes, and a pleasant smile upon her lip. They belonged to Jack, but he did not know it; he never dreamed that she or any other woman but his mother ever thought of him.—Why should he? But so it was—she knew his name, and knew all about him, and began to love him for the very modesty of which he himself was so ashamed. The Chapel is crowded to excess; the services have commenced, the sermon is preached; and the Rev. Mr. Burchard leans over the pulpit and says; 'If there are any unconverted, God-hating sinners, and bound to be damned, in this house, who desire to be prayed for, let them speak out, and come up and take a seat on this anxious bench.'

There is a pause—a dead silence prevails; you could have heard a pin drop—but look, it is old mother Milkum. She rises—all look at her—she speaks—listen:

'I desire the prayers of Christians for three unconverted persons setting with me—John Nelson, Francis Candee, and Helen Milkum—and down sat Mrs. Milkum.

Had a thunderbolt fallen—had a woman tumbled over the third tier—or any ordinary occurrence, Jack could have stood it; but nuts, and Alice too, in the Chapel, he was hopelessly crushed; and seizing his hat he rushed down the aisle more like a maniac than a sane man, and left the place for very shame.

Poor Alice felt for him—she understood it all, and was indignant. Helen blushed, and bowed her head out of sight; and Frank—look at the reprobate!—he rises as the man Burchard is about opening—he, too, speaks—every word is heard distinctly:

'I beg your pardon, Sir, but while your hand is in, have the goodness to pray for one more sinner, it is the old hater I board with, Mrs. Milkum, No. —, Beekman-st. who has just made the last request; put the whole party through while your hand is in;' and down sat Frank, smiling pleasantly upon the innumerable phizzes, who were looking at him with astonishment all this while; and Mrs. Milkum's eyes glared at him with the ferocity of an enraged tigress.

The prayer was made, and the congregation dismissed. Frank managed to lose Mrs. Milkum, and he and the pretty Helen did not reach Beekman street, for full two hours after she reached it alone.

Frank was evidently excited, and when he reached his room, where he found poor Jack almost in despair, he exclaimed, 'Jack, it's all up, now, and the sooner we evacuate these premises the better.'

'What is all up?'

'Oh, never mind. Helen and me left the old woman, and took a stroll alone, and she declares she will tell all and if she does there will be something broke.'

This was all Greek to poor Jack, who now began to unbosom himself to Frank, and finally told him all his troubles. Frank forced it out for he saw that Jack's mortification was very much enhanced by the presence at the Chapel of some young lady; and the moment he got this clue Jack had to unravel all of it.

'So, so, Mr. Sly—you are in love with that young girl on the seat back of us to-night, and she was witness of the whole scene;' and here Frank laughed till every thing rang again.

'Don't, Frank, do have a little mercy'

'Mercy?' didn't I give old Mrs. Milkum fits? Oh, Santa Maria" and here Frank told Jack what had passed after he shot out.

There was some comfort in it, and he blessed Frank for making a request which threw ridicule on the whole transaction.

'Now, Jack, I will introduce you on the very night we get a new boarding house.'

'What, Frank, are you acquainted with her?'

'Of course I am; know her mother like a book; take you to the house any time; go out riding every day.'

Jack agreed, and did get a new boarding house the next morning, paid the bill for both, and moved to a Spanish house in the next street.

That day was a busy one with Jack. His mind was wandering up in St. John's Square, and thinking what he should do and say, when for the first time he should sit side by side with the gentle Alice—for he had seen Frank, and that worthy was so much delighted with Jack's promptness in getting a new place, that he had insisted upon taking Jack to see Alice Rich that night.

Jack did an unusual thing for him that afternoon; he asked permission of his employers to be absent from the counting room, notwithstanding it was packet night.

'Certainly, Mr. Nelson,' was the reply.—'We must excuse you when you ask, for it is rare. I hope nothing serious has happened?'

'Nothing, thank you Sir.' said Jack, and home he went, at 6 o'clok, and fixed and refixed until half past seven, when in came Frank.

'All ready, Jack, eh?'

'Yes.'

'Come on, then.'

And away the two went, heading for St. John's Park.

'What number is it Jack?'

'Why, I thought you said you'd been there? it's 40.'

'Oh, that's all right; a man may know a house without knowing the number—hark you, Jack, I can't stay but a minute—I'll introduce you, and then you'll know what to say.'

'But Frank—?

'Never mind, here we are,' said Frank pulling at the knob.

Jack was speechless. The servant answered the bell.

'Is Miss Alice at home?' asked Frank.

'She is; walk in.'

They entered, and the servant closed the door, and showed them into the parlor.

They seated themselves. 'Quite a nice place,' remarked Frank; 'evidently respectable people.'

Jack was too much abashed to notice Frank's singular remark, and his heart got up in his mouth as Alice, looking more sweet and lovely than ever, entered the room. She smiled, and yet looked rather astonished.

Frank approached her—'Good evening, Miss Alice; a charming evening. I called for the special purpose of introducing my most intimate bosom friend, I may say.'

'Mr. Nel-on, Miss Rich.' 'Miss Alice, this is Mr. Nelson.' Both parties bowed mechanically and awkwardly, when Frank observed, 'I told you John I was in a hurry, and must now leave you. You are now acquainted, and I hope will have a pleasant time of it. Good evening both,' and the imperturable Francis took his hat, and deliberately left the premises.

'Well, I never—this is very singular,' commenced Miss Alice.

'It is; but my friend is—is in a hurry. I suppose—in fact, he—said so—'

'In a hurry, why, I never saw the man before in all my life.'

Reader did you ever in your life find yourself in a 'FIX'—in a tight place, where you would have liked amazingly to have cozed quietly out backwards through a gimblet hole, and then died decently for very shamfacedness? if so, then fancy the feelings of our friend Jack for an instant—he was speechless—it was but for a moment, and then out came the man; it was there, and had to come out, and it needed but this. He was outraged, indignant, and to feel that she, perhaps, would think him an accomplice in such a miserable piece of trickery. His face was as pale as ashes; he rose from his seat, and went to her side, and in a deep feeling voice, thus addressed the astonished girl:

'Miss Alice, do not for God's sake do me the cruel injustice to suppose for an instant that I am a party to such a base attempt to make your acquaintance. No, no, for long months I have looked forward to such a pleasure as the greatest in my life. I knew no one who knew you until my friend—I told him all—and—he said he knew you, and that is why I came. Forgive me, and believe me, I would not for worlds have done this. I will bid you good evening, and hide my mortification in the street.'

He was about leaving the room, when she extended her hand—'Mr. Nelson, do not go yet. I am sure—in fact I know you have been imposed upon.'

A mountain was removed from Jack's breast—she remembered his name, that was something.

He pressed her hand for a moment, it was only a moment, but it sent a tingling sensation through every little vein in his whole body.

'Come, Mr. Nelson, sit down; you, I am sure, need not be in such a hurry as that impudent friend of yours.'

Jack felt better—decidedly better. She certainly was not VERY angry; and he did sit down; and she sat down by his side—and then they were both together, and Jack had to explain how it all happened, and about the boarding house woman, and the Chapel scene, and then come in his mother, and he had a long story to tell about his dear old mother, and how they loved each other, how he was an only son, and that they were poor, very poor; and that he left her alone and came away from his native village, to try and do some thing in New York; of his early struggles, of Frank's friendship; and days and nights of hard work in the counting house, and the confidence of his employers, and how ambition had grown up in him to be somebody, to be a merchant, and then it looked out that he went to Dr. Milnor's church to see her; that for many months he had thought of her, and her only; and that now he had more ambition to rise for her sake, that he might be worthy of her, and—Jack stops; she has held her head down, and her handkerchief up to her eyes.

'What a fool I am thought Jack; 'she is laughing at me;' but no, she has been listening—she could have listened all night, and she looks up to see why he stops' She with draws her handkerchief and her watery eyes met Jack's; two bright pearly tears were trickling down her cheeks.

'Do not laugh at me, but indeed I had to cry. I was thinking of your darling mother John.'

What a lovely, affectionate girl; how kind of her, thought Jack.

'Laugh at you! No. But on the contrary, I was thinking how silly I must appear in telling you that long story that you can care nothing about.'

'Oh, you wrong me very much; indeed you do. It was very interesting. And do you mean to tell me that impudent fellow, Frank, as you call him, really aided you when you only received fifty dollars a year as a salary?'

'He did; and always was my friend till now. I never had any intimacy with any young man but him I cannot forgive him for this.'

'Oh, you must not have any quarrel about this. You will think differently of it bye and bye.'

'Never! I will tell him what I think of it and never speak to him again; and I must endeavor to find some other way to be introduced to you.'

'Indeed!' and there was a very wicked smile about the pretty mouth of Alice, and a singular sparkle in her bright eyes as she gazed rather fondly at the innocent youth seated by her side, when she said 'INDEED.'

'Yes,' replied Jack; 'he shall apologize to YOU, too. I will bring him here to-morrow night, if you will let me.'

The pleased girl noticed Jack's quandary, but she was a sensible, shrewd girl, for her age. She saw at a glance his modest diffidence was working its own way clear of all obstacles, and that he was becoming aware of resources in his own character that had slumbered and lain dormant, and that he never was aware of before, and instead of relieving him and opening his eyes at once, by the simple words, 'we are acquainted well enough now, and the first opportunity I find I will introduce you to my parents,' she acquiesced in his decision; and really had a sort of curiosity to know what he would do next. 'Certainly you know what to do better than I do.'

'And will you allow me to call and see you when I am regularly introduced?' inquired Jack.

'With pleasure,' said the laughing girl and Jack again and again trusted that she would not consider him accessary to the imposition of Frank that evening; and being assured she would not, he bade her good night.

(Remainder next week.)

As an old woman was lately walking through one of the streets of Paris at midnight, a patrol called out, 'who's there?' 'It is I, patrol, don't be afraid.'

☞ An Englishman named Brooks, has lately published a book about California. In this work, he gives the following as Captain Sutter's account of the discovery of Gold on the Sacramento:

"I was sitting one afternoon," said the captain, "just after my siesta, engaged, by the by, in writing a letter to a relation of mine at Lucerne, when I was interrupted by Mr. Marshall—a gentleman with whom I had frequent business transactions—bursting hurriedly into the room. From the unusual agitation in his manner, I imagined that something serious had occurred, and as we involuntarily do in this part of the world, I at once glanced to see if my rifle was in its proper place. You should know that the mere appearance of Mr. Marshall at that moment in the fort, was quite enough to suprise me, as he had but two days before left the place to make some alterations in a mill for sawing pine planks, which he had just run up for me some miles higher up the Americanos. When he had recovered himself a little, he told me that however great my surprise might be at his unexpected appearance, it would be much greater when I heard the intelligence he had come to bring me.—"Intelligence," he added, "which if properly profitted by, would put both of us in possession of unheard of wealth—millions and millions and millions of dollars. In fact," I frankly own, when I heard this, that I thought something had touched Marshall's brain, when suddenly, all my misgivings were put to an end by his flinging on the table a hadful of scales of pure virgin gold. I was fairly thunderstruck, and asked him to explain what all this meant, when he went on to say that, according to my instructions, he had thrown the mill wheel out of gear, to let the whole body of water in the dam find a passage through the tail-race, which was previously too narrow to allow of allow the water to run off in sufficient quantity, whereby the wheel was prevented from efficiently performing its work. By this alteration, the narrow channel was considerably enlarged and a mass of sand and gravel carried off by the force of the torrent.

Early in the morning after this took place, he (Mr. Marshall.) was walking along the left bank of the stream, when he perceived something which he at first took for a piece of opal—a clear, transparent stone, very common here—glittering on one of the spots laid bare by the sudden crumbling away of the bank. He paid no attention to this; but while he was giving directions to the workmen, having observed several similar glittering fragments, his curiosity was so far excited that he stooped down and picked one of them up. "Do you know," said Mr. Marshall. "I positively debated within myself two or three times whether I should take the trouble to bend my back to pick up one of the pieces, and had decided on not doing so, when, further on, another glittering morsel caught my eye—the largest of the pieces now before you. I consequently descended to pick it up, and to my astonishment found that it was a thin scale of what appears to be pure gold. He then gathered some twenty or thirty similar pieces, which, on examination, convinced him that his suppositions were right. His first impression was that this gold had been lost or buried there by some early Indian tribe—perhaps some of those mysterious inhabitants of the west of whom we have no account, but who dwelt on this continent centuries ago, and built those cities and temples, the ruins of which are scattered about these solitary wilds. On proceeding, however, to examine the neighboring soil, he discovered that it was more or less auriferous. This at once decided him. He mounted his horse, and rode down to me with the news as fast as it would carry him.

CLIMATE OF CALIFORNIA.

A correspondent of the New York Home Journal concludes a long letter descriptive of the town of San Francisco with the following description of the climate, which may prove interesting to our readers:

In concluding this letter, I will write a few remarks concerning the climate of San Francisco, and California in general. From the stiff, reef-topsail breezes from the northward and westward which rushes from the entrance of the bay through the town, from mid-day until sunset, in summer, and the raw, uncomfortable south-easter in winter, the town of San Francisco is certainly the most disagreeable place for a residence in California; not so much, however, from the cold, as from its peculiar situation, exposed, as it is, to the strong north-west winds from the sea, through the opening at the entrance of the bay, and to the raw blasts from the south-east over the broad expanse of water forming the large eastern estuary of the first bay. During the prevalence of these winds, fires are very comfortable, and I might say necessary for health and comfort, in the present houses of San Francisco. The average range of the thermometer, the year round, in this port, is about sixty degrees; I do not remember seeing it below forty-three degrees.

At a distance of fifteen or twenty miles in the country, the temperature undergoes a feeling change; the cold appears to have been extracted from the sea breezes, leaving a buoyant and invigorating atmosphere to be exposed by the inhabitants of this charming region.—The belt of California, through which this climate extends, is, probably, the finest in the world. It commences in the north, at the Bappa and Sonora vallies, extending to the southward through the San Jose valley (a most lovely spot), and following the sites of the decayed missions, growing gradually warmer, until it reaches its acme of purity and voluptuousness at the well named City of the Angels.

In travelling farther inland, you cross one range of hills and enter the great valley formerly called San Buena Ventura, now the Sacramento and San Joaquim valleys. Here the temperature undergoes a considerable change, which, on looking at the geographical position, is easily accounted for. These valleys have the grand California mountains (the sources of the gold mines) for an eastern boundary, and the hills just mentioned for a western boundary. As these hills shut off all wind from the sea, one can easily imagine the the torrid heat so much complained of during the past summer at the gold mines. These valleys get the benefit of the S. E. wind, accompanied by heavy rains in winter; and these facts, with the knowledge of their proximity to the snowy mountains, the sudden change from extreme heat to damp raw weather, and the want of suitable dwellings, will account for the sickness ni, and sudden desertion of, the mines at this season of the year.

A Maiden Lady's Soliloquy.—"'Tis wonderous strange how great the change, since I was in my teens. then I had beaux and billet-deaux, and joined the gayest scenes. But lovers now have ceased to vow; no way they now contrive, to poison, drown, or hang themselves—because I'm thirty-five. Once, if the night were e'er so bright, I ne'er abroad could roam, without—"The bliss the honor Miss, of seeing you safe home." But now I go through rain and snow—fatigued and scarce alive—through all the dark, without a spark—because I'm thirty-five."

BANK OF NORWALK, OHIO.

We understand from very good authority, that the notes of this bank must ultimately be redeemed in full. The facts are these: about four years ago, the Huron County bank-house, &c. was sold, and went into the hands of nine stockholders, all sharing equal in the stock; but afterward one of them withdrew, assigning his share to one of the remaining eight, who has since had the principal management of the concern. The bank being an individual liability bank, the stockholders are responsible for the deficiencies. The question now comes up as to the ability of the stockholders. We are informed by the above authority, that their aggregate ability may be estimated at over $300.00.

As to the Sandusky Bank, we can hold out no very flattering encouragement.—*Thompson's Bank Note Reporter.*

Bank Fraud.—The Sandusky Bank it appears, made extensive preparations to defraud, before bursting up. We are told that a large portion of their notes discounted previous to failing, were made payable at the *Sandusky City Bank*, and not the rotten concern, the Bank of Sandusky, the borrowers, not discovering the mistke until they had purchased sufficient broken Sandusky paper to lift their notes, when they found themselves "*in the wrong box*," and nicely swindled. This is a new trick in Bank swindling.—*Mansfield Shield and Banner.*

The Circleville Watchman expresses grave doubts about the solvency of the Circleville Bank. The Bank has recently issued large amounts of its notes with red backs, in exact imitation of the State Bank, evidently to delude the unwary and trade on a stolen capital. We learn that large quantities of this kind of paper is in circulation in the State of Illinois, where it passes as State Bank paper. The Watchman notices the arrival of some specie which was placed in the vaults late at night, and asks whether the Bank is about making a "report for the people."—*Cin Eq.*

A few days ago a gentleman stepped up to us in the street, and with some anxiety asked us if the Circleville Bank was going to break. We replied we could not tell and asked what was the matter? He said its paper was the first to be paid out, and it looked suspicious, and too much of it was in circulation. From the above it seems that there is more in motion than might at first meet the eye—*Ohio Statesman.*

A Literal Interpreter.—A Judge in New Orleans, a few days ago, fined a merchant $50 for allowing his side walk to be in a muddy condition, and also accompanied it with a severe lecture. The next day as he passed the place, he was pleased to see the force of his authority and eloquence exemplified in the condition of the sidewalk, which had not only been freed from every particle of filth and dirt, but had actually been washed down with soap, the curbstones whitewashed, and the whole banquette sprinkled with rose leaves, scented with cologne. The judge enjoyed the joke so well he remitted the fine.

☞ The Times and Keystone is guilty of the following:—

"A friend of ours, a plain matter-of-fact man, in a conversation at the table, with his daughter, on the 'fashions,' happened to ask her yesterday what was the fashionable dress worn by Adam and Eve in Eden? She promptly answered that she supposed they wore *sleighing robes*—i. e. bear (bare) skins! But, said the father, Adam had no sleighs, and knew nothing of such an amusement.—Indeed, said the young lady; where then did his son learn *slaying*, for you'll admit Pa, that Cain did "slay!" Naughty young lady that, to use up her father!"

Splitting the Difference.—A nice young gentleman, not a thousand miles from this, after a long and assiduous courtship, found himself one bright evening, the betrothed of a pretty girl, the very pink of modesty. One night he was about to take his departure, and after lingering about the door for some time, in a fidget of anxiety, declared and protested to Miss Nancy, that he could not and would not leave until she had kissed him. Of course Miss Nancy blushed beautifuly red, and protested in turn that she could not and would not do that. She never had done such a thing and never would until she was married—she now he had it. The altercation and debate became deep and exciting, until the betrothed buffed outright and declaued if he couldn't kiss her he couldn't have her—and was marching off. She watched him to the gate, and saw "the fat was in the fire," unless something was done.

'Come back, then!' said she, coaxingly 'I'll split the difference with you—*you must squeeze my hand!*"

"Oh, carry me back."—A flat-boat came down the Wabash the other day, which had, as is supposed, broken loose from some boat yard in the upper region. As it was passing opposite Pittsburgh, three of the courageous citizens of that place started in a skiff with the intention of catching and bringing her to shore. They succeeded in getting on board when they immediately started one of the number to the shore with a cable to be made fast. But, by some accident or other he was precipitated into the river, and had to swim for life. The two remaining on the boat, being without oars, had to content themselves with floating down stream. After floating some two or three miles, and finding it impossible to get on shore without swimming, they concluded to try the water, whereupon they pulled off their hats, coats and boots, (all of which were lost) made a desperate plunge and succeeded in gaining the shore. In this condition they were "carried back" to their homes safe and sound. It is said that one of the gentlemen lost his unmentionables, but of this our informant was not positive.—*Philadelphia Weekly Times.*

KING OF THE ROOSTERS.—Gen. Bo[y]d of the *Bedford Gazette*, who never does things by halfs, chronicles the election of Dem[o]cratic Senator in Gov. JOHNSTON'S district, by a parade of a crowing cock *as large as life*, occupying the entire side of his paper. Well, it is a victory worth crowing over, as it secures a Democratic majority in the Senate next year.—*Dem. Union.*

Weeds in Gravel Walks.—For many years past I have used salt (but not in solution) for destroying and keeping down weeds in my gravel walks, with perfect success, perceiving that the application acts as a stimulant to reproduction. The contrary is the case. I sow the salt by hand in dry weather, and sweep it about thin and regularly as possible. I have seldom occasion to this more than once in twelve months.—*Agricultural Gazette.*

To make a Baulky Horse Pull.—When a horse of a pair is baulky and the other is a cord to the tail of the baulky one, so that he must pull, and keep his end up even or have his tail pulled, and, my word for it, he will hold his head after getting one or two good pulls.—*American Agriculturist.*

To Prevent a Bruise from becoming Inflamed.—Blood can be prevented from settling in a bruise, by applying to the part a cloth wrung out of very warm water, and keeping it until the pain ceases. The heat liquify the blood, and send it through proper channels, which, by neglect, become fixed in green and black blotches under the skin.—*American Agriculturist.*

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

JOSEPH A. WRIGHT,

OF PARKE COUNTY.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR.

JAMES H. LANE,

OF DEARBORN COUNTY.

SATURDAY, MARCH 24, 1849.

Democratic Congressional Convention.

A Convention of Delegates from the several Counties composing the 10th Congressional District of Indiana, will be held at the Court House in the city of Fort Wayne, on Wednesday, the 23d day of May, 1849, at 11 o'clock A. M., to nominate a democratic candidate for Congress, to be supported at the next August election.

Each County is entitled, by former usage, to send one delegate to the Convention for every one hundred democratic votes polled at the last election; and in those counties where the fraction exceeds fifty votes, to one delegate in addition, as follows:

Adams,	4	Jay,	4
Allen,	11	La Grange,	6
Blackford,	2	Noble,	6
DeKalb,	6	Randolph,	8
Delaware,	7	Steuben.	4
Grant,	6	Wells,	4
Huntington,	5	Whitley,	5

By order of the District Committee,

DANIEL REED, *Chairman.*

February 10, 1849.

Adams County Democratic Convention.

Notice is hereby given to the Democracy of Adams County, Indiana, that a County Convention will be held at the court house in said county on Saturday, the 21st of April next, at 11 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Congressional and Representative Conventions; for the nomination of candidates for county officers; and the transaction of such other business as shall properly come before the Convention.

The respective townships are requested to appoint their delegates to said Convention on the first Monday of April next.

The ratio of representation in the Convention is fixed at one delegate for every six democratic votes polled at the last Presidential election, and one for every fraction above half that number. No township to have less than three delegates. Thus—

Hartford,	3	Kirkland,	3
Wabash,	8	Washington,	10
Jefferson.	3	St. Mary's,	6
Blue Creek,	5	Union,	3
Monroe,	4	Root.	10
French,	6	Preble,	8

By order of the Central Committee,

SAMUEL L. RUGG, *Chairman.*

February 21, 1849.

Allen County Democratic Convention

The Democratic Convention of Allen County will meet at the Court House in the city of Fort Wayne, on Saturday, the 19th day of May next, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of appointing eleven delegates to the Congressional Convention, and also to nominate candidates for the Legislature and the several county offices to be filled at the August election.

The democrats are requested to meet at the usual places of holding elections in their several Townships on Monday, the 2d day of April, and elect delegates to represent them in said County Convention in the following proportion, viz:

Aboite	3	Milan	3
Adams	5	Monroe	3
Cedar Creek	7	Perry	6
Eel River	3	Pleasant	3
Jefferson	4	Springfield	4
Lafayette	3	St. Joseph	4
Lake	4	Scipio	3
Madison	4	Washington	7
Marion	8	Wayne	20
Maumee	3		

By order of the County Committee,

S. C. FREEMAN,

March 9, 1849. Chairman.

WAYNE TOWNSHIP MEETING.

The democrats are requested to meet at the Court House on Monday, the 2d April next, at 2 o'clock P. M., to nominate delegates to the County Convention, and appoint a township committee.

By order of the Committee,

P. KISER, Chairman.

MAIL ROBBERY.—Frederick Fikel, the mail carrier, whose arrest for robbing the Logansport mail we announced in our last, has been after a full examination before Squire Bratton, at Huntington, committed to take his trial at the United States Circuit Court, to be held at Indianapolis in May next, for the offence. In addition to the letters found near Huntington, several others were subsequently found stuck into a hollow log on the road side, near Lagro. The letters, which are all broken open, are detained to be used in evidence on the trial. A list of them may be seen at the post office in this place. All the letters mailed at this office are post marked the 20th and 23d January; it therefore appears that the mail had been plundered on two different occasions. As there is no appearance of the bag having been ripped open, it is supposed that the thief made use of a false key to open the lock.

Amongst the letters which have been thus thrown open to the inspection of the curious, is one from a distinguished neighbor of ours addressed to a young lady, giving a glowing description of a sleigh ride in which he had recently indulged, and several other very interesting topics. It is said to be a rich and rare production; we have been promised some extracts for publication.

Township Meetings.—We hope the democrats in every township will hold meetings at the time and place of the township elections and nominate their committees for the ensuing year, and also delegates to attend the county convention. As the next election will be the most important one there being a Governor and Member of Congress to elect, as well as the usual county officers, we hope this will be attended to, and the democratic party be thoroughly organized in every township.

Township Assessors.—It must be borne in mind that in Allen county township assessors are to be chosen at the township elections.

IMPROVEMENT.—The Common Council of this city have decided to plank Columbia Street; and we understand it is in contemplation to plank Calhoun Street also. This is an improvement which was much needed.—We would suggest to the Common Council the propriety of having the side walks in all the streets either planked or otherwise improved, and suitable permanent crossings made at the corners, to enable our citizens, and especially the ladies, to leave their houses at all seasons, instead of being confined at home, as at present, by mud for a great part of the year.

The New Administration.—Public attention is of course directed towards the course of the new administration. As yet nothing has transpired to give any definite idea what that course will be. The cabinet is thoroughly whig; but we can hardly believe they will dare, after the triumphant success which has crowned the adoption of the democratic principles of free trade and the separation of banks and state, to make such a retrograde movement as to attempt the resuscitation of the exploded and obsolete humbugs of a protective tariff and a national bank.

In regard to removals from office, General Taylor stands firm; he seems determined to redeem his pledges, and proscribe proscription. So far as we have seen, only one removal—that of Wm. J. Brown of this state—has been made; all the other appointments sent in to the Senate have been to fill vacancies caused by the expiration of the term of office, or by resignation, and in some instances known democrats have been re-appointed.

We have always had a firm belief in the honesty and integrity of General Taylor, and could never believe that he could be made to falsify his pledges in this respect; and so far, his course has confirmed our belief. This may be a disappointment to office seekers, but it is highly honorable to General Taylor; and if, as is intimated in well informed circles, the cabinet cordially agrees with General Taylor in this respect, the world may yet witness the rare spectacle of whig promises, made before an election, being redeemed and fulfilled after the efforts of that party had been crowned with success.

Telegraphic Despatches for the Ohio Statesman.

CASE OF GEN. SHIELDS—APPOINTMENT OF COMMISSIONERS UNDER MEXICAN TREATY.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 13, 1849.

Editor Ohio Statesman:

The committee appointed to examine the eligibility of Gen. Shields, of Illinois, to a seat in the Senate, reported against his eligibility. The report is to come up to-morrow for final action.

Gen. Shields made a speech, in which he professed a willingness to abide by the decision of the Senate. He also explained his letter to Mr. Breese.

Messrs. Evans, of Maine, Payne, of North Carolina, and Caleb B. Smith, of Indiana, have been nominated as Commissioners to settle the claims of American citizens against Mexico

WASHINGTON CITY, March 14, 1849.

Judge Clayton, of Georgia, has been nominated Second Auditor of the Treasury, by the President.

In Senate, Mr. Calhoun moved to amend the resolution in relation to the eligibility of Gen. Shields to a seat in the Senate, by adding that Gen. Shields was ineligible at the commencement of the term for which he was elected. This motion elicited a long debate.

Mr. Shields then offered a letter resigning his seat.

Mr. Webster objected. If ineligible to a seat in the Senate, he had no power to resign it.

The whole subject was laid over till to-morrow.

The nominations sent in yesterday by the President were all confirmed. Several important ones were sent in to day on which action has not yet been taken.

NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTIONS.

NEW YORK, March 15.

Editor Ohio Statesman:

Gov. Dinsmore, dem., is elected Governor of New Hampshire, and Gen. Wilson, whig, is re-elected to Congress.

LATE FROM CALIFORNIA.

The Engineers, to survey the railway route across the Isthmus had arrived, and were to commence operations at Chagres and Gorgona at the same time.

Latest from the Mines.—About 800 souls, it is calculated, will winter at the 'dry diggins' alone. On Juba and Feather rivers, preparations are being made to pass the winter by a great number. Houses are constructed and supplies stored, but a scarcity of provisions prevails in every camp. At Juba a settlement has been formed near the upper 'diggins'—150 houses have been erected, constructed chiefly of logs, and hopes are entertained of passing a comfortable winter. Upon the Middle Fork, at the newly-discovered 'diggins,' the worthy citizens of Drydiggins-*ville* are employed almost to a man, it is said, in mining, and with very fair success.

The diggers are mostly of the Oregon emigration. From $5 to five ounces per day is the stated yield. The gold is large and extremely beautiful, quite free from sand and pebbles. The usual process of taking it is by throwing up dykes and turning the water from its channel, or draining portions of the river's bed. In the eddies of the main stream it can be seen in great abundance, and at a depth of 25 and 30 feet in many places. At this aggravating distance it is quite harmless. Kanakas have dived with a desperation becoming pearl fishers, but 'no go'—the gold yet remains unfingered. Washing for gold has been generally given up for the season. The water is cold, and Jack Frost is regular in his morning visits. As we have before stated, very little gold will be gathered after the commencement of the rains.

Houses and shanties are so scarce, that a shanty ten by twelve will rent for $30 per month. A vast amount of suffering will be experienced by the thousands without shelter, when the rains commence. Lumber is worth $125 per 1000 feet.

The Tehuantepec Route.—Congress seems disposed to take no action upon either of the proposed routes for connecting the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, now offered for its consideration. In the meantime a party of surveyors have gone out to locate a railroad from Chagres to Panama, and Mr. HARGOUS, whose proposal for a road across the Istmus of Tehuantepec we lately published, has already upwards of 400 men in constructing a route of carriages. We beleive he intends running a line of small stages from Cuatzacualo to Tehuantepec. The shortness of this route, and the facilities for crossing from sea to sea, will undoubtedly cause a large number of emigrants to take it in preference to others

The Whig Party in Congress.—The Washington correspondent of the Journal of Commerce, writing at the adjournment of Congress, says:

"It appears to me that there is no organization whatever in the whig party, and, therefore, it is that they have failed in regard to the accomplishment of necessary public business. They are broken up into clans, every one having their own banner and their own piper. Some are sectional, some moderate, and some terribly conservative.

"The Northern members, as such, will never carry a measure in Congress. I mean no party or sectional measure. They cannot agree well enough. The South being united by the tie of their institutions and being generally well drilled politicians and parliamentarians, will always get aid enough from the North to carry their point against members."

This is what we always predicted the boastful whig party would come to. Only *four* members of Congress taken into the cabinet!

To give our Whig readers an opportunity of knowing what their friends in the southern part of the district think about a convention, we copy the following from the Winchester Patriot:

Whig Congressional Convention.

We notice in the *Indiana Herald*, a suggestion to hold a Convention to nominate a Whig candidate for Congress for this (Tenth) Congressional District at the approaching election at HUNTINGTON, Huntington county, on the *1st Wednesday* (4th day) *in April next.*

We think the suggestion as to the time and place a good one, and other portions of the District concurring, will cheerfully agree to holding the Convention at such time and place. What say our friends of the Winchester Patriot, Muncie Signal, and Lagrange Whig? *Fort Wayne Times.*

So far as we of the Patriot are concerned, do not see any necessity for such a convention at the present time. We still entertain the same views in regard to this matter that we did two years since, when the subject was discussed in this district; we then opposed a convention to nominate a candidate, believing that it would be paramount to a defeat, and we are of the same opinion now. It will certainly not be contended that the prospects of electing a Whig to Congress from this District are any better now than they were then, but on the contrary, we regard them as having been greatly lessened, and by trammeling the candidate with the prejudices that naturally grow out of nominating by a convention, you render his defeat doubly sure. Such conventions are practicable and necessary only in districts where there is an available majority; and where the preference for individuals cannot be otherwise amicably adjusted, but in a district like ours it appears to us that no such necessity does or ought to exist. If we cannot succeed without a convention, we are quite certain that we cannot with one, and so there is but little to contend about; and we had hoped that the experience of the last six years of the convention plan of bringing out our candidate would have satisfied its most zealous and devoted advocates. If our northern friends intend to give us the candidate in the South the coming election, the matter is understood, and there is no necessity for a convention. Will our northern friends contend that they are again entitled to the candidate after three fair trials, in each of which the southern portion of the district battled nobly and manfully for the cause? Come, gentlemen, be a little more magnanimous in this matter. Give us the track without a convention, and we have reasonable assurance of succeeding, but without that there can be no mistake as to the result, defeat will again be certain. If a convention must decide this question, we doubt very much from the state of feeling that now exists here, if there could be a solitary delegate prevailed upon to attend such a convention. If our friends of the north are unwilling to yield the track to JUDGE KILGORE without a formal convention, all we have to say is, go ahead and select your man, and we promise to do the best for him we can.—*Winchester Patriot.*

ARTICLE OF AGREEMENT.

This Indenture, made the seventh day of November, one thousand and forty-eight, between the great Democratic party of the United States, *Party of the first part*, and the Federal party, alias the Peace party, alias the Federal Republican party alias the whig party, alias the No-party, also of the United States, *Party of the Second part*, witnesseth, that the party of the first part has agreed and by these presents do agree, to relinquish and give over unto the party of the second part, on the 4th day of March next the possession of the Capitol at Washington, together with all the power, patronage, offices, loaves and fishes perquisites and picking thereunto appertaining: also the White House with the silver plate, silver forks and *gold spoons*, the cabinet-ware, the kitchen-furniture and all other goods and chattles therein contained, to HAVE and to HOLD the same during the term of four years thence next ensuing.

And in consideration of the privileges herein granted, aforesaid, the party of the second part has agreed, and by these presents does agree to give unto the said party of the first, during the aforesaid term of four years, the sole, free, uninterrupted, and entire use of his celebrated old *Homestead* on the shady banks of Salt River, with the privilege of ascending and descending said Salt River whenever circumstances or his necessities shall render it necessary; and also the right, at all times during the said term of four years, to bathe in the said Salt River, so that said party of the first part, may, during his retirement, fully avail himself of any disinfecting, renovating, or invigorating powers which the saline waters of said river may possess.

The aforesaid parties do also further agree, that at the expiration of the aforesaid term of four years, that is, on the fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, each of said parties shall promptly retire and permit the other peaceably to re-enter and to re-occupy his former posessions and rightful inheritance.

In witness whereof the parties aforesaid have caused their legally constituted agents to affix their respective names and seals on the said day and date first above written.

JAMES. [SEAL]
ZACHARY. [SEAL]

Break in the Miami Canal—Great Destruction of Property.

CINCINNATI, March 12, 1849.

The culvert on the Miami Canal, one mile above the city, gave way last night, causing a great destruction of property by the overflow. A dam has been thrown across, and boats will land at the Brighton House, from whence goods are drayed to and from the city. It will require from two to four weeks to repair the damages.

MEETING OF GENS. CASS AND TAYLOR.—A correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, writing from Washington, says Gen. Cass, in company with Mr. Fitzgerald, the Senator from Michigan whose place Gen. Cass now takes called to pay his respects to Gen. Taylor. On entering the room the General was seated, but perceiving Gen. Cass he rose and went to meet him. "Good morning, General, how do you do?" says Gen. Taylor. Very well, indeed, General Taylor; this is the second time I follow your route, but you got twice ahead of me." "The race," repeated Old Zack, with great urbanity, "is not always to the swift, nor the battle to the strong." The audience smiled. "How do you find yourself after the long journey?" "Tolerably well," repled Taylor, "In Indiana they knocked in a few ribs; but it's nothing—a mere 'circumstance!'" "I shall be happy to see you. Do call whenever it is convenient." Exit Gen. Cass. On coming out, an old friend of Gen. Cass, shaking him by the hand, observed to him, "I have stumped it in seven States for you, and all voted right; but it would not do." "I wish you had stumped it in one or two more," said General Cass, good-naturedly, and the parties seperated.

On the last night of the session of Congress $50,000 was appropriated for an additional purchase from the inventor of Colt's improved repeating pistols, and a joint resolution was adopted instructing the Secretary of War to furnish these arms to emigrants going to California, at the government cost prices. They are thus advantageously supplied on a written application to the War Department.—*Washington Union.*

JUDGE EMBREE is so well satisfied with eight dollars a day and extra milage for one session of Congress, that he is willing to try it over again with the *extra* off. He thinks it better than to get beaten for Govenor, or to be elected three years at only $1300 a year, and find himself! There are many like him.—*Ind. State Sentinel.*

MR. EMBREE DECLINES!!

By the following correspondence it will be seen that Mr. DemaGogue Embree "comes down, Capt. Scott." He understands perfectly well that the coon who stands before Jos. A. Wright in the present contest will be *skinned*; there is no help for it. His hide is bound to come! This tacit acknowledgement of weakness won't help the whig ticket foward much. But to the letters:

INDIANAPOLIS, February 20, 1849.

DEAR SIR:—On the third of last month, the Whigs of Indiana held a Convention in this city, to nominate candidates for Governor and Lieut. Governor. Your name was selected as the proper one to be presented to the people of this State, for the first office, and we trust you will accept the nomination thus tendered to you. With sentiments of high regard, we are

Yours respectfully,

JOHN D. DEFREES.

On behalf of the Whig Central Committee.

HON. E. EMBREE.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, Washington City, Feb. 28. 1849.

State Central Committee—GENTLEMEN:—At a late hour last night I had the honor to receive from you the official announcement of my nomination as a candidate for Governor.

Believe me, I feel duly sensible of and grateful for the distinguished compliment thus conveyed; yet, causes which are paramount with me force me to decline the acceptance of the nomination. Certainly my first duty, as a public man, is to obey the wishes of the people of my own Congressional District, who have so generously sustained me in every relation in life, and I cannot mistake their desires. Letters reach me daily, from commanding sources, as well as publications of leading journals in my Congressional District, requesting the use of my name as their candidate for congress. I do not feel at liberty to disobey their commands.

Allow me to express again my deep gratitude to the people of Indiana for the high compliment so undeservedly tendered me, and to add my conviction that there are very many of our citizens—far more worthy, and far more commanding in position than myself—from whom a candidate may be selected for the approaching gubernatorial election.

With respect, your fellow citizen.

E. EMBREE.

☞ The Whig Junto of Indianapolis are called upon to meet on the 31st of March for the purpose of nominating a candidate in Mr. Embree's place. The whigs throughout the State will probably not fancy a candidate chosen *just in that way.*—but with that we have nothing to do. Let them "roll up, tumble up, any way to get up" a candidate. *We* are not at all particular.—*Ind. State Sentinel.*

Inklings of the Future.

We had heard it stated on the announcement of Mr. Meredith's name as Secretary of the Treasury, that he was liberal in his views, and not of the Andrew Stewart sort of mad tariffites.

Greely in a letter from Washington to the Tribune, speaking of Abbott Lawrence, who he supposed at the writing, would accept of the Navy Department, says:

"On the Tariff question his views are very moderate though favorable to protection—more moderate than we think conducive to the interests of the *whole* country, though for Massachusetts—having her manufactories already established and nearly perfected—they would answer very well."

And then of Mr. Meredith:

"Mr. Meredith is said to cherish similar leanings, and I apprehend the new administration will incline to half-measures on this vital subject to an extent likely to purchase present ease and immunity from opposition at the expense of permanent national injury."

Mr. Meredith does not seem to have been the choice of the ultraists of the whig party, by any means. A writer of the Herald gives the following:

"We have already had a strong proof that General Taylor possesses more strength of purpose than is generally conceded to him.—Yesterday afternoon the Pennsylvania delegation called upon him for the purpose of entering a protest against the appointment of Mr. Meredith to the Treasury Department.—The scene has been related to us by an eye witness—a gentleman whose predilections would not lead him to exaggerate the matter. The delegation was introduced to the General, who received them, of course, with great urbanity. They stated they had called for the purpose of expressing, deferentially, their opinion, as representing Pennsylvania, of an appointment which it was rumored had been, or was about to be made—they alluded to the Secretaryship of the Treasury, which it was believed generally, had been offered to Mr. Meredith of their State. They trusted the rumor was unfounded; as that gentleman's appointment to a post of such high honor and great influence, would be so unpopular in the State to which they belonged, that they would prefer waiving the claims of Pennsylvania altogether in preference to it. The General, it is said, looked at them with blank astonishment, and well he might. He at length said, that he was very glad indeed to see the gentlemen who had done him the honor of calling upon him; but as to the matter to which they had referred, he begged to say that his mind was made up, and he would not change it.

"Pennsylvania has been noted for its sturdy bearing. Even Jackson had to succomb to the great mart of coal and iron. General Taylor, it is asserted, also waived his predilections in favor of Horace Binney, at the solicitations of the Pennsylvania delegation; but he had determined, it would appear, to choose a man who had not been mixed up with politics. In other words, he refused to appoint Andrew Stewart, Esq.; and he declined to be tied at the outset by men who would very willingly take all the trouble of administering the government from off his hands. This first stand which he has taken is an auspicious one, and if General Taylor continues to follow it up, and to carry out those principles and views which his letters and speeches have enunciated, he will merit and will receive the cordial support and sympathy of the great body of the American people. General Taylor was elected under the impression that he would pursue an enlightened, moderate and elevated policy. If he should do so, his administration will be second only to that of the father of his country; if not, it will be execrated. There is a wide, and unfathomable distance, betwixt these two results, and yet in the outset they are merely separated by one quality—firmness. General Taylor unquestionably is honest in his determination, the only question, then is, has he sufficient firmness to carry them out? The reply must be left to time.

"Gen. Taylor in his conversations speaks with an evident gusto of his Mexican campaign."

☞ It will be remembered by some of our readers that in February, 1848, the editor of the Fort Wayne Sentinel was assailed with a sword cane by William G. Ewing, a Fort Wayne whig of the greatest magnitude, who got kicked for his pains. At the late session of the Allen Circuit Court, Ewing was indicted and fined $50 and costs. Beaten for Congress, kicked by an editor whom he hates with infinite malignity, fined by the courts, and despised by the people! Surely his sufferings *is* intolerable.—*Ind. State Sentinel.*

The heads of bureaux and clerks in the several Departments at Washington waited on the members of the retiring Cabinet, in a body, and took formal leave of them, on Saturday the 3d inst. They also paid Mrs. Mason, lady of the late Secretary of the Navy, the compliment of a call.

The Bill relating to California.—The following is the act which passed Congress just before its close, to extend the revenue laws of the United States over the territory and waters of Upper California, and to create a collection district therein:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the revenue laws of the United States be and are hereby extended to and over the main land and waters of all that portion of territory, ceded to the United States by the "treaty of peace, friendship, and limits, between the United States of America and the Mexican Republic," concluded on the 2d day of February, in the year 1848, heretofore designated and known as Upper California.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That all the ports, harbors, bays, rivers, and waters of the mainland of the territory of Upper California, shall constitute a collection district, by the name of Upper California, and a port of entry shall be and is hereby established for said district at San Francisco, on the bay of San Francisco; and a collector of customs shall be appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to reside at said port of entry.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That ports of delivery shall be and are hereby established in the collection district aforesaid, at San Diego, Monterey, and at some convenient point within the territory of the United States, to be selected by the Secretary of the Treasury, as near as may be to the junction of the rivers Gila and Colorado, at the head of the Gulf of California. And the collector of said district of California is hereby authorized to appoint, with the approbation of the Secretary of the Treasury, three deputy collectors, to be stationed at the ports of delivery aforesaid.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the collector of said district shall be allowed a compensation of $1,500 per annum, and the fees and commissions allowed by law; and the said deputy collectors shall each be allowed a compensation of one thousand dollars per annum, and the fees and commissions allowed by law.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That, until otherwise provided by law, all violations of the revenue laws of the United States, committed within the district of Upper California shall be prosecuted in the district court of Louisiana, or the supreme court of Oregon, which courts shall have original jurisdiction, and may take cognizance of all cases arising under the revenue laws in the said district of Upper California, and shall proceed therein in the same manner and with the like effect as if such cases had arisen within the district or territory where the prosecution shall be bro't.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That this act shall take effect from and after the 10th day of March next.

The Pressure of Office Seekers.

It is highly creditable to the democracy that no such scenes ever occurred at the National Capitol when they were triumphant, as have been witnessed on two occasions by the Federalists. Whether it is their excruciating hunger or their lack of common sense and common politeness, we cannot say, but two things are certain—firstly, that in 30 days they murdered "Old Tip," and in the short space of five days they have nearly brought "Old Zack" to the sick bed.

The following we find in the *National Whig* of March 10th, and we commend it to all those who are about putting for Washington with petitions in their pockets for the "loaves and fishes."

"We would most respectfully suggest to our fellow-citizens now assembled in this city, from all parts of the Union, whether it would not be more to the comfort of the President for them to avoid the ceremony of shaking hands with him, when they call to pay him their respects, and be quite as satisfactory to them not to indulge in the practice as to indulge in it? It ought to be remembered that, shaking the hand and arm is a blow to the whole body, and that shaking hands a thousand times in a day is equal to a thousand blows.—The repetition of this infliction for six days in the week, is cruel in the extreme to the person suffering the infliction. Yesterday, the President was so much exhausted when he retired from the reception room, and his nervous system so unduly excited, that it was some time before he could compose himself. We are sure that it only needs to call the attention of visiters to the effects of shaking hands, to induce them to abstain from its adoption when they meet the President. His hand is warm and open to all, but let none ask for it, or take it. It has enough to do to take the reins of the government of this Republic."

In the above extracts there are volumes under cover. Gen. Taylor, who never blanched at the blood and carnage that surrounded him—who never moved a nerve as the balls that flew like hail, and heated by friction the very atmosphere he breathed—retires nervous, feverish, bewildered by the pressure of office seekers that crowd his threshhold, and force upon him affection and love, from lips and hearts that have scarcely ceased denouncing the war and urging Congress not to make appropriations to feed his soldierr in the enemy's country.

Driving away the Office Hunters.—The same National Whig after speaking of General Washington's mode of doing business says:

"Again, to the application for public office, this old Washingtonian rule is invaluable. It secures a fair hearing of his merits, and it is the only possible way, he can get a fair hearing. Already we see its good effects. Hundreds who come here for office, have gone home, satisfied of the justice and propriety of the rule. Personal intercession with President Taylor, as with President Washington avails nothing. So it was with Washington's cabinet, so it will be with Taylor's cabinet.—The city is being fast relieved of the pressure of place-hunters and in a few days more, the President and Secretaries will scarcely have a call upon them for office. Their time being thus undisturbed, they will be able to devote it to the rapid execution of the public business."

If the Washingtonian system is good for noting else, it seems somewhat effective in driving off the "anxious" horde of patriots, to the places where they come from.—*Ohio Statesman.*

THE FIRST HEAD OFF.—Mr. William J. Brown, Second Assistant Post Master General, has the honor of being the first martyr.—He was a most efficient officer in the department, and a gentleman of decided abilities.—He is succeeded by Mr. Warren, of Iowa, who is reported to have been the employee of the Boston capitalists in bringing in the Mormon vote at the last elections in Iowa.—*Washington Union.*

"The blood of the Saints is the seed of the Church," and as brother Brown was one of the very cleverest and best of officers at Washington, his blood will ripen the best kind of seed. He will soon be back in a seat in Congress from the sovereign people, and tell his own story. An honester, or more capable officer, or a more real clever, whole-souled man, of the true western character, never filled office. We feel a little snubbed that we were not first; but we shall soon be in.

We regret the story about Mr. Warren.—It does not fit Gen. Taylor's standard, and of course he must go out again. That purchase of the Mormon vote is one of the blackest acts of modern political hypocrisy, which no man of "honesty, capacity, or fidelity," would engage in. "Look to the Senate!"—*Ohio Statesman.*

AMUSEMENTS AT WASHINGTON.—General Taylor, no doubt, intends to be honest if they will let him. The old soldier, after so many months of pledges to the people that partyism, so injurious to the country, was to be blotted out or greatly modified in his election, is not so disposed to "surrender" without a struggle. But the pressure of office seekers is greater than the pressure of the Mexicans at Buena Vista, and the old man, in the last hours of his glory, will have to basely surrender—cave in—and become a subordinate, instead of a commander! Then good bye to all the honors that Old Zack will ever win in his new position.

The letters from Washington are amusing enough. We give some extracts:

From the New York Herald

WASHINGTON, March 8th, 1849.

* * * * * * *

We have, also, clever authority for the declaration, that General Taylor is not so fast as his Cabinet—that he believes his letters of '48 to have been written in good faith—that he is simple enough to think that honesty becomes a public man, and that declarations which the country, *bona fide*, accepted and accredited, ought to be respected. To all of which we say, amen!

We suppose that it is on account of this circumspection—this reservation of good faith in General Taylor, that no nominations were sent into the Senate to day. We suppose that the good old man feels that on his own judgment the weight of the responsibility is to rest; that, inexperienced as he is—that, novel and overwhelming as are the difficulties of his important trust—that, pressing as are the hungry vultures of party that darken, like a cloud, the horizon of the White House—we do suppose that he believes there are obligations to truth, to conscience, to the country, and the sincere impressions of the people, which ought not to be disregarded.

Upon suppositions like these, we account for the war which is said to have commenced between the no-party or original Taylor men and the orthodox whigs, who can pronounce the shibboleth of the party without stuttering at a syllable. And an important question to be settled, as a preliminary question, is this: are the whigs to monopolize the appointments, or are the original supporters of General Taylor, men of no party, or rather of every party, to have their *per cadita* of the offices? Detachments of these opposing elements are actively at work. The result, thus far, appears to be in favor of the monopoly of the whigs, they having the balance of power, though but little of definite information can be arrived at to day.

From the New Albany Democrat.

AN EXTRAORDINARY LETTER FROM GENERAL SHIELDS.—Many circumstances have occurred of late to destroy or at least very materially to diminish the respect and esteem which we had before entertained for General James Shields, lately elected United States Senator from Illinois. That he did his country good service on the fields of Mexico, none will deny, and that he should receive the evidences of the nation's gratitude is very natural, and it is right that it should be so. We have believed that General Shields was too anxious for applause—too fond of display, but all this might be excused on the score of vanity.

But more serious charges have of late been brought against General Shields. His political integrity has been called in question. It has been given out in well-informed circles, that Senator Shields would yield a support to the Taylor administration on several questions on which it is well known that the democratic party differ from that administration; and we must confess that in following General Taylor from place to place, and making adulatory speeches on the new President, he has given color to these outgivings.

Our present design, however, is to call public attention to the following letter from General Shields to the Hon. Sidney Breese, and the comments of the latter thereon. The letter is one of the most extraordinary productions we have ever read, and, though it comes from a professed democrat, we must characterise it as disgraceful to its writer. It will at once sink General Shields in the eyes of the nation, and bring down upon his head the withering rebuke of all high-minded and peace loving men. If we have spoken with severity on this most extraordinary letter, it is because we believe it betrays a spirit and a purpose which should be at once frowned down in a republican government, and which involves matters of far more importance than the mere temporary success of a party:

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26, 1849.

GENTLEMEN:—The extraordinary character of the following letter from Gen. Shields, received through the mail on the morning of the 24th inst, imposes upon me the necessity of giving it publicity, with some comments thereon. I have, therefore, to ask of you sufficient space in your columns for that purpose. Very respectfully,

Your obedient, &c.,

SIDNEY BREESE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22, 1849.

SIR:—On my return to this country from Mexico, broken in constitution, feeble in health, and still suffering under the effects of wounds, you were the only man in the city of Washington who received me with coldness and unkindness. When this city honored me with a public dinner, which was generously intended as a compliment not only to me but to my State, you were the only man who declined to attend that dinner. You went further. You propagated a report here in Washington, and circulated it afterwards in Illinois, that I was ineligible to the office of Senator; and this, too, after I had poured out my blood like water in the battle fields of my country. You published an article in the St. Louis Republican charging me with *inelegibility*—doing that which I thought no man in the United States would have been mean enough to do in my case, even if it had been true. You however, did this, knowing it to be untrue.—On this subject I have simply to say that, had I been defeated by you on that ground, I had sworn in my heart that you never should have profited by your success; and, depend upon it, I would have kept that vow regardless of consequences. That, however, is now past, and the vow is canceled by your defeat.—Why I address you now is simply this:

In 1840 you gave me something in the shape of a final certificate of naturalization in the Effingham court. You knew at the time that I was naturalized by law, and by the naturalization of my father, while I was a minor. I told you the circumstances, and, as then I talked of going to Canada in case of war, you offered to give me a certificate which would simplify the proof in the case of difficulty.—Now, I wish you to give me a letter acknowledging these facts. I write you a private letter for that purpose. I should have sent a friend at once, and imperatively demanded such a letter, but I felt that, in disgracing you, I would disgrace the States that made you and myself Senators; and I also wished to give you an opportunity to make this acknowledgment quietly. If, however, you persist in your course of injustice toward me, and refuse this request, I here give you fair warning—let the consequences fall on your own head—I shall hold myself acquitted both before God and man for the course I shall feel bound to pursue toward you.

Your obedient servant,

JAMES SHIELDS.

HON. SIDNEY BREESE.

General Shields begins his letter by referring to the wounds he received in Mexico.—This allusion seems quite unnecessary. The whole country, and particularly the people of Illinois, are familiar with the fact that he bears honorable scars upon his person. For these wounds he has already received a liberal share of sympathy from his grateful countrymen. However, I am not disposed to cavil at this part of his letter. It is a matter of taste that does not concern me.

I deny most positively that I treated General Shields with "coldness and unkindness" on his return from Mexico. Immediately on his arrival in this city, I called to pay my respects to him, and, not finding him at home, left my card, as is the custom. A few days after this, I met General Shields, when his manner toward me was so cold and repulsive that I saw all familiar personal intercourse was at an end, and of course I did not attend the dinner given to him. I repeat that I did not treat General Shields with "coldness and unkindness," for I entertained, at that time, none other than the most friendly feelings toward him; and I confidently appeal to the whole history up to this time of our personal, professional, and political intercourse to support this declaration. As to his eligibility to the office of Senator, I can only say that I "propagated" no "report," here or elsewhere, in relation to it. In conversation upon the subject, I stated to a friend a fact, which the record of the Effingham circuit court will establish, and "blood," no matter where or how "poured out," cannot alter that record or change the constitution of the United States. The assertion of General Shields that I charged him with "*ineligibility*" in an article in the St. Louis Republican, not only is it not true, but is without any color of truth. I positively assert, and defy contradiction, that I did not write, nor cause to be written, nor knew until after its publication that it had been written, that, or any other article, for that or any other paper in relation to this subject.

Not the least so of the many remarkable passages of the letter of General Shields is the following: "On this subject I have simply to say that, had I been defeated by you on that ground, (the ground of ineligibility) *I had sworn in my heart, that you never should have profited by your success; and depend upon it, I would have kept my vow regardless of consequences.*" Certainly it is fortunate for the honor of the country that this rash "vow" has been "canceled" by my defeat! General Shields submits his pretensions to a seat in the Senate to a Democratic caucus of the Illinois Legislature, and agrees expressly, or by the clearest implication, that he will abide by their decision; and yet it appears that at this very moment "he had sworn in his heart" to defeat the will of the party if it had pronounced in favor of his most prominent competitor; and, in order to accomplish his purpose, he determines to perpetrate an assassination; for such is the obvious import of his language. Such a design and such a deed are revolting to the American mind and foreign to the American character. They are worthy only of the most infamous age of Italian crime. If our political contests are to be mingled with, or followed by, personal violence, how long will our elective system endure? Without further comment, I submit this extraordinary passage to the consideration of candid men, Christians and patriots, who love and respect the laws and institutions of our country, and desire to guard and defend them against all violation.

General Shields says: "In 1840 I gave him *something in the shape of a final certificate of naturalization*," which was "to simplify the proof in case of difficulty." The naturalization laws do not recognize "something" or *anything* "in the shape of a final certificate" to "simplify proof in case of difficulty," or for any other purpose. How, then, could I, a circuit judge, have given him any such paper? The statement has no fact, legal provision, or probability to support it. The truth is, no such "certificate" was ever given by me. He may, or may not, have procured a copy of the record of his naturalization under the seal of the court, and that is the only certificate I could have *any connection* with, directly or indirectly. The first and only knowledge I ever had of General Shields' father, either in connection with his citizenship or in any other connection, I derived from an article published in the St. Louis Republican, a short time subsequent to the election of Senator. And I have yet to see or hear of any man in Illinois or elsewhere who knew that his father was even a resident of this country. General Shields says I knew that he (being a minor at the time) was naturalized by the naturalization of his father, because he "told me of the circumstances." Suppose he did tell me so (which I positively deny), does that make it so? Even though his assertion might convince me of the fact, a bundle of certificates from me, no matter how strong, would be of no legal value. If it be true that his father was in this country and naturalized, is it possible that General Shields should *know* the fact, and *not* know the State and county where it occurred? When authentic copies of those naturalization papers, if they exist, could be so easily procured, is it not strange he should attempt to extort from me by menace a statement which, if obtained, could have no legal bearing upon the subject?

What the "consequences" are against which General Shields gives me "fair warning," if I persist in what no sane man will call "injustice," I am equally ignorant of and indifferent to. One thing is certain, be they what they may, I have not given, nor shall I give him, any "statement" of the character required, either "quietly" or upon "imperative demand."

In conclusion, I will state that I have neither provoked nor desired the necessity that has impelled me to make this communication. I respectfully submit it under the full conviction that it is called for by the circumstances.

SIDNEY BREESE.

WASHINGTON, February 26, 1849.

NOTICE.

All persons favorable to the organization of a FARMERS' & HORTICULTURISTS' CLUB for Fort Wayne and vicinity, are requested to meet on Monday evening next, 26th March, at the Spencer House, where measures will be taken to effect an organization.

MANY FRIENDS.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE SENTINEL, Fort Wayne, March 24th, 1849.

The high waters and intolerable condition of the roads for a week or two past have prevented produce coming in. Prices remain about the same. Wheat 60 a 65; Corn 22 a [illegible]; Oats, scarce, 20 a 22; Clover Seed 3,00 a 3,25; Beans 1,25; Butter 10 a 12; Eggs 6 a 8; Potatoes 30 a 62, and quite scarce; Beef is scarce and would readily command 4 a 4½.

DIED.—On Thursday last, aged 26 years, MR. THOMAS K. LEWIS, of this place.

Arrivals and Departures of the Mails at FORT WAYNE, Ind.

	ARRIVES.	DEPARTS.
Piqua	Mon., Wed., & Fri.	Sun Tues & Thurs
Logansp't & Toledo	" " "	Tues Thurs & Sat
Elkhart	Wednesday & Sat.	Tuesday & Friday
Lima	Friday	Tuesday.
Angola	Tuesday	Wednesday.
St. Jo	Saturday	Friday.
Van Wert	Sunday.	Saturday.
Winchester	Tuesday & Saturday	Monday & Friday.
Whitley	Saturday.	Saturday.

These Paragraphs are not Editorial.

J. G. Barber, of Le Roy State of New York, says that the Great American Remedy, Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture, sells in his section better than any other remedy.—It has made some astonishing cures, and is in consequence sought after by all classes of people. The most singular part of this business is that no matter what complaint you have, this article seems to help it, in fact it cures it. We know these notices which we publish read rather strong sometimes, but it is so, No article in the whole medicine line has done so much; and if you will call on the Agent in this paper he will tell you of cases which have found health by the use of this article which have tried everything else in vain. See Great American Remedy, Dr. G. C. Vaughn's Lithontriptic Mixture. Get a pamphlet.

☞ MOST EXTRAORDINARY WORK! ☜

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Private Medical Companion.

BY DR. A. M. MAURICEAU.

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YEARS of suffering, of physical and mental anguish to many an affectionate wife, and pecuniary difficulties to the husband might have been spared; thousands now poor would have enjoyed competence; thousands now broken in health would have enjoyed it; hundreds now in their graves been still alive, by a timely possession of this work.

It is intended especially for the married, or those contemplating marriage, as it discloses important secrets which should be known to them particularly.

Truly, knowledge is power. It is health, happiness, affluence. The revelations contained in its pages have proved a blessing to thousands, as the innumerable letters received by the author will testify.

Here, also, every female—the wife, the mother, the one either budding into womanhood or the one in the decline of years in whom nature contemplates an important change—can discover the causes, symptoms and the most efficient remedies, and most certain mode of cure, in every complaint to which her sex is subject.

ITS IMPORTANCE TO THE MARRIED

may be gathered from the fact, that *Travelling Agents* make from *THREE TO FIVE DOLLARS A DAY!* from its sale. Hundreds of active, enterprizing agents are accumulating a little competence from the liberal discount allowed, and the great demand for it. Orders are required to be accompanied with payment. COPIES WILL BE SENT BY MAIL FREE OF POSTAGE TO THE PURCHASER.

Over twenty thousand copies have been sent by mail within three months with perfect safety and certainty.

On the receipt of $1, the "Married Woman's Private Medical Companion" will be sent *(mailed free)* to any part of the United States. All letters and applications from those desiring to become agents must be post paid (except those containing a remittance) and addressed to Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, Box 1224, New-York City. Publishing Office 129 Liberty st. New-York.

The "Married Woman's Private Medical Companion" is sold by Booksellers throughout the United States. 6m28

WM. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, Ind., and will also attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care.

REFERENCES.
Hon. David McDonald } *Professors of Law*
" William T. Otto, } *Indiana University.*
Samuel Hanna, *Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton, "
Allen Hamilton, "
Samuel L. Rugg *Decatur.*

*** OFFICE—On Columbia Street, over Barnett & Nelson's Store. y33.

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A. B. MILLER & Co. have on hand a very full and general assortment of

Dry Goods. Groceries. Hardware. Queensware. Glassware, &c

which they will sell at a great sacrifice, as they are determined to make room for an entire new stock in the Spring. Those wanting goods will consult their own interest by calling immediately at the NIAGARA STORE
March 24, 1849

No Cure No Pay.

I Would inform the world that I have a Remedy for curing or healing Ruptures, without any pain in the operation, and without even seeing the place thus ruptured. *Some of the wise* and learned may laugh and scorn at the proposition, but don't be too fast, this is no new fiction, my father has practiced the Remedy over forty years in the East, and I have cured three persons myself. I give this to the public, because I believe it to be my duty to do all the good I can to my fellows. WM. IBA

And I would also request editors of papers in the Country to make a short paragraph of the above in their sheets, and by so doing they will confer a blessing on some of their patrons. 6m38

For Sale

A **COPPER HEATER.**—Such as Tanners use. Second hand—as good as new. Enquire of R. M. LYON.
March 24, 1849 3w38

State of Indiana, } In the Probate Court of Noble County, ss } ble Co. May term, 1849.

Mary Bailey, Andrew Bailey, Katherine Morrill, John Morrill, vs. Lavina Miller, William Miller, Jemima Coy, David Coy, Mary Eyman, Jacob Eyman, Mary Varner, Reuben Varner, Sally Varner, Katherine Varner, Malinda Varner, John Keltner, Katherine Keltner, Henry Miller, John Miller, Solomon Miller, Ambrose Miller, Phillip Miller, Sarah McKinney, James McKinney, Susannah Hedrick, Elizabeth Hedrick, Sally Hedrick, Christian Hedrick, Mary Hedrick, John Herrick, John Hedrick, Daniel Hedrick, and Mary Miller.

Petition for Partition.

WHEREAS it has been made satisfactorily to appear by the affidavit of a disinterested person [illegible] in the office of the Clerk of said court that said Mary Varner, Sal Varner, Malinda Varner, Susannah Hedrick, Elizabeth Hedrick, Sally Hedrick, Christena Hedrick, Mary Hedrick, John Hedrick and Daniel Hedrick are not residents of the State of Indiana; The said defendants are therefore hereby notified of the pendency of said petition, and that the same will be heard and determined at the next term of said Court

WILLIAM F. ENGEL, Clerk N. P. C.
WM. M. CLAPP, Att'y. for Plaintiff.
March 24, 1849. [$3 10] 3w38.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Venditioni Exponas to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 14th day of April, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The east half of the south east quarter, and the east half of the south west quarter of the south east quarter of section four in township thirty, north of range fourteen east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Lysander Williams, at the suit of Rascellus P. Jones.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff, A. C.
March 24, 1849. [$1 80] 3w38.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of 2 Fi Fas. to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the seventh day of April, A. D 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The east half of the south west quarter of section seven, in township thirty, north of range thirteen, east; containing eighty acres. The east part of the south east quarter of section one, in township thirty, north of range twelve, east. Section twenty seven, in township thirty, north of range thirteen, east. The north half of section twenty-two, in township thirty one, north of range twelve, east.—West part of the south west quarter of section twenty six, in township thirty, north of range eleven, east. The west half of the south east quarter, and east half of the south west quarter of section twenty seven, in township thirty, north of range eleven, east. The south east quarter, and south half of the north east quarter of section five, in township thirty-one, north of range fourteen, east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Elizabeth Wines, Tilly Wines, Marshall Wines and Susan Wines, at the suit of Henry Cooper and James E. Buchanan et al.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff. A. C.
March 16, 1849 [$3 40] 3w37.

Sheriff's sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the seventh day of April, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: twenty feet of in lot No. sixty-one, (61) on the original plat of the town of Fort Wayne, commencing at a point on the North line of said lot twenty feet west of the North East corner thereof, thence running West along the said line twenty feet, thence South at right angles with the line bounding the said lot on the north to the alley, thence East along the South line of said lot twenty feet, thence north to the place of beginning; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Edward Stapleford at the suit of Lysander Williams.

S. S. MORSS, Sheriff A. C.
March 16, 1849. [$2 30] 3w37.

A Plan for a Jail Wanted

$25 Will be paid for the best plan for a Jail and Sheriff's residence, by the Commissioners of Allen County. Jail to be thirty by forty feet, two stories high, and the first story eight feet in the clear, second story seven feet in the clear. Sheriff's residence to be eighteen by forty feet, two stories high—a good substantial dwelling. The materials of the outside of both to be either brick or stone. The above amount will be paid for a plan which the Commissioners may adopt, corresponding with the above, embracing full specifications and estimates. Plans to be submitted to the Commissioners at their adjourned session, Saturday, March 31st, 1849. By order of the Board,

H. W. JONES, Auditor.
March 17, 1849. 3w37.

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between James B. Hanna & Calvin Potter, under the firm of J. B. Hanna & Co., was on the 24th day of February, 1849, dissolved by mutual consent.

J. B. HANNA,
CALVIN POTTER.
Huntertown, March 12, 1849.

Having purchased the entire interest of Mr Potter, in the firm of J. B. Hanna & Co., I will continue the business at the old stand, where I will be happy to see my old customers.
March 12, '49. J. B. HANNA.

To my Fort Wayne Customers.

PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to me by note or book account, will please call on J. B. Dubois, Esq., and settle immediately.
J. B. HANNA.
Fort Wayne, March 14, 1849.

Township Election.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Election will be held on Monday, the 2d of April 1849, at the usual place of holding elections in Wayne Township, Allen Co. Ia., for the purpose of electing three Trustees, one Township Clerk, one Township Treasurer, and one Supervisor for each road district in said Township, to serve for 1 year. There will also at the same time be a vote taken for or against the sale of the School land belonging to Wayne Township being Congressional Township No. 30 Range 12 East.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
CHAS. F. COLERICK,
March 10, 1849 Township Clerk.

Allen Circuit Court.
Malachi Sales, vs. George Dobson.
In Chancery.

COMES now the complainant, and it appearing by the affidavit of a disinterested person that the said defendant is a non-resident of the State of Indiana: It is ordered that notice of the pendency of this suit be given to said defendant, by publication thereof for three weeks successively, in the Fort Wayne Sentinel, a public newspaper of general circulation, printed at Fort Wayne, in said County, notifying said defendant of the pendency of this suit; and that unless he plead, answer or demur to the same on or before the first calling of the cause at the next term of this court, to be held at the court house in the city of Fort Wayne, on the second Monday of July next, the said bill of complaint will be taken as confessed against him.

R. E. FLEMING, Clerk.
M. JENKINSON, S. Pr.
March 10 1849. [$2 20] 3w36.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The east half of the south east quarter of section ten, town thirty-one, range fourteen, east; and the west half of the south east quarter of section ten, town thirty-one, range fourteen, east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of William G. Ewing, at the suit of Thomas W. Swinney.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C.
March 10, 1849. [$ 85] 3w36.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: East half of the south west quarter of section eighteen, town thirty, range fourteen, east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Philip G. Jones, at the suit of Anthony Lintz.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C.
March 10, 1849 [$1 60] 3w36.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate to wit: Ninety acres off of the south part of the north west quarter of section thirty-six, town thirty, range thirteen, east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Ezra May, at the suit of John R. Banks

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff. A. C.
March 10, 1849. [$1 60] 3w36.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Venditioni Exponas to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1849, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: Lot numbered one hundred one seventy-two, (172) in the old plat of the town of Fort Wayne; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Francis Comparet, at the suit of William W. Maynard.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff, A. C.
March 10, 1849. [$3 50] 3w36.

To Country Merchants.

I offer at wholesale
25 doz. E. & J. Wilbur's handled Cast Steel Hoes.
20 " superior article Grass Scythes.
20 " " " assorted qualities Scythe Snaths.
9 boxes " " Sythe Stones.

The above will be sold to the trade at manufacturer's prices, the same as they are sold at the places where they are made.

Merchants making out their orders for the east will do well first to examine these goods and their prices. PETER P. BAILEY,
March 3 1849. Hard Ware Store.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following assessment has been ordered by the Directors of the Fort Wayne & Lima Turnpike Company: Three dollars on each share of stock subscribed in money, payable to C. W. Jefferds, Treasurer of said Company, at his office in Fort Wayne, on or before the first day of May next.

SAM'L. HANNA, Prest.
O. W. JEFFERDS, Clerk.
March 3, 1849.

Co-partnership Notice.

THE undersigned having this day taken into co-partnership his brother, ADRIAN B MILLER, the business in future will be conducted in the name and firm of A. B. MILLER & Co
A. B. MILLER.
Fort Wayne, March 7, 1849.

Dissolution.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of WALKER & Co. was, on the 4th of August, 1848, dissolved by mutual consent.

JAMES WALKER
JAMES B. HANNA.

The business of said firm will hereafter be conducted by the undersigned, at the old stand in Zanesville, Wells Co. Ia. JAS. WALKER.
March 10, 1849. pd—3w36.

Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, &c.

THE subscriber offers for sale at his Nursery, one mile south of Fort Wayne, (formerly occupied by Matthew Griggs) a variety of thrifty FRUIT TREES of the most approved varieties; together with SHRUBBERY, VINES, &c. The list includes

PEARS.	CHERRIES.
Bergamot.	Large Red.
Bell.	Black Heart.
Large Butter.	PEACHES.
Sugar.	Rare Ripe.
APPLES.	Large Yellow.
Rambo.	Long Island.
Bell Flower.	Large Red Cling.
Yellow Harvest.	SHRUBBERY.
Dwarf.	Lilacs.
PLUMS.	Snow Ball.
Large Blue.	Blue Snow Berry.
Yellow Round.	White Flowering Almond.
	Large Red double Roses.

QUINCES—*Several kinds;* SIBERIAN CRABS; 300 *Early Grape roots.*

Together with a variety of other SHRUBBERY and ROOTS too numerous to mention.
March 1, 1849 F. D. LASSELLE.

State of Indiana, } Noble Circuit Court,
Noble County, ss. } April Term, 1849.
Chancery.

Reuben D. Turner, vs. George T. Ulmer, Justus C. Alvord.

WHEREAS it has been made satisfactorily to appear to the court that the said George T. Ulmer is not a resident of the State of Indiana: It is ordered by the court that the said George T. Ulmer be notified of the pendency of said bill, by publication in the Fort Wayne Sentinel, and unless he plead, answer, or demur to said bill, on or before the next calling of the cause, the same will be taken as confessed against him, and a decree entitled thereon accordingly WM. F. ENGEL, Clerk

JOHN B HOWE, Sol'r. for Comp't.
March 3, 1849. [$1 80] 3w35.

BOOK BINDERY.

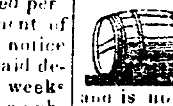
THE subscriber having procured the services of a book binder, is now prepared to bind and re-bind all kinds of books in the neatest and most substantial manner. Call at WALKER'S Book Store.

CASH paid for HIDES.
S. & W. S. EDSALL.

MITTS & GLOVES.—Silk Lisle, Kid Worked & Cotton, just received and for sale cheap at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

Wholesale Liquor Store
AND
Rectifying Establishment,

Columbia street, 2 doors east of Clinton, FORT WAYNE, Ia.



S. BEAL informs Tavern and Grocery Keepers, dealers in Liquors, and the public in general, that he has enlarged his Rectifiers, and is now prepared to furnish any quantity of superior

DOUBLE RECTIFIED WHISKEY

at the lowest prices. He has also just received large stock of choice

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC
WINES & LIQUORS, &c.,

which he can warrant to be superior and FAR CHEAPER than can be purchased short of the Eastern Cities. A call and inspection of his stock and prices will convince all good judges that they will both

Save Money and gratify the taste of their Customers

by laying in their supply at this establishment

He has now on hand choice articles of pure old *French Cogniac Brandies, Port Wine, Rum, Gin, &c.,* for Medicinal use, warranted genuine and pure as imported, which he offers lower than has been paid for the adulterated articles usually sold in this market.

His stock includes

Pure old A. Seignette Brandy	Pure Juice Port Wine
" " RasteauCherruyer"	Durand's " "
" A. Seignette "	Other brands " "
J. J. Dupuy "	Sweet Malaga "
Several fine Domestic "	Madeira "
Old Cherry	Native "
Jamaica Rum	Kimel
St Croix "	Superior Rectified Whiskey
Old Holland's Gin	Old Rye "
Rose "	East India Bitters
Wheeler's "	Staughton
American "	

Also, *Decanters. Tumblers. Bottles. Loaf Sugar.* &c. All Brandies, Wines, and Glass will be sold from

20 to 50 per cent. Cheaper

than has ever been sold in this market.

Persons wanting any quantity—from a quart to a barrel—of Wines or Liquors will do well to call, as they may depend on every article being exactly what it is represented, and at the lowest rates at all times.
Dec. 9, 1848. y—23.

ARRIVAL OF THE
Mammoth Stock of Goods
At A. B. Miller's.

NIAGARA STORE. November 10, 1848

A. B. MILLER has just received at this establishment a very large and well selected stock of Staple Goods, &c., &c., which, together with his former large supply he is determined to dispose of during this fall and winter at the very lowest rates.

The attention of the community is particularly called to his large stock of

DRY GOODS!
Groceries, Hardware,

which will be found to comprise nearly every article required by the people. The assortment of *Glassware, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Woodenware, Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs,*

will be found in all respects equal, if not superior to any other stock in this city. A supply of IRON, NAILS, SALT, TAR, ROSIN, TURPENTINE, &c., is generally kept on hand.—Also, TANNER'S OIL of extra quality, by the barrel or single gallon.

The public in order to accommodate themselves, to prove the truth of this statement, as well as to save money, will please call at

A. B. MILLER'S NIAGARA STORE.

WANTED, in exchange for the above goods or for cash, Black Salts, Ashes, Scorchings, Tallow, Wheat, Corn, Oats, Rye, Barley, Butter, Eggs, Staves, &c., &c.,

NEW RAISINS.—A few boxes THIS YEAR'S crop of Raisins received and for sale by A. B. MILLER.

GLASS WARE.—A splendid assortment of Glass Ware, including Celery Stands, large Preserve dishes on foot, Castors and Bottles, Molasses Cans with Brittania lids and hinges, together with Decanters, Tumblers, Lanterns, &c. the best assortment in the city, just received and for sale low by
Dec. 9, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

STONE, EARTHERN, AND IRON WARE.—A large supply always on hand and for sale at the lowest rates at A. B. Miller's
Dec. 9, 1848. NIAGARA STORE.

Confectionary.

J. A. COLER: has just received his Winter Stock, consisting in part, of an extensive variety of Fancy and other Confectionary.

Raisins,	Brazil Nuts,	Luna Cigars,
Prunes,	Pea Nuts.	Half Spanish,
Dates, Figs,	Pickles,	School's Chewing & Smoking Tobacco,
Currants,	Syrups,	Macaboy Snuff,
Citron,	Sauces,	Shaving Soap,
Tamerands,	Soda Biscuit,	Toilet "
Soft Shel'd Almonds	Boston Crackers,	Scented Ban,
Paper " "	Ginger Nuts,	Rosin "
Filberts,	Principe Cigars,	Poland Starch, &c.
Chestnuts,	Havana, "	

Java and Rio Coffee, Chocolate, Young Hyson, Gunpowder and Imperial Tea, Loaf, Lump, Havana, Muscovada and N. O. Sugar; Sperm, Star, and Mould Candles, &c., &c.

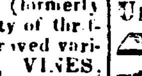
Country Merchants who purchase Confectionaries, &c., for retail, would do well to call.
20y. J. A. C.

Lost!

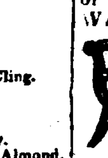
ABOUT the first of February, a **BRACELET**, with three MOSAIC SETTING.—The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at No. 3 Jones' Block.

Not for California!!

CHARLES FINK,
Undertaker & Cabinetmaker,



RETURNS his thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country for the liberal patronage he has received, and hopes that by strict attention to business he will still continue to receive a share of public patronage. All kinds of CABINET WARE kept constantly on hand and made to order. All kinds of CHAIRS will be made to order and kept on hand.—*Furniture repaired* at the shortest notice and in the best style. Also,



Prompt attention will be paid to the

Undertaking Business

Coffins kept constantly on hand and made to order in the best style. *Hearses and Carriages* furnished on all occasions if required.

From long experience and strict attention to the Undertaking and Cabinet business, he feels assured to render full satisfaction to all those who may favor him with their custom.

Shop on Calhoun Street, opposite Mr. Kiser's.
Feb. 17, 1849. 3m33.

Another Arrival of New Goods.

MRS. DYKES has just received a splendid assortment of Lustres, Mohairs, *Alpaccas*, Lyonese Cloths, Grandillas, Fo de Soies, &c., &c. Also, a few pieces of beautiful ENGLISH CALICOES, from 16 cents a yard—*American Do. from 5 cents!* White and colored Flannels, Linseys, &c.
Sept. 30, 1848.

OLD HICKS, Image of his Father, and Mary Grover: also The Three Guardsmen, for sale at WALKER'S.

NEW BOOKS
At Walker's Book Store.
No. 2 Hanna's Block.

THE subscriber is now receiving his winter supply of *BOOKS AND STATIONERY,* consisting of a full and complete assortment of *Fancy, Miscellaneous* and *School Books. Plain and Fancy Stationery of all kinds;* being the largest assortment ever brought to this place. Come one! Come all! examine our assortment when you wish to purchase or not.

CHAS. R. WALKER.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 18 1848. 20

Fort Wayne Female College.

OUR patrons and friends are hereby informed that the Fall Term of our institution will close on the 12th of December next, and the WINTER TERM commences the next day.

Prices of Tuition.

In the Primary Department,	$2,00	per quarter.
" Academic "	3 00	" "
" Collegiate "	5,00	" "
Music on the Piano, extra	7,00	" "

Each student will be charged thirty-one and a half cents per quarter for *Incidental Expenses*

☞ Tuition bills must be paid in advance.
G. H. ROUND.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 25, 1848.

JAMES' NOVELS.—The works of G. P. R. James in cheap form, for sale at
Dec. 9, 1848. WALKER'S

Excelsior.

Upward and onward is the Motto of the Great West.

SMITH & Co. No 3 Jones' Block, Fort Wayne, Ind., are still at the head, and lead the GREAT REVOLUTION IN PRICES of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Hardware, Boots & Shoes, Queensware, &c.

Their tremendous heavy stock of Goods will be sold at greatly reduced prices. Their Cotton Goods were purchased at the GREAT COTTON ESTABLISHMENT, and will be sold at a less price than most merchants pay for them in New York City. As an evidence call and see that

Real Heavy Yard-Wide Cotton Cloth sixteen Yards for one Dollar!!

Such as is usually sold for 10 cents and never less than 8 cents per yard by any one else. They also stick to their old motto of ☞ *No Shaving on Orders, Due Bills or Barter Trades,* ☜ but an even up cash price strictly adhered to in all cases. Call, see, try, and you will not deny the truth of the above.

WANTED: All kinds of PRODUCE, & BLACK SALTS.
SALERATUS AT WHOLESALE.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 21 1848. 16.

Wines and Liquors.

Brandy.	Wines.
J. J. Dupuy.	Pure Juice Port.
Joel Wolf.	South Side Madeira.
Chatnel.	Golden Sherry
A. Seignette.	Mountain Malaga.

St. Croix Rum.
H. Hand Gin.
Irish Whiskey,
all of which are warranted pure for sale by
Dec. 9, 1848. H. B. REED.

Blank Deeds & Mortgages

neatly printed on
Beautiful Script Type!
For sale at this Office.

Copartnership.

H. B. REED having associated with him in business Watson Wall, the business will hereafter be conducted under the style of H. B. Reed & Co. HUGH B. REED,
January 1st, 1849. WATSON WALL.

New Year's Call!

A CALL FOR BARK, AND A CALL FOR HIDES

THE subscriber will pay CASH for Bark, and any thing the people wish for Hides.

Call at the OLD RED TANNERY of Mr. P. H. Taylor without delay. R. M. LYON.
January 1, 1849. 2mo.

150 Lbs. PARIS GREEN G'd in Oil, in 6 lb. cans; also, 500 lbs. dry, a superior article for blinds. H. B. REED.

20 Bbls. TANNER'S OIL, warranted of the very best quality, for sale at the very lowest rate. H. B. REED.

UNITED STATES
WHOLESALE
Clothing Warehouse!!

LEWIS & HANFORD,
Nos. 252 & 256 PEARL STREET,
(Between Fulton street and Burlingslip)
NEW YORK.
HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT
CLOTHING
IN THE
UNITED STATES,
Adapted to the Southern and South Western Market!!

In the article of
SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
We keep an endless variety.
Also the most extensive manufacturers of
OIL CLOTHING
AND
COVERED HATS
In the World.

Plain and Fashionable Clothing, of all kinds.
LEWIS & HANFORD,
w34 Nos. 252 & 256 Pearl St.

Dr. Woodworth

HAS removed his office to his house, two doors East of the Palo Alto Hotel, Wayne street. October 28, 1848.

Copartnership.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr., having formed a partnership with Reuben D. Turner, under the name and style of Hough & Turner, the firm will continue a general Land agency and Collecting business at the office of the "Indiana Land Agency." JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,
Feb. 1, 1849. REUBEN D. TURNER.

Town Lots for Sale,

At the Indiana Land and Tax Agency.

THE subscribers offer the following Lots for sale, situate in Fort Wayne as follows:

HANNA'S ADDITION.—Lots numbered 166, 37, 38, 39, 40, 536, 278, and 279.

COUNTY ADDITION AND OLD PLAT. —7, 49, 6, 48, 72, and e. 1-3 of 75, part 59.

EWING'S ADDITION.—Lot 3, Block 27; Lot 7, Block 3; lot 4, block 27; lot 8, block 3; lot 4, block 26; lot 9, block 3; lot 7, block 25; lot 1, block 4.

TABOR'S ADDITION.—Lots numbered 2, 29, and 30.

They will be sold low for cash or on a credit.
HOUGH & TURNER.
Feb. 3, 1849 y31.

INDIANA LAND AND TAX AGENCY.

THE subscribers, proprietors of the above Agency, will continue the business of a

"GENERAL LAND AGENCY"

in all its various branches, and tender their services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents,* and other services pertaining to a systematic and General Land Agency Business. They are provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the State—have personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana, and have numerous and careful correspondents, and are therefore prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the ownership soil, location and value of lands, which will be afforded gratuitously to all who desire such information.

As agents for the owner, they offer for sale large bodies of valuable land, well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

	Acres.		Acres.
Allen County	18,706	Noble County	8,847
DeKalb "	7,524	Whitley "	8,898
Steuben "	2,868	Huntington "	5,364
Lagrange "	965	Wabash "	7,703
Kosciusko "	5,480	Miamie "	627
Blackford "	2,774	Carrol "	820
Jay "	596	Cass "	640
Wells "	2,420	Fulton "	1,289
Adams "	996	Marshall "	327
Elkhart "	729	White "	1,547
Fountain "	1,848	Montgomery "	720
Putnam "	897	Clinton "	897
Parke "	535	Marion "	320

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash and the remainder on a reasonable credit. Title rendered indisputable.

They also offer for sale

Several Valuable Improved Farms.

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE, and WABASH and a large number of

Town Lots

in the towns of FORT WAYNE, HUNTINGTON, LAGRO, WABASH, PERU and MARION. Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase.

Office at the sign of the "INDIANA LAND AGENCY." on Calhoun Street. HOUGH & TURNER.
Fort Wayne, February 3, 1849. y31.

NAILS, Spikes and Glass, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

SHAWLS.—Plaid Long, Basket Braid, Rob Roy, Stradilla, Cashmere, and Delain, the greatest assortment ever brought to this market at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

CAPS.—Fine Cloth, Fur Trimed, Fur, Seal, and Sealett, very cheap at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

LOG & Trace Chains, at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

STATIONERY.—Blank & Memorandum Books, 1st 2d, 3d, and 4th Readers, Spelling Books, Fool Cap and Letter Paper, &c. at
Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Deeds and Mortgages

FOR sale by the dozen or single, at the book store of C. R. WALKER.

ALMANACS for 1849 for sale by the Dozen or Gross at Walker's
Dec 9, 1848 No. 2, Hanna's Block

FRENCH PAPETRIES.—A most beautiful article, good as the best, for sale at
Dec. 9, 1848. WALKER'S.

TOBACCO—Twenty boxes, Tobacco to close consignment, for sale at Cincinnati prices by WALKER.

BRANDY & WINE.—A pure article of Brandy and Wine for Medicine use can be found at WALKER'S Dstore.

3 Bbls. CAMPHOR for sale very low by H. B. REED

DR. Hart's Vegetable Extract for Fits, also, Dr. McKenzies Elixir of Opium just rec'd and for sale by H. B. REED.

BRUSHES.—A very large assortment of White Wash, Shoe, Marking, Graining, Flesh, Paint, Dusting, &c., for sale very cheap.
Oct. 9, 1848. H. B. REED.

IRON! IRON!! Just received from Cincinnati, a complete assortment of Iron, which we offer for sale at the lowest price
22 ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

STEEL.—Cast, German, Sweeds & American Blister Steel, at the FARMERS' DEPOT

NAILS.—100 Kegs just received and for sale by ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

GLASS.—50 Boxes of 8 by 10, 10 by 12, 12 by 14, and all other sizes generally in use, at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S

COFFEE.—30 Sacks best Rio Coffee, just received and for sale low at the FARMER'S DEPOT.

TEA.—10 Chests Young and Old Hyson Tea: also Imperial and Gunpowder Tea, which is offered for sale very cheap at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S.

SUGAR.—50 bbls N. O. Sugar of the best kind at the FARMER'S DEPOT.

MOLASSES.—Sugar House and N. O. Molasses just the sort for Family use, at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S

PRINTS.—160 pieces Prints of the latest and best quality just received and for sale low at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S.

WORKED COLLARS.—The nicest article ever offered in this market at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

FRENCH REVOLUTION, by Carlyle, Two Volumes, for sale by WALKER.

DENTAL SURGERY.

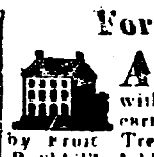
DR. MEACHAM (Dentist) having been in the practice for 18 years in Ohio, and in the South, has concluded to locate in Fort Wayne, and besides attending to the operations of repairing the teeth, such as cleaning, extracting, plugging, inserting, removing decay by files and cutters, &c., &c., will also attend to curing scurvy of the gums, diseased sockets and antrum. Scurvy is known by the gums bleeding easily, being spungy leaving the necks of the teeth bare, and finally the teeth become loose and drop out. This scurvy Dr. M. can effectually cure if taken in season. Exposed nerve can be destroyed with little or no pain. Offensive breath caused by diseased gums and sockets Dr. M. can effectually cure. He has about 30 different instruments for extracting, which enables him to take out teeth with less pain and more safety than the usual method. Price of extracting, 25 to 50 cents for each tooth or separate root. Office over J. B. Shoaff's Drug Store, and under the Odd Fellow's Hall, on Calhoun street. Expense of the operations made known before operating, when desired. Work warranted.
November 4, 1848. m14

SEASONED Flooring for sale by A. B. MILLER

OAK OPENINGS, by James Fennimore Cooper, for sale at WALKER'S.

RIDING BRIDLES, Martingals, Stirrup Iron &c., &c., for sale low at
22 A. B. MILLER'S NIAGARA STORE.
Fort Wayne, December 2, 1848. 22.

For Sale—Cheap.



A good story and a half DWELLING HOUSE, in good repair with an excellent cellar, well, stable carriage house, &c., and surrounded by Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, &c.—situate in Rockhill's Addition, on Wayne street, near the Ladies' Seminary. It will be sold at a bargain Inquire of CHAS. A. FINK.
Feb. 3, 1849. 3w31.

PERCUSSION NOTES, just printed for sale at this Office.
Fort Wayne February 10, 1849.

AXES, AXES.—Hunt's and Collins' Broad bit Rail Road *Axes*, for sale at
22 A. B. MILLER'S NIAGARA STORE.

TOBACCO.—A few Kegs and Boxes for sale at Wholesale on Commission, very cheap for cash only at EDSALL'S.

CAMBRIC Inserting, Linen, Silk, and Cotton Edgings, Linen and Cotton Bobbins, and Coronation Cord, for sale at
Sept. 23 ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

VEILS.—Black & Green Silk and Green Gause, for sale very low at the
Sept. 23. FARMERS' DEPOT.

CIGARS! CIGARS!!

JUST receiving 30,000 of the choicest brands—a Invation, La Carlotta, La Antiguedad La Flora. H. B. REED

LINEN CAMBRIC.—A splendid article at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

FRINGES & GIMPS.—A splendid assortment. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

CARMINA SACRAS; The Psaltry; David's Harp; Howe's Instrumental Music; Boston Glee Book and others just received at Walker's, No. 2 Hanna's Block.

Edsall's Goods have arrived!

THE stock is large and includes every thing in the line of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware.
QUEENSWARE, &c. &c.,

that the wants of the country require. They will be sold unprecedentedly **CHEAP** for Cash or Produce Purchasers may depend on finding anything they need, and will get better bargains than in any other store in the state.
Fort Wayne, September 9 1848.

THE very popular novel Bragelonne, the Son of Athos, or Ten Years Later, by Alexander Dumas for sale by C. R. WALKER.
December, 23, 1848.

GLASS POWDER HORNS.—Something entirely new and beautiful. Call and see them at A. B. Miller's NIAGARA STORE.

10 Cases Calabria and Cicily LIQUORICE in store and for sale cheap.
Dec. 9 1848. H. B. REED.

BONNET Velvet and Satins, various shades and qualities, for sale by
Nov 13. E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

ORLEANS, Alpaccas, Cashmeres, Delaines, and Paramatter, very cheap
Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

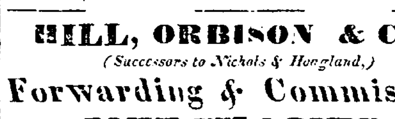
Fresh Drugs.

H. B. REED has just returned from the eastern cities, and is now receiving his

Fall and Winter Supply

of all articles in his line; making the largest and most complete assortment that he has ever before brought to this market, or that can be found at any other point in the State.

He respectfully requests the attention of Physicians, Druggists and dealers generally, to his stock, as he is enabled to offer greater inducements than ever.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 4, 1848. 18

1848.  1848.

J. E. HILL, A. M. ORBISON. G. WILSON

HILL, ORBISON & CO.,

(Successors to Nichols & Hoagland,)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

REFERENCES:
E. Haskell & Co. }
Smith, Robinson & Co. }
Collins, Brown, & Co. } *Toledo.*
Peckham & Scott. }
Field & King, }
King & Lawson, *Piqua, Ohio.*
Ayres & Tunis, }
Kent, Poag, & Co } *New York.*
Kimberley, Pease & Co. *Buffalo.*
C. McKennell & Co. *Cincinnati.*
John Rench, *Dayton,*
H. S. Mayo, *Troy, Ohio.*
Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

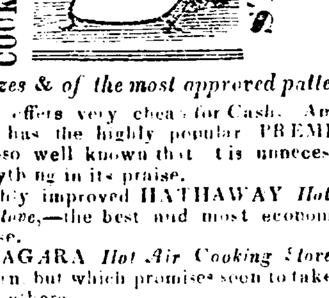
New Arrival of Stoves
At the Old Tin Shop.

H. SUTHERLAND returns his thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal encouragement he has received, and respectfully informs them that he has laid in a large stock of Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Copper, &c., and will keep on hand or make to order every description of

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Ware.

which he will warrant to be as well made, and will sell as cheap as in any shop west of Buffalo

He has just received from the East a superior lot of



Of all sizes & of the most approved patterns,

which he offers very cheap for Cash. Among others he has the highly popular PREMIUM STOVE—so well known that it is unnecessary to say anything in its praise.

The highly improved HATHAWAY *Hot Air Cooking Stove,*—the best and most economical stove in use.

The NIAGARA *Hot Air Cooking Stove,*—a new pattern, but which promises soon to take the lead of all others.

PARLOR and BOX STOVES. Sheet Iron Stoves made to order.

The favor of a call is respectfully solicited.—Shop on Columbia Street, one door east of Beecher's Drug Store.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 24 1848. 6m21.

SUGAR.—16 lbs. good N. O. Sugar for $1 0[illegible] at B. MASON'S

Plank Road Letting.

THE undersigned will receive Sealed Proposals at the house of J. B. Hanna, in Huntertown, until the 29th of March next, for the Grading of twenty six miles of the Fort Wayne and Lima Turnpike Road. Persons bidding for the above work, will state the price per rod for grading, including the grubbing bridging, draining, and laying of the plank, except the hills, which will be bid for by the yard; and for the delivery of the plank by the thousand feet board measure.

Jobs will be let in sections of five miles, to commence at the Saw Mills. Any information in regard to the above work can be had of the undersigned, or at the office of S. Hanna in Fort Wayne.

Employment can be given to any number of hands. WM. MITCHELL,
Supt. F. W. & L. T. Co.
Feb. 24, 1849 1d34

Tremendous Mass Meeting

TOM CORWIN, LEWIS CASS, DANIEL WEBSTER, JOHN VAN BUREN, HENRY CLAY, ALLEN of Ohio, BRIGHT of Indiana, and the celebrated JOHN M. BOTTS are all good at making speeches, and drawing large crowds; but none of them ever gave the satisfaction that

B. MASON

Now gives to the THOUSANDS of customers who are daily crowding his Cheap Store. It is calculated that

20,000 Persons of both parties

can find every thing they need in the shape of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Queensware, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, &c. &c.

At Mason's Cheap Cash Store, which has just been filled to overflowing with the largest, best, and cheapest assortment ever seen in Fort Wayne.

Rally, Whigs! Democrats to the Rescue!

Now is the time to serve your country, and save your [illegible] Goods will positively be sold CHEAPER than at any other store in the place. Only think—

Twenty yards heavy, yard wide SHEETING for One Dollar!!!

Every thing else in proportion.

In this stock will be found every thing adapted to the season and the wants of the country. Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Flannels Linseys, and other staple articles in abundance and at prices that must be seen to be believed.

The LADIES will find a magnificent stock of *Satins, Silk Velvets, Trimmings of all kinds for Dresses or Cloaks;* [illegible]paccas, French Merinoes, De Laines, Chamelion Plaids, Shawls; Dress Handkerchiefs. Calicoes, &c &c In short the richest and most superb assortment ever witnessed in the west, and although this establishment has always gone ahead of all others in its supply of rich and fancy articles suited to the refined taste of the ladies of this city, yet this time it fairly exceeds itself. An inspection will richly repay the lady for the trouble of a call.

The stock of GROCERIES is large, and all of the choicest quality—nothing else is ever kept, and they will be sold Cheap or CHEAPER than the inferior articles offered in some of the blowing *gas-houses* in this city. DYE STUFFS, Madder, Indigo, Alum, &c.

QUEENSWARE—A large and most beautiful assortment of the latest styles.

HARDWARE.—A full stock, which is offered very low.

Every thing in the shape of BOOTS AND SHOES, from a Stogie Boot to a Baby's Shoe—including Misses' Gaiters, Slippers, Walking Shoes, &c., and Gents' Calf Boots, Water Proof Boots, Shoes, Bootees, &c &c at very reduced prices.

HATS AND CAPS in great variety—from a Broadway *Bon Ton* to a shilling cap.

STATIONERY.—He has also a large stock of Stationery—including School Books, Cap and Letter Paper, Envelopes &c &c.

Also an endless variety of NOTIONS—such as Fans, Beads, Clasps, and Purse Twists; Combs in great variety; Travelling Bags; Pen and Pocket Knives, and every thing else that is neat, tasty, fashionable or desirable.

SALT & WHITE FISH by the bbl. NAILS & GLASS.

In short, buyers will find any thing and every thing they can ask for, and for CASH can have such bargains as they have never dreamt of. All kinds of PRODUCE, Deer Skins, &c. taken in exchange for Goods.

Cash paid for **WHEAT** at all times.
October 21, 1848. y17

3 Cases double refined BORAX on hand and for sale cheap. H. B. REED.

"Regular Authorized Agent" No

THE "Express Arrival" brought to light a "Notice Extra" a "Regular Authorized Agent" for *Dr. Fitch's Popular Remedies.* But as this is the first notice of the fact, we presume it was for *keeping them* not selling. Now we have a "Regular Authorized Agency" for *selling,* and we wish our friends to call and test the benefit of the Remedies, Shoulder Braces, Supporters, Inhaling Tubes, and Fitch's Lectures constantly on hand and for sale at

WALKER'S BOOK STORE,
No. 2, Hanna's Block,
Fort Wayne, December 9, 1848.

Music Books.

PSALTERYS, Carmina Sacras, Missouri Harmony, David's Harp, by the dozen or single copy, at WALKER'S.

DIARYS FOR 1849.—A few very neat ones at WALKER'S BOOK STORE

THE COUNT OF MONTE CRISTO, by Alexander Dumas, at WALKER'S

Upward of Ten Thousand Cures

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

DOCTOR ROGERS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF

Liverwort and Tar.

For the Cure of Consumption, and all Diseases of the Lungs and Breast.

THIS GREAT REMEDY has not only made almost incredible cures of CONSUMPTION, but it breaks up the most *distressing Cough, Cold, Pain in the Breast,* and *Asthma* in a few hours time. We authorize our Agents, in all cases where it does not give immediate relief, and the bottle is returned, to *cheerfully refund the money.*

We will now ask the afflicted candidly to examine the facts below, which substantiate the merits of this great remedy. Facts which are incontrovertible, and cannot be denied. We refer you to the statements of well-known Physicians and Professors who have come forward and have substantiated these facts. The most incredulous cannot but be convinced that it has made cures where everything else has failed.

MORE REMARKABLE CURES OF
CONSUMPTION.

We are receiving letters daily, containing intelligence that Dr Roger's Liverwort and Tar continues to make astonishing cures wherever it is introduced.

A Letter from John A Collins, Esq., Editor and Proprietor of the Temperance Organ, and Agent and Lecturer for the Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance of Ohio.

CINCINNATI, Nov 28, 1847.

A. L SCOVILL:

Dear Sir:—For the past eight or ten months, I have felt inclined to say something in relation to the EXTRAORDINARY HEALING QUALITIES of your preparation of Dr Rogers' Compound Syrup of Liverwort and Tar, for your own, but more especially for the benefit of those unfortunate persons who are THREATENED or AFFLICTED with PULMONARY CONSUMPTION, and who like myself have a great aversion to quacks, to their specifics and catholicons, but a combination of circumstances has prevented until now.

In November, 1847, my wife took a severe cold, which settled upon her lungs. A VIOLENT COUGH was the consequence, which increased in severity during the winter, and reduced her to almost a SKELETON. It was nearly incessant, and attended with SEVERE PAIN IN THE SIDE AND BREAST, accompanied with FEVER AND COLD NIGHT SWEATS. SHE EXPECTORATED MORE THAN A PINT OF MATTER DAILY. ULCERS GATHERED UPON HER LUNGS AND DISCHARGED. HER HANDS AND FEET WERE COLD AND CLAMMY AS DEATH AND A PURPLE TINT SETTLED UPON HER LIPS. The skill and varied efforts of our family physician were completely BAFFLED. On the 1st of May, 1847, he informed me that he could do nothing more than grant her temporary relief, that her case WAS HOPELESS, and that she could NOT SURVIVE more than a fortnight at the furthest. I immediately called upon DR. R. S. NEWTON of this city (who has been so skillful in the treatment of cancers,) and stated her case to him. He recommended Dr. Rogers' Liverwort and Tar assured me that there was nothing of quackery about it, but purely a SCIENTIFIC PREPARATION, and gave me the history of several cases all considered hopeless, where this preparation RESTORED TO HEALTH. A bottle was procured, and in one week the expectoration was nearly CONQUERED. She continued gradually to improve, her appetite returned, her COUGH in a few months CEASED. SHE RECOVERED HER STRENGTH, and to a very great degree her health, and is now a MOST EXTRAORDINARY TROPHY OF THE HEALING VIRTUES of DR. ROGERS' PREPARATION OF LIVERWORT AND TAR.

I can also say that I have derived very great benefit from this preparation, for hoarseness, sore throat, and stricture across the chest. I have been enabled, while SUFFERING FROM SEVERE COLD AND HOARSENESS, to speak with comparative ease for two hours. It has one advantage in my own case, over other expectorants, it does not derange the digestive functions, producing headache or nervous debility.

I regard it as admirably adapted for the use of public speakers. Respectfully yours, JOHN A. COLLINS

A LIFE RESCUED FROM THE VERGE OF THE GRAVE!!!

Mrs. Eggart (resides on Race, three doors above E[illegible]) says that she has been consumptive for the last six years, and during the last year all remedies failed. Coughs most distressing, cold night sweats, hectic fever, cold chills every [illegible] debilitated and reduced to a mere skeleton, and the blood settled under my nails, and my lungs ulcerated both externally and internally, and my physician now called in a celebrated Lung Doctor, who said that there was no hope of my recovery. Some of my friends called in to take their last leave. With a faint hope I now commenced taking Dr Rogers' Liverwort and Tar—and what a happy change! I now enjoy better health than I have since I was fourteen years of age, and have gained in flesh from ninety to one hundred and [illegible] pounds within the last three months.

We the undersigned state that we are acquainted and visited Mrs. Eggart during her sickness, and believe the above statement to be true. JOHN MELENDY
D. K. LEAVITT,
Deacons of the First Congregational Church.
Cincinnati, Dec. 1st, 1847

H. B. REED & CO., General Agents for Northern Indiana; also, for sale by REED & CO., Lagro, Indiana

BROAD CLOTH.—Black French, Brown, Steel Mix, and Grey, just received at
Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN

NEW BOOKS

JANE EYRE, by Curran Bell,
Wuthering Heights, " "
Now and Then, by Warren,
Pride and Prejudice, by Austin.
Self Control,
Charms and Counter Charms,
Just received at WALKER'S Book Store.

TOY BOOKS.—A most splendid assortment of all kinds, sizes, and prices, for sale at
Dec. 9, 1848. WALKER'S.

More New Goods.

THE Public,—especially those who like to get good Bargains,—to make the most of a money—or to buy at a place where they depend on getting the best articles at the lowest prices—are invited to call and examine newly arrived stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

which having been selected with especial care and purchased on favorable terms, will be found well adapted to the wants of the country, and we sell at such extremely low Rates, that all who once call will be sure to repeat the visit.—Among the Dry Goods will be found a fine and cheap assortment of Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinetts. Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Linseys plain and plaid, Flannels, white and colored, Oregon Plaids, Alpaccas, De Laine, Cashmeres, Merinoes, &c. Calicoes,—of the latest and most beautiful styles, from 5 cents per yard! Sheetings and shirtings much lower than usual Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Bonnets, Hats, Ribbons, Trimmings, Fancy Articles in abundance, Wadding, Batting, &c. &c.

Boots & Shoes. Ready Made Clothing. Cloth, Fur, Plush, and Glazed Caps, &c.

A full and choice assortment of

Fresh Groceries,

including Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Tobacco, Currants, Raisins by the quarter box,—Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon; Dye Stuffs, Madder, Copperas, Annato, Indigo, Alum, &c.

HARDWARE,—a pretty general assortment. Mill, ✂ Cut, Hand, and Buck saws; Files.—Screw Knives, Butcher Do. Table Cutlery, Draw Knives, Butts, Screws, Latches and Door Locks, Trace and Log Chains, &c.

Also a general assortment of

Crockery and Glassware;

Spanish Sole Leather, Nails and Glass, Stone and Red Ware, &c.

We hope our individual friends will continue their patronage to the new firm, and no pains will be spared to give general satisfaction to our customers. Our stock is large, and having been bought on favorable terms, we will sell to Country Merchants at WHOLESALE on such terms as will make it an object to them to purchase.

There are so many *gassy* advertisements published now, that some may not be willing to believe that all we have here said is true, and that The Farmer's Depot is the real place to get BARGAINS.

To all such we have only to say, give us a call and your scepticism shall vanish; all we ask is, that you call and satisfy yourselves.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN,
Sept. 15, 1848. 11y

LATEST ARRIVAL.

At T. K. Brackenridge & Co's.

OUR long looked for stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS have come to hand and we are now prepared to accommodate all who may favor us with a call. Our stock is of the latest and finest styles, having been carefully selected and intended for this market alone, and consists of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Queensware, Hardware, Boots and Shoes. Hats, Caps, Muffs. Hoods. Bonnets, Boas. &c, Nails. Glass, Leather, Salt. Wicking, Wadding, Batts, Cotton Yarn. &c. &c.

In our stock of DRY GOODS will be found, French and English Cloths of all colors and a variety of pieces; also French Doe Skin, English, and Fancy Cassimeres, some of them very pretty; a full stock of Satinetts of all colors and prices, from three shillings to one dollar and twenty-five cts; also Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, and Cords; a full and fine stock of

CALICOES from Sixpence to two Shillings;

Blue. Blue and Orange for one shilling; a first rate article of full *yard wide Muslin for sixpence per yard*, do 8 cents, cents; five-fourths for one shilling, extra fine for one shilling. Bleached do from 8 cents to two shillings.

To the LADIES, we would say that our stock of

Dress Goods and Trimmings

Is a fine one, consisting of Plaid, Satin, Striped, and plain Silks, Gro de Rhine and Gro de Suisse; Lustres; Plaid, Plain, and Striped Alpaccas; Mode, Black Plaid, and Striped Silk Warp do; Cashmeres and De Laines. Also, a new and fashionable DRESS GOODS lately brought into market, and bearing the name of the great French Republican *Lamartine*. In the stock of TRIMMINGS will be found, Gimps, Fringes, Laces, Buttons, &c. Give us a call at least, Ladies, and examine our stock.

Our assortment of GROCERIES is large and fine. Java, Rio and Laguira Coffee from 5 to 11 pounds to the dollar;—New Orleans, Loaf, Lump, Crushed, and Powdered Sugars; Imperial, Gunpowder, and Young Hyson Teas; Pimento and Pepper, ground and in the grain; Mustard, Chocolate &c.—Tobacco—Cavendish, Common, Fine Cut, Pressed, and Smoking.

Our stock of QUEENSWARE AND GLASSWARE is large, consisting of Flowing Blue by the set or piece; Lustred do; Agate do; Common and extra Tumblers; Pepper, Salt, and Preserves.

BOOTS AND SHOES—A fine selection Stoga Boots from two dollars to 2.50 per pair; Kip and Calf do, Youths' and Boy's do., Stoga, Kip, and Calf Shoes, Youths' and Boys' do. Ladies' and Misses' Morocco Lace Boots, Buskins, Walking Shoes, Slips, and Gaiters; Children and Infants do. Ladies' Gents' and Misses' Gum Elastic Over Shoes. French, Scotch, Strap, and Manufactured.

Ladies' Muffs, a few first rate African Lynx, Jenet. &c., Misses, a fine lot. Gents fashionable Silk and Fur HATS; Cloth, Plush, Oil Silk, Fur, and Seal CAPS from two shillings to two dollars.

CASH paid for WHEAT, and all kinds of Produce. Corn, Oats, Flaxseed, Beeswax, Ginseng, Butter, Eggs, &c., taken in exchange for Goods and the highest price paid for the same at the HOOSIER STORE. Corner of Main & Calhoun Streets, opposite John Trentmann's.

October 26, 1848. y17.

CASH FOR WHEAT.

THE Farmers are respectfully requested to call at A. B. Miller before selling their wheat, as he designs buying for CASH, and will pay as high a price as the eastern market will justify.

July 8, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

Abdominal Supporters.

THE Gents at the other end of the street had as well not get into a passion about an exploded humbug, a *good* article can be found at H. B. Reed's for half the money; also Shoulder Braces. Call and see.

500 Boxes GLASS WARE just received from the Pittsburgh manufactories also 200 Boxes Window Glass, all sizes and of the best brands, for sale at a very small advance
Dec. 9. 1848. H. B. REED.

500 Best Sp. Fl. INDIGO, for sale cheap by H. B. REED.

LAMP OIL.—Three bbls. Pure Lamp Oil for sale low. H. B. REED

12 Bbls. Spts. TURPENTINE for sale by H. B. REED.

Co Partnership Notice.

J. E. HILL & G. WILSON, have formed a co-partnership with A. M. ORBISON as Dealers in Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, at their old stand, under the name of Hill, Wilson & Co. Also to conduct a general business of Storage, Forwarding, and Commission, and Dealers in Produce, under the name of Hill, Orbison, & Co, in the Warehouse recently occupied by Nichols and Hoagland.

J. E. HILL,
G. WILSON,
A. M. ORBISON,
September 16, 1848.

THE highest market price in cash will be paid for FURS by
Nov. 25 1848. C. R. WALKER.

PRINTS (goods) from to two Shillings for sale by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

POWDER, Lead, Shot, and percussion caps water proof and common, for sale very low by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

NAILS & GLASS of all kinds, for sale cheap by S. & W. S. EDSALL

HATS & CAPS.—The largest, cheapest and best assortment ever seen here. Caps from 2s. to $3 E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

RIBBONS Artificials, Trimmings, Lace Edgings, and every thing new or fashionable in the Fancy line—a large and splendid assortment. The Ladies are invited to call and examine, at E. D. BATLETT & Co's.

Queensware by the Package.

5 PACKAGES assorted Ware, with a large assortment of Common, Liverpool, Granite and China Ware at retail by
Oct 14 1847 HILL, WILSON & Co.

P. P. Bailey

HAS opened his NEW WARE HOUSE on the north side of the Canal, opposite his *Hard Ware Store*, and adjoining Hamilton & Williams' Mill where he is ready TO PAY CASH

For Flour, Wheat, Pork and Corn,

OR TAKE THE SAME ON STORAGE.

Country Merchants and Farmers, who wish to store for the winter instead of selling, can do so at a low rate of Storage, and have the same insured against loss by fire. If the proprietor be the purchaser while the produce is in Store, in that case there will be no charge for Storage. *Cash Advances* made when ver desired in Produce in store to go forward in Spring.

REFERENCES.
Messrs. Hamilton & Williams, *Fort Wayne, Ind.*
" Samuel Hanna, "
" Hugh M'Culloch, Cash'r of B'k "
" Peckham & Bradbury, *Toledo, Ohio.*
" Collins, Brown, & Co., "
" Brownlee & Brown, "
" G. S. Hazard, *Buffalo, N. Y.*
" W. S. Hawley, "
" Col. James H. Hooker, *Buffalo, Troy New York, and Boston.*

N. B. HARDWARE BUSINESS continued as usual at the old stand, sign of Pad Lock.
Fort Wayne. Dec. 7. 1847 23.

GROCERIES.

A Full assortment of choice Family Groceries just received. S. & W. S. EDSALL.

New Books.

COURT of Monti Christo, by Dumas.
Shakespeare's Novels, "
Life in London, by Reynolds.
Black Prophet, by Carleton.
Manoeuvering Mother, by Carleton.
Christopher Tadpole, by Smith.
Cruise of the Midge, "
And hosts of others, for sale at
May 13. 1848 WALKER'S

CIDER VINEGAR.—Cider Vinegar of superior quality and warranted pure, for sale by the barrel or gallon at the Niagara Store.
July 8, 1848 A. B. MILLER.

On Hand,

SALERATUS of superior quality—Manufactured and for sale at the lowest market price, next door to Nichols & Hoagland's, by
Jan. 1, '48. 28 tf. F. H. TYLER.

Dress Goods.

50 Pc's ALPACAS, Black and Colored all grades, from 2 to 10 shillings per yard *Cashmeres DeLanes, Ginghams.* Black and Col'd SILKS &c, at HILL, WILSON & Co's

HUMPHREY & BROWN

Stone Cutters and Stone Masons.

DEALERS in Stone, Lime, Marble, Monuments, Tomb Stones, Table Tops of Italy, American & Italian Marble, Cut Stone for buildings, and all Jobs in the Stone Line done to order. Shop and Lime Kilns on the Canal, west of Ewing's Warehouse and Boat Yard.
JAMES HUMPHREY. JOHN BROWN.
August 4th, 1843.

Stoves Stoves Stoves!

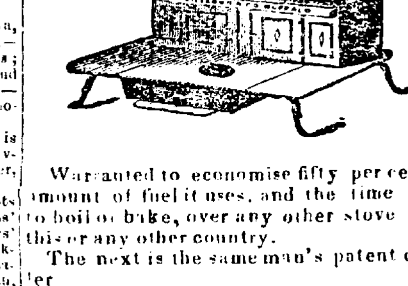
MORE of the latest styles and most improved patents in the way of HOT AIR COOKING STOVES, are now arriving at the Old Stand.

SIGN OF THE PAD LOCK.

From the following descriptions it will be seen that exertions the proprietor of this establishment is constantly making to supply the public with the latest improvements in the line of his business.

He now offers for sale the splendid 4 Boiler

Niagara Hot Air Cooking STOVE.



Warranted to economise fifty per cent in the amount of fuel it uses, and the time it takes to boil or bake, over any other stove in use in this or any other country.

The next is the same man's patent of 3 Boiler

Niagara Hot Air Cooking Stove

which takes in nearly three feet wood, with all the advantages of the other. (See plate above.)

These Stoves took the first premium at a recent fair of the Erie County agricultural society, New York.

Next comes the good old EMPIRE HOT AIR COOKING STOVE, which is so well known in this country, *with two ovens*, one being portable. Also, the

Hathaway Hot Air Cooking Stove.

the excellent qualities of which will be readily testified to, by a number of families in Fort Wayne, who have them in use,—the proprietor's own family being one of that number. The next is another new stove called the

Knickerbocker Hot Air,

which is now having a great run in the East, and no doubt will *run* quite as fast out West, as soon as it is seen and its qualities understood.

Then comes the Premium Cooking Stoves all sizes;
The Noncondensing Hot Air Parlor Stoves;
The Ten and Seven Plate Stoves;

All of them are made of the best and heaviest castings, and are

Warranted to stand fire.

without breaking.

After these, comes the *Russia Sheet Iron Parlor Office Stoves*, made to order, any size that may be wanted.

TIN WARE manufactured and sold wholesale at Eastern prices. *Country merchants* will find it to their advantage to call here for their supplies of this article.

Tin Plate. Sheet Copper Sheet Iron and Block Tin kept constantly on hand and for sale to the trade, at the New York Hardware Store, sign of the Pad Lock.

P. P. BAILEY.
Fort Wayne. Ind., Nov. 10, 1847.

Annuals for 1849.

LEAFLETS OF MEMORY, Book of Pearls The Snow Flake, The Ruby, Women of the Bible, and many others may be found at
20 WALKER'S BOOK STORE.

NOTE PAPER and Envelopes—a most splendid article for sale a
20 WALKER'S BOOK STORE.

MEN'S SADDLES.—A. B Miller offers for sale a few Men's and Ladies' Saddles at very low rates, call and see them, Also, 2 setts Fancy Buggy Harness. 22.

Bounty Land Warrants

BOUGHT AND SOLD BY

THOMAS PRITCHARD.

THE subscriber is prepared to pay CASH and the Highest Price for any quantity of Land Warrants that may be offered. He also sells the same on favorable terms, giving favorable chance for any person, seeking a location in a new country to buy land at an expense of not more than 75 cents per acre.

He also offers about 2000 acres of first rate WILD LAND in Adams, Wells, and Allen counties, which will be sold at from $2,00 to $2,50 per acre. Persons wishing to buy land would find it to their advantage to give him a call. THOMAS PRITCHARD.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 18, 1848. 20

FITCH'S *Lectures on the Lungs.*—Fifty copies of the above popular work just received for sale at the Book Store of
Dec. 9, 1846. C. R. WALKER.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Boot and Shoe Manufactory.



S. & W. S. EDSALL inform the public that they have commenced the manufacture of BOOTS & SHOES on an extensive scale, under the immediate superintendence of Mr. W. Tarr, whose long experience and intimate acquaintance with the business warrant them in saying that all Boots and Shoes made at this establishment will be of the best quality.

Coarse Boots, custom work made of the best Spanish Sole Leather, warranted offered by the case at $30,00 per dozen. Fine custom Kip and Calf Do. proportionately low.

They have now on hand and intend keeping a full assortment of all kinds of Boots & Shoes, such as
Ladies' Calf & Kip Boots; Childrens' do.
Boys' "
Mens' Coarse and fine Brogans.
" Fine and coarse Boots, &c., &c.

They offer to the trade, at the lowest prices Spanish Sole, Upper LEATHER, Kip Calf, Lining and Binding Skins; also, a general assortment of SHOE FINDINGS; PEGS of all sizes, &c., &c.
Jan. 15, 1847. 28y.

NOW IS THE TIME

To buy yourselves Rich!

E. D. BARTLETT & CO. respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have just received a large and well assorted stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

adapted to this market. which they are prepared to sell on more favorable terms than were ever before offered in Fort Wayne.

The Stock includes every variety of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods. Broad Cloths, Sattinetts, Cassimeres, Linseys, Jeans, Flannels, Blankets, &c. Calicoes, Shirtings, Sheetings, Ginghams; Alpaccas, Merinoes, DeLaines, Cashmeres, &c.—a beautiful assortment, at greatly reduced prices.

Honey Comb and Shirred Satin and Leghorn BONNETS of the latest fashions. Satins and Velvets, Ribbons, Artificials, and Trimmings in great variety; Shawls—all kinds,—Ladies' Misses', and Childrens' Shoes and Gaiters. &c.

Hats, Caps, Bonnets; Boots & Shoes of all qualities from the finest Morocco to the stoutest Stogies.

They do not feel disposed to brag or make as much fuss in the papers as some of their neighbors do, but they will just mention a few of their prices and let the public judge whether it will not be for their interest to buy at this establishment. For instance, they are selling

Twenty Yards beautiful CALICOE for One Dollar!

Good Heavy Sheeting a 6d. a Yard!

GINGHAMS at Eighteen Cents!!

Alpaccas from twenty Cents!!

Every thing else in proportion. Call in, and be satisfied that if there ever was a chance to buy yourselves rich, now is the time, and Bartlett's the place.

QUEENSWARE.—The stock is quite large, of the latest and most beautiful patterns. and. better than all—*very cheap.*

In GROCERIES they defy competition, and invite all who are judges of such articles to test their quality.

They have also a general assortment of HARDWARE. such as Locks, Bolts, Latches. Butts and Screws, Cutlery, Mill and ✂ Cut Saws, Draw Knives, Axes, Shovels, Pitchforks, Nails, &c.

In short, the stock is complete—the goods all of the best quality and newest styles—and as they have been bo't cheap and must be sold before spring they are offered at such prices as will ensure bargains to purchasers.

Fort Wayne, October 14, 1848.

The Holydays are at hand.

COME and look at the splendid GIFT BOOKS now open at WALKER'S Book Store, the best assortment ever offered in this State.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DR. S. S. THOMPSON, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and vicinity. All who favor him with a call may rely on prompt attention

Office on Columbia street, one door east of the building formerly occupied by Drs. Thompson & Sturgis, where he may at all times be found when not absent on professional business. y40.

DR. D. KISER would respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country, that he has commenced the practice of Medicine in Fort Wayne, and all who favor him with their custom may rely on prompt attention.

*** OFFICE—On Columbia Street, next door to Thompson and Kitchen.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 21, 1848. 16.

DOCTOR JONES having returned from Mexico, may be consulted by his friends at his Office, next door to the Mayor's Office. Clinton Street, (between Main and Columbia streets,) *Fort Wayne.* y6 August 12. 1848.

DR. JAMES W. DAILY. *Fort Wayne Indiana.* Office Front Room over Messrs Brackenridge & Stapleford's Store, North west corner of Main and Calhoun Streets.

DRS. AYRES & BOWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish their services.

Office, next door to Hill, Wilson & Co's store. Residence, one door north of the Spencer House.
Fort Wayne, Dec 7, 1846.

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Columbia street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.
Fort Wayne, August 18th. 1847. tf8

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

J. L. WORDEN. E. A. MCMAHON

WORDEN & McMAHON. *Attorneys at Law* have formed a co-partnership in the practice of law, and will practice together in the Twelfth Judicial Circuit of Indiana. Office continued in the second story of Evans' new brick store house on the corner of Main and Calhoun streets.
January 1, 1849. 27

JOHN G. WALPOLE, *Attorney at Law, Fort Wayne, Ind.* will attend to any business entrusted to his care in the Court of Allen County, and in the Supreme and U. S. Court at Indianapolis.
Office on Calhoun Street, over B. Smith's store.
Sept. 30, 1848 y13.

G. L. SITES, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. He will practice law in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care. OFFICE—Removed to room over T. K. Brackenridge's Store, corner Main and Calhoun-st. 1y17.

F. P. RANDALL. *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery*, Fort Wayne Indiana. OFFICE on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store

R. BRAKENRIDGE, Jun. *Attorney and Counsellor at Law* Fort Wayne. Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.
Messrs. W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne.*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis.*
" Richard Suydam, *New York.*
" W. Hyslop, "
" Alex. Kevan, "
" Jos Jameson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

OFFICE near the Bank, north of the Treasurer's Office

EDWARD F. COLERICK. *Attorney and Counsellor at Law* Fort Wayne. Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the Payment of Taxes, Purchase and Sale of Lands, and Examination of Titles in Northern Indiana ☞ OFFICE—Room No. 1, Court House.
Nov. 17—y.

W. SMITH & Co.

No. 3, JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE, IA.

DEALERS IN

Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods

GROCERIES,

Crockery. Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, FLOUR, SALT, *Fish. &c.*

Also, the best Sole and Upper LEATHER, just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.

SALERATUS at wholesale or retail.
CASH at all times paid for WHEAT.

FT. WAYNE OIL MILL.

THE subscribers have completed their Oil Mill, and are now engaged in the manufacture of LINSEED OIL, and will constantly keep the article on hand, to sell by wholesale or retail. They also have OIL CAKE to sell—an excellent article to feed stock.

The highest price paid in Cash or Oil for Flax Seed, Farmers who wish to sow Flax Seed for the purpose of raising seed can be supplied on liberal terms.

RUDISILL & WOLKE.
March 14, 1846. y37

Ft. Wayne Woollen Factory.

RUDISILL & WOLKE having procured New Machinery for the MANUFACTURING of WOOL, *inform* their customers and the public in general that they will Manufacture Wool into

Sttinets or Full Cloth

of all kinds, on the most liberal terms, on shares or for pay. Those wanting their Wool manufactured must bring it in the fleece well washed.
May 6, 1848. y44

SHOES, GAITERS, &c.—Ladies' and Misses' Gaiters, Walking Shoes, & Slippers—every variety—just rec'd at Mrs. Dykes' Fancy Store

SAWS, Mill, ✂ Cut, Hand, and Buck, of best kind and cheapest Prices.
Sept. 28. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Protection

Fire & Marine Insurance Company

THE subscriber has been appointed an Agent of the *Protection Insurance Company* at Hartford, Conn., at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and is authorized to

Insure Dwelling Houses, Stores, Warehouses. Mills, Manufactories, Barns, Stables, and the contents of each, together with every other similar species of property

Against loss or damage by Fire.

The subscriber is also authorized to issue Policies on the most favorable terms

Against loss or damage on the cargoes of Steam, Keel, Canal, and Flat Boats, while navigating the Western Rivers, Lakes, and Canals.

On account of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to said Company, they have been enabled greatly to reduce their rates of Insurance, so that now every man has an opportunity, for a trifling sum, to protect himself against the ravages of these destructive elements.

For terms of Insurance, apply to the subscriber, at the office, of John Hough, Jun., corner of Calhoun & Columbia Streets, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

R. D. TURNER,
Dec. 1, 1848. At the Indiana Land Agency

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company,

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN appointed an agent for said company, is authorized to make every kind and nature of Insurance appertaining to Life Risks, for a certain number of years or for life, grant annuities, and confer endowments.

The provisions of the charter of said company are peculiarly favorable to the assured—containing many important privileges, which experience has proved may be safely granted, and which are deemed superior to any heretofore offered in this country.

Married women may insure the lives of their husbands, secure from the demands of creditors,

Creditors may insure their debtors, or debtors themselves, for the benefit of creditors.

The assured after a term of years, may at any time surrender the policy and receive its equitable value in cash.

The subject of Life Insurance is attracting much attention in the Eastern States, and commends itself to the favorable consideration of all, as by this means a comfortable support may be left to the wife and children when misfortune comes upon them, and the husband and father is taken from their embrace by the cold hand of death.

Pamphlets explanatory of the uses and benefits arising from Life Insurances, will be furnished those wishing to be insured.

The undersigned is also agent for the HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.

F. P. RANDALL.
May 5. 1847. 44tf

Valuable Lands FOR SALE.

350 ACRES of the best land in Northern Indiana, situated in Allen County, Ia., seven miles west of Fort Wayne, immediately ON THE WABASH & ERIE CANAL, well watered and timbered—is offered for sale by the subscriber on very liberal terms and prices.

Also 150 acres situated in Marion Township, nine miles south of Fort Wayne, immediately on the Piqua road.

Also the west half of the south east quarter of section 17 t wn 32, north of range 15 east, in Springfield township, Allen county.

And a number of other tracts in this and the adjoining counties—all of which lands are well adapted to farming purposes, and are offered on the most liberal terms. For further information call on me at the Recorders office in this city

EDWARD F. COLERICK
Fort Wayne. May 20. 1847. tf

J. E. HILL, G. WILSON, A. M. ORBISON

HILL, WILSON, & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, &C.,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

County & City Orders.

WANTED for which the highest price will be paid in cash or goods as cheap as they can be obtained in the State of Indiana. by
Oct 23, 1848 BARNETT & NELSON.

There is no real occasion for sickness!

Dr. Ralph's Pills,

FOUNDED on the only principle on which a UNIVERSAL MEDICINE can safely and conscientiously be recommended to the world. They are fast superceding every other remedy for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Acidity, Heartburn, Costiveness, all Impurities of the blood. Biliousness Liver Diseases, Fever & Ague, the DISEASE OF WESTERN CLIMATE, &c. The reason is obvious—they act in

PERFECT ACCORDANCE WITH NATURE.

Their operation is exceedingly mild and pleasant, and if taken in accordance with the directions, which are remarkably plain and clear,

THEY CANNOT FAIL TO CURE

and to perfectly prevent diseases of every kind (see explanation of the new theory in the 'Ralphian' an invaluable paper which may be had gratis of the agents.) Their unexampled success in all the complaints of FEMALES, and the e also attending pregnancy, is acknowledged by thousands.

NO FEMALE SHOULD BE WITHOUT THEM

Testimonials of cures, of every disease the human system is liable to, often after all other means had failed, are consequently being received at the Central Office, N. Y. City.

Price 25 cents a box, with full directions. and Family packages at $1, (in which is much saving.)

J. B. Hanna, Fort Wayne, having been appointed general agent, will supply this celebrated medicine, wholesale and retail. on the same terms as at the Central Office.
June 13, 1848. y9

Read the following testimony from W. W. Steevens, principal of the Classical & Commercial Academy, Fort Wayne, Ind.:

"Having had repeated opportunities for the last fourteen years of witnessing the great benefits various persons have derived from the use of Doctor RALPH'S PILLS, and knowing Doctor RALPH to be a graduate of the University of Edinburg, a member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, and of the Medical College of the State of New York; also a Physician of *Long, Extensive and successful Practice*, I cordially recommend said Pills to all who may be afflicted with diseases for which the Pills are recommended, believing they will perform all that is promised for them if the directions for using them be strictly followed.

W. W. STEEVENS.
Fort Wayne, July, 1848.

"DEAR SIR: In compliance with your request I would state that I have used Doctor RALPH'S PILLS in my family for something like ten years, and am satisfied that they are an excellent family Medicine. I have no doubt but that the use of them has at different times saved myself and family much sickness and expense.

HUGH MILLER."
To J. B. HANNA.

The above Pills can be had at wholesale of J. B. HANNA, General Agent at Fort Wayne.

They are also sold at retail by A. B. Miller Ligonier; E. D. Bartlett & Co., La Grange Center; C. R. Walker, Fort Wayne; DeFrees, Wolf Lake; Peter Heller Eel River; Robert Dykes, Ontario; J. N. Alderman, May's Mills; L. S. Bayless, Bayless's Mills.

WANTED, 50,000 Bushels Wheat, 10 00 Flax Seed, and any kind of merchantable produce. We will buy, and pay the highest price in CASH. HILL, WILSON & Co

DRESS GOODS.—A magnificent assortment of rich and beautiful DRESS SILKS, &c. very low. B. MASON.

Notice to Farmers and PRODUCE DEALERS.

THE undersigned having leased the well known CITY MILLS, in Fort Wayne heretofore run by *Hamilton & Williams*, take this method of saying to all interested that they are prepared and ready to Flour promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grists* to grind will always find one or more Run of Stone in readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale.

CASH Paid for WHEAT at the Highest Rates.

HOAGLAND, COMSTOCK, & CO.
Ft. Wayne, Aug 23d, 1847. 1y8

Just Received.

THIS day a fresh lot of Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture. Those who have used this medicine can testify to its qualities better than we can by advertising two or three columns of nonsense. For sale by

A. B. MILLER,
Sole agent for Fort Wayne.
April 29, 1848.

THE First and Second Book of History for Children and Youth, for sale by
April 29th, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

PURE LIQUORS.

A Fresh supply of Pure Liquors for Medical use, consisting of Brandy, Gin, Port, Madeira, and Teneriffee WINES, for sale at WALKER'S Drug Store.

CASH FOR WHEAT AT NEW HAVEN.

A. B. MILLER will pay the highest Wayne price for WHEAT delivered at his ware house at New Haven Allen Co. Indiana

JUST received, a splendid lot of CONFECTIONARY. *Also, Fruits, Nuts, &c.*
June 3. J. A. COLERICK.

CITRON, a fine article, just received by
June 3 J. A. COLERICK.

TAMARINDS just received.
J. A. COLERICK.

SALAD OIL, pure and fresh.
J. A COLERICK.

STATIONERY.

200 Reams Cap Paper; 10 000 Quills 100 Letter " also a large stock of Note and Fancy paper for sale by
C. R. WALKER.

THE latest spring Styles of PRINTS and DRESS GOODS, for sale at low prices by
C. R. WALKER.

WOODEN WARE, Willow Waggons, & Willow Cradles—splendid articles for sale by A. B. MILLER.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS.—The largest and best variety in town, for sale by
May 27, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

PRINCIPE, Havanna and Luna CIGARS— J. A. COLERICK.

COD FISH & HERRING—Wholesale or Retail. J. A. COLERICK.

FINE SPERM OIL, for Lamps, one dollar per gallon. J. A. COLERICK

NO 1, 2, and 3 Mackerel, an excellent article, by the barrel or retail.
March 15, 1848. J. A. COLERICK

DOUBLE REFINED LOAF SUGAR—For sale by the quantity or retail.
March 1, 1848. J A COLERICK.

WRAPPING PAPER from Hanna, Vandes & Williams Paper Mill, Lafayette,—all sizes—in store and for sale at Manufacturer's prices by J. B. HANNA.

260 Lbs. Sp. Fl. INDIGO for sale cheap H. B. REED

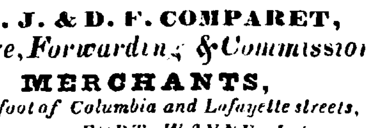
800 Lbs. Tartaric Acid and Sup. Carb. Soda of the best quality, for sale H. B. REED.

300 Lbs. CLOVES. Also 100 lbs. CASSIA, for sale cheap by H. B. REED.

FISH OIL, Tanners Oil, and Neat's Foot Oil, by the Bbl. or gallon. H. B. REED.

SPELLING BOOKS—Webster's and McGuffey's Elementary, for sale wholesale and retail at WALKER'S
May 13, 1848. New Book Store.

FRENCH PERFUMERY—A fresh supply just received at WALKER'S.

1847.  1847.

JOS. J. & D. F. COMPARET,

Storage, Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS,

At the foot of Columbia and Lafayette streets, FORT WAYNE, Indiana.

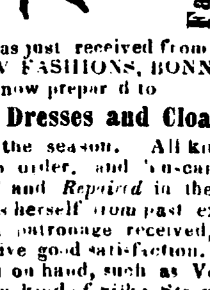
Refer to
Suydam Sage & Co., New York.
Collins Brown & Co., Toledo, Ohio.
Brownlee Brown & Co., " "
G. S Hazard, Buffalo, N. Y.
H McCulloch, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Henry R. Colerick, " "
Samuel Hanna, " "
15tf Allen Hamilton, " "

WINDOW GLASS.—Received per Canal Boat Erie 100 Boxes Window Glass of all sizes and of the best Brands at a very small advance of the manufacturer's prices
H. B. REED

HIGHLY IMPORTANT—Gent's White Kid and Silk Gloves—an indispensable article on certain *interesting occasions.* Just rec'd. by
Sept. 8. MRS. DYKES.

Storage and Forwarding.

THE Subscribers having a large and commodious WAREHOUSE, are ready at all times, to attend to business in that line, on reasonable terms. E. D. BARTLETT.

NEW Fashions  FOR Fall and Winter.

MISS WELLS has just received from New York her NEW FASHIONS, BONNETS, and GOODS, and is now prepared to

Cut and Make Dresses and Cloaks

in the latest style for the season. All kinds of BONNETS made to order, and Tuscan and Straw Hats *Cleaned* and *Repaired* in the best manner. She flatters herself from past experience, and the liberal patronage received, that she can continue to give good satisfaction. All kinds of Bonnets kept on hand, such as Velvet, Plush, Satin and every kind of silk; Straw and Leghorn Hats, very cheap. Also a great variety of *Plumes, Winter and Field Flowers, Ribands, Laces, Gloves, Head Dresses, Caps, Collars, and many other Fancy Articles;*
besides a great variety of rich and cheap *SILK for Dresses.* The Ladies will please call and see for themselves.

Shop on Columbia street, opposite A. B. Miller.
Fort Wayne, November 4, 1848.

MEN'S & BOYS' CAPS—A splendid assortment of Men's and Boys' Caps will be sold low prices at A. B. MILLER'S.

HATS! HATS!!—A few fashionable Hats will be sold as low as they can be bought in New-York at retail; call at A. B. Miller. Niagara Store, and see for yourselves.

CALICOES a rich and fashionable assortment from 6d. to 25c., for sale by
Nov. 13. E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

COTTON YARN.—Long skein of all numbers, for sale by
Oct. 23. BARNETT & NELSON.

MUSLINS.—Good yard wide Muslin for 6¼ cts per yard at B. MASON'S.

SHAWLS.—A splendid lot of White Crape, Silk, Barage, and other fashionable Shawls just received, and offered very cheap
May 6 B. MASON.

LADIES' and Children's SHOES. Gaitres, and Slippers—all sorts and sizes—just received by B. MASON

BONNET TRIMMINGS—Just received a superb and fashionable assortment of Ribbons, Artificials, and other Trimmings.
May 6 B. MASON.

TANNER'S OIL.—A large supply of Tanner's Oil can always be found at the Niagara Store, where it will be sold at the lowest figure. A. B MILLER.

HEMLOCK TANNED, Spanish Sole Leather, &c constantly on hand at the Niagara Store, and sold at the lowest market rates, by A. B. MILLER.

Seasoned Lumber.

A. B. Miller is receiving a choice lot of Seasoned Poplar or White Wood Lumber from his Mills in Noble County, and has now on hand a few thousand feet of Siding

Persons desiring such lumber will please call at the Niagara Store.

A. B. MILLER.
Fort Wayne, June 12, 1848.

Fire Engine and Carding Machine FOR SALE.

THE subscriber having been appointed agent for an extensive manufactory of Fire Engines, Carding Machines &c. is prepared to fill all orders that may be given him. The engines and machines are warranted, and will be afforded of any size and power. He sells on a liberal credit or at a discount for cash. Inquire at the "Indiana Land and Tax Agency," Calhoun st.
June 1 (48) JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

XPRESS.

Leo Woolen Factory.

HAVING erected and furnished a large WOOLEN FACTORY at HAMILTON'S MILLS, *on the little St. Joseph river*, in Cedar Creek Township, Allen County, Indiana and fitted the same with a superior new double

Carding Machine

of the most approved kind, I am prepared to card all the wool that is brought to me in a good and proper manner, and warrant all the work to be well done.

Wool can be left in Fort Wayne at the store of JAMES M. HAMILTON, and the rolls will be returned there promptly in good order and proper condition without any charge.

Wool and all kinds of Country Produce taken in pay for carding, not refusing the *dimes* when convenient.

People coming from a distance can have their wool carded immediately.

Falling, Dyeing, & Cloth Dressing done in the best workmanlike manner. All work done by me is warranted to be done in a proper workmanlike manner.

JAMES ENSEY.
May 13. 1848. tf46.

FRESH GROCERIES.

MRS. DYKES has just received a stock of fine fresh Family Groceries—Teas, Coffee, Loaf, Crushed and New Orleans Sugar, Molasses, Spices, Tobacco, &c. Candies, Oranges, Figs, &c Childrens' Toys, Marbles, &c. All of which will be sold at reduced prices.
May 6, 1848

WHITE CRAPE LISSE,—Just the article for Veils. Call and get before it is all gone. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN

Have You Heard the News?

HILL, WILSON & CO'S

GOODS HAVE ARRIVED!!!

COMPRISING a large and complete assortment well adapted to the wants of the country, consisting in part of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Groceries. Hardware, Crockery, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Bonnets, &c.

We can *Without Boasting*, say that our Stock is as large and well assorted as any in town and we will sell as low as can be purchased elsewhere. We may be outdone in bragging, but *cannot be undersold.*

Country Merchants wishing to purchase are requested to look at our stock before making their purchases we feel confident we can make it an inducement for them to call

HILL, WILSON, & CO.
Sept. 30. 1848

Fancy Bread, Biscuit and Cake BAKERY.

B. SAUNDERS, returns thanks to his friends for the liberal patronage bestowed on him, and respectfully informs the public that he has entered into partnership with J. F. COOMBES, an experienced *Fancy Baker and Pastry Cook*, and that in addition to the sale of Groceries, they will hereafter carry on the

Fancy Baking, Pastry Cook, and Confectionary Business.

and will keep on hand a general stock of French Twists. Cottage Loaves, Gingerbread, Chelsea Buns, Fancy, American, Union, and Lemon Biscuits; Queen's Drops; Brighton Rocks, Sea Biscuits, Buns, Crackers, &c., &c.

Orders for Parties &c., promptly attended to
Fort Wayne, October 7, 1848

HAVANNA SUGAR.—Best white Havanna Sugar for sale by H. B. REED.

Health, Beauty and Happiness

☞MOST IMPORTANT WORK!

The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion!

By DR. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women. Price 50 cts. **50,000** copies sold in six months!! For sale at the Book Store of D. W. BURROUGHS.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 4, 1848

Shoes for the Million,

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY

HAVING replenished their stock, and made further arrangements to accommodate the public, offer to their numerous customers additional inducements for their continued patronage.

At Wholesale or Retail they offer

Thick Boots,	Over Shoes,	Thick Shoes,
Gaiters,	Calf Boots,	Buskins,
Kip Boots,	Bootees,	Morocco Boots
Rubbers,	Youth's Boots,	Mens' Gaiters
Eastern Boots,	Stockinett Rubbers	
Misses' Buskins,	Children's Shoes, &c.	

FINDINGS.

Pegs, Nails, Kit, Thread; Linings. Bindings. Lasts, &c., &c.

All the above articles and many more, we offer to sell at the *lowest prices* for DOWN PAY, and we invite the people of North eastern Indiana to call and be well provided with Boots and Shoes, and remind them of the danger of neglecting the feet in winter—to take care of the feet is to take care of the head, come one and all and be well shod—buy new Boots and get the old ones mended.

EASTERN BOOTS.

Dealers can be supplied with Eastern Boots of the best quality, better than those usually offered in this market, at eastern prices.

ANDERSON & Co.,
Fort Wayne, Jan. 27, 1849. y30.

GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY

WESTERN NEW YORK

COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

207 *Main Street. Buffalo, N. Y.*

DR. G. C. VAUGHN'S

Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture.

THIS celebrated remedy is constantly increasing its fame by the many cures it is making

ALL OVER THE WORLD.

It has now become *the only medicine for family use*, and particularly recommended for

DROPSY:

all stages of this complaint immediately relieved, no matter of how long standing. *See Pamphlet for testimony.*

GRAVEL,

and all diseases of the urinary organs; for these distressing complaints *it stands alone;* no other article can relieve you and the cures testified to will convince the most skeptical; *see pamphlet.* Liver Complaint, Billious diseases,

FEVER AND AGUE.

To the Great West especially, and wherever these complaints prevail this medicine is offered.

NO MINERAL AGENT.

no deleterious compound is a part of this mixture, it cures these diseases with certainty and celerity, and does not leave the system torpid. See Pamphlet.

PILES,

a complaint of a most painful character, is

IMMEDIATELY RELIEVED,

and a cure follows by a few days use of this article: it is far before any other preparation for this disease, or for any other disease originating from impure blood. See pamphlet.

DEBILITY OF THE SYSTEM,

weak back, weakness of the Kidneys, &c, or inflammation of the same, is immediately relieved by a few days use of this medicine, and a cure is always a result of its use. It stands as

A CERTAIN REMEDY

for such complaints, and also for derangements of the female frame IRREGULARITIES SUPPRESSIONS,

painful menstruations. No article has ever been offered except this which would touch this kind of derangements. It may be relied upon as a sure and effective remedy, and did we feel permitted to do so could give

A THOUSAND NAMES

as proof of cures in this distressing class of complaints. See pamphlet All broken down, debilitated constitutions from the *effect of mercury*, will find the bracing power of this article to act immediately, and the poisonous mineral eradicated from the system. ERUPTIVE DISEASES

will find the alterative properties of this article

PURIFY THE BLOOD,

and drive such diseases from the system See pamphlet for testimony of cures in all diseases, which the limits of an advertisement will not permit to be named here. Agents *give them away;* they contain 32 pages of certificates of high character, and a stronger

ARRAY OF PROOF

of the virtues of a medicine, never appeared It is one of the peculiar features of this article *that it never fails to benefit in any case*, and if bone and muscle are left to build upon let the emaciated and lingering invalid

HOPE ON,

and keep taking the medicine as long as there is an improvement. The proprietor would

CAUTION THE PUBLIC

against a number of articles which come out under the head of SARSAPARILLAS, SYRUPS, &C.,

as cures for Dropsy, Gravel, &c.: *They are good for nothing* and concocted to gull the unwary;

TOUCH THEM NOT.

Their inventors never thought of curing such diseases till this article had done it. A particular study of the pamphlet is earnestly solicited.

Agents and all who sell the article are

GLAD TO CIRCULATE

gratuitously. Put up in 30 oz. bottles, at $2; 12 oz. do at $1 each—the larger holding 6 oz. more than two small bottles. *Look out and not get imposed upon.* Every bottle has "Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture," blown upon the glass the *written signature* of "G. C. Vaughn" on the *directions*, and "G. C. Vaughn Buffalo," *stamped on the cork.* None other are genuine. Prepared by Dr G. C. Vaughn, and sold at the Principal Office. 207 Main street, Buffalo, at wholesale and retail. No attention given to letters unless post paid—orders from regularly constituted Agents excepted: *post paid letters*, or verbal communications soliciting advice, promptly attended to, gratis.

Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of this article—132 Nassau street, New York city; 295 Essex street, Salem, Mass. and by the principal Druggists throughout the United States and Canada, as agents.

Fort Wayne, A. B. Miller; Lima, J. F. Wicker; Goshen W. Dodge; Ligonier, A. B. Miller.
May 15, 1848 51y

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

A new supply for the Spring trade just received from New York, via Railroad. All articles warranted fresh and genuine. Call at No. 2 Hanna's block. C. R. WALKER.

CHEAP PUBLICATIONS.—Any quantity "and more coming"—may be found at WALKER'S Book Store, one door west of Aysworth & Co's.

Storage, Forwarding & Commission.

WE have erected a large and commodious four story brick Warehouse, and are prepared to store any quantity of produce, &c. that may be entrusted to us either for shipment or sale on commission.

Liberal advances made on consignments.
S. & W. S. EDSALL.
Oct 9. 1847.

Cash for 20,000 Bushels *OF WHEAT,*

At the Empire Mills.

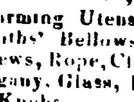
WE are prepared to pay CASH and the HIGHEST PRICE for 20,000 bushels of good merchantable Wheat.

Farmers and Teamsters will save themselves much trouble and expense by driving directly up to the STONE MILLS and unloading; they will always get the highest price, and avoid the annoyance of being pestered by the barkers and whipper snappers from the Stores, who now infest our streets and are such a terror to all who bring wheat to our market. We are not *much* given to boasting; but as some of our neighbors are talking of wanting 10,000 bushels of wheat, we would inform wheat raisers that we can take in 20,000; as our Mill, besides being the best, is the biggest, the highest, and the strongest in the country. We have a convenient WAGON-YARD and STABLE, for teams coming to the Mill, and a HOUSE for the Teamsters; we always furnish feed for the horses and occasionally throw in Supper and Breakfast for the drivers. This is nothing new with us—we have always thought it our duty to do so, and should not now mention it if our neighbors had not set the example.

We keep constantly on hand FLOUR OF THE BEST QUALITY and all kinds of Mill Stuff; and promptly grind every thing in the shape of Custom Work—always excepting White Oak Tan Bark, or the face of the Poor."

SAMUEL EDSALL,
Empire Mills, at the Aqueduct.
Fort Wayne, Sept 6, 1845 10y

THE NEW YORK HARDWARE STORE.

SIGN OF  THE PADLOCK.

IS now being replenished with a full stock of Hardware from the East, consisting of almost every article in that line that can be called for, consisting in part of every variety of

Carpenters Tools,

Building Materials, Farming Utensils, Anvils, Vises, Hammers, Smiths' Bellows, Shovels, Spades. Axes, Bed Screws, Rope, Clocks, Table and Tea Spoons, Mahogany, Glass, Black Walnut and Curled Maple Knobs.

Table and Pocket Cutlery.

Coffee Mills. Patent Balances from 400 to 1000 lbs., Frying Pans, SHOEMAKER'S TOOLS, Brass Kettles and Pails, Brass and Cast Iron Andirons, Brass, Steel and Iron Shovels and Tongs, Castings of all kinds SADDLER'S GOODS of every kind and quality A superior article of Ox, Cow, and Sheep Bells. COOPER'S TOOLS, including the Rochester make of Truss Hoops. Iron, Nails. Glass, and White Lead, in any quantity, either wholesale or retail The best of Ames' Shovels and Spades, Wire Cloth for Fanning Mills, ✂ Cut and Mill Saws, Scales, Weights and Measures for Country Stores—all to be sold cheaper than ever for Cash or Country Produce, (in no case for credit) Farmers will there find ready sale, and the highest price, for their Wheat, Corn, and Oats, which they are respectfully invited to bring along, with the trade are good. P. P. BAILEY
Fort Wayne, Ia., Sept. 19, 1848. 1y

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE,—*Over P. P. Baily's Hardware Store, corner of Clinton and Columbia street, Third Story.*

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and despatch on the most reasonable terms.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 9—No. 38. FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, March 24, 1849. Whole No. 846.

Drugs & Chemicals.

100 ozs Quinine
50 " Salicin
500 " Piperine
200 " Ext. Bark
100 lbs Red Barks
200 " ditto Powd.
300 " Calomel Eng.
500 " Aloes Soc.
350 " Rhubarb Powd.
150 " Jalap Powd.
100 " Quicksilver
10 lbs Iodin
10 " Iodide Pottassa
125 " Turkey Opium
150 " Yellow Barks
300 " ditto Powd.
200 " Blue Mass Lon-don
500 " Senna Ind. & Alex.
200 " Sarsa. Hond.
100 " Ipicac Powd.
200 ozs Benzoic Acid
50 " Morphia Sulp. & Acet.

Just received and for sale very low by
H. B. REED.

Gunsmithing, &c.



J. C. CAMPBELL informs the public that he has commenced business on his own account, in the shop at the west end of Columbia street, near the basin, and south of Nichols' warehouse, where he will do all kinds of work in his line, either making or repairing. NEW RIFLES made to order in the latest improved style, and warranted equal to any in the United States. Any one wanting a good gun—one he can depend on to kill or hit the mark at any distance—is invited to call and try his work.

Locks repaired, Keys fitted, and all kinds of Jobbing done.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 4, 1848, y31.

Land for sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale on accommodating terms, several valuable tracts of improved and wild lands, situated in Allen county. Persons wishing to settle in this county, would find this a favorable opportunity to procure farms.
THOS. HAMILTON.

FOR SALE.

THE Valuable Mill property belonging to Fairfield & Freeman 14 miles south of town. This property consists of a Flouring mill with three run of stones, in good order—a first rate new Saw Mill, with a house attached to it to make shingles, lath, and other cabinetry. Also, a dwelling house, stables, a house for Country customers, and every convenience, and about 9 acres of land, and another privilege on the East side of the River—This stream affords a plenty of water at any season of the year, and its situation makes it the best mill property in the west.

Mr. Freeman's health is so poor he cannot attend to the business, and not being convenient for me to attend, as I live too far off, &c.—The payments will be easy, as I am not much in want of money. I should like to keep a shot in the locker. Persons wishing to purchase please call on the subscriber.
ASA FAIRFIELD.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 5, 1846. 6

SHAWLS.—A splendid assortment of Woolen, Stradilla, and Cashmere Shawls for sale by
Oct 15, 1847. HILL, WILSON & Co.

GLOVES & MITTENS—every kind.
E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

ZEPHYR HOODS, and Comforters, at
E. D. BARTLETT & Co's

COLLINS' And Simmons' AXES, for sale by
S. & W. S. EDSALL.

IRON — all sorts and sizes for sale by
S & W. S. EDSALL.

WINDOW GLASS of all the largest sizes—24 by 24, 18 by 24, 16 by 20, 12 by 18, 14 by 20, 12 by 16, &c.
H. B. REED.

PALM LEAF HATS from one to four shillings, ribbon in the bargain, also a few left of those splendid split Straw Hats, price shan't say until you call and see at the Niagara Store.

More Light.

JUST received 20 boxes Sterand Mould Candles.
S. & W. S. EDSALL.

CREWELS.—Every shade and color; also variety of beautiful patterns for work.
MRS. DYKES.

Groceries.

50 Bags Rio Coffee.
20 bbls N. O. Sugar.
500 lbs. Loaf "
500 " Crushed "
500 " Pulv'd "
10 Half Chests Fresh Teas.
Pepper, Spices, &c. &c., for sale low.
Oct. 15, 1847. HILL WILSON & Co.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and all kinds of VESTINGS, a good assortment for sale cheap by
S. & W. S. EDSALL.

WHITE FISH.—20 bbls. of White Fish, prime articles just rec'd and for sale by
HILL, WILSON & CO.

Printer's Ink.

H. B. REED has on hand and intends keeping a constant supply of James superior *NEWS INK*, to which he invites the attention of Printers. It is warranted.

Teams Wanted!!

A. B. MILLER will give constant employment to almost any number of teams that may want to haul Lumber and Wheat from his Store and Mills to Noble County. All persons wishing such employment will do well call at A. B. Miller's, either at his store in Fort Wayne or Ligonier. July 27, '49.

BUGGY FOR SALE.—A new Buggy with 2 seats, calculated for one or two Horses—will be sold on application to A. B. Miller.

EDGAR CONKLING, WILLIAM WOOD, ALFRED WOOD.

CONKLING, WOOD & CO.
North side of Court Street, East of Broadway
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Manufacturers of

Pure White Lead,	Paris Green,
No. 1 Do	Chrome Green,
Red Lead,	" Yellow,
Litharge,	" Red,
Putty,	Chinese Blue,
Whiting, "fine dried"	Assorted Color'd Paints,
Paris White,	Cider Vinegar.

We have adopted the most approved method, as practised by the best Eastern Manufacturers, in manufacturing WHITE LEAD, and will warrant it equal to any made in the United States. Will warrant the quality of each article we manufacture to be as good as can be procured, and to give entire satisfaction. Offered at the lowest prices on usual time, or discount for cash. 326

IMPORTED CIGARS.—30,000 of the best brands; also a cheap article, 50 in a box, for sale low.
H. B. REED.

Notice.

THE Firm of SAMUEL HANNA & SONS was dissolved in July last. This is to give notice to all concerned, that the notes and accounts due said firm, both in this county and Noble, have been put in the hands of MR. WM. G. TAYLOR for collection, who is authorized to receive and receipt for the same. Many persons owing have been repeatedly called on for payment, and so often neglected to pay, until I have become ashamed to ask them again; but I assure all persons indebted that unless their attention is immediately directed to the subject, they will find those claims in the hands of an officer for collection.
SAMUEL HANNA.

Ft. Wayne, Nov. 29th, 1847. tf—22.

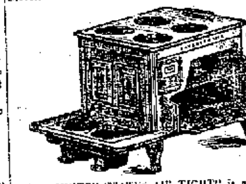
B. W. OAKLEY,

THANKFUL for the favors of the past, would respectfully inform his old customers and the public generally, that his Fall and Winter supply has in part arrived, and is still coming; so that by the close of navigation all demands for the season can be promptly filled.

STOVES.



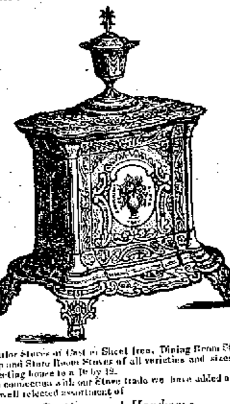
We place the "IMPERIAL AIR TIGHT" first; because we consider them decidedly foremost in the way of all Stoves.



The "UNITED STATES AIR TIGHT" is next, tho' many consider them equal, if not superior to those above—and with them may be classed the Washington and Troy Air Tights and the Quackenbos Air Tights, of Albany.

PREMIUM STOVES.

Among the different kinds of Premium Cooking Stoves we have the "Troy Victory," to the excellent qualities of which all who have ever tried them will readily attest. We selected them as the best premium stove in market, and the increased demand for them induced us to bring on a large assortment. We have also the common premiums from Buffalo and Cincinnati, and last though not least, the "Farmer," with no faces or superficial ornaments, but so well recommended that any one wishing a stove can take it, and bring it back again if it does not work well. Last, & least in the Cooking line stands the great "Hathaway," of Dayton, which we keep on hand for the especial benefit of those who prefer this to a better article.



Parlor Stoves of Cast or Sheet Iron, Dining Room Stoves, Shop and State Room Stoves of all varieties and sizes from a meeting house to a 10 by 12.

In connection with our Stove trade we have added a small but well selected assortment of

Castings and Hardware.

Consisting in the main of all the most essential and necessary articles used by farmers and mechanics.

Our Tin and Copper business is still as noisy as ever, and all hands ready and happy to wait upon those who desire any thing in our line.
B. W. OAKLEY.

N. B.—Old Copper, Brass, Rags, Ginseng, Beeswax, &c., &c., received in exchange for Goods. B. W. O.

Fort Wayne, October 23, 1847. y17.

SADDLERY,

At Wholesale and Retail.



THE Subscriber would respectfully inform his old customers, and the public generally, that he has just returned from Cincinnati with a large stock of LEATHER AND HARDWARE, which he is now manufacturing into *Saddles, Harness, Trunks, Saddle bags, Carpet-bags, Bridles, Collars,* and every other article that belongs to his line of business, and will sell at wholesale or retail lower than can be bought in any of the eastern cities, and will warrant all work to be well done.

N. B.—Shop opposite Jones' Block, and one door west of J. Lillie's Hotel; don't forget the place, for I am determined not to be undersold by any person here or elsewhere.
SAMUEL H. SHOAFF.

Fort Wayne, May 27, 1848. y47.

BLANK BOOKS.

THE attention of County Officers and others is called to a large and extensive stock of BLANK WORK now opening at WALKER'S No. 2, Hanna's Block, consisting of Quarto, Cap, Demy, and Medium *Ledgers, Dockets, Records, and Journals.* Memorandums of all kinds. A liberal discount made to those who wish them to sell again. Call and examine.
C. B. WALKER.

Fort Wayne, May 6.

RAISINS, Lemon Syrup, Ground Spices, &c. just received by A. B. MILLER.

LOAF SUGAR, Powdered, a first rate article for bar use, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

Air Tight Cooking Stoves.

HATHAWAY Patents, from Geplart Marshall & Co's Foundry, Dayton, Ohio, warranted two years, for sale at
S. & W. S. EDSALL'S.

TEA KETTLES, BAKE OVENS—Together with all kinds of Pots, Skillets and Spiders, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

THE TWO DIANAS, or the Son of a Count and the Daughter of a King, by Alexander Dumas, for sale at WALKER'S.

TOBACCO.—The lovers of "the weed" can find the cheapest and best article in the market at the new Grocery and Variety Store.
D. HUDSON.

Removal.

MRS DYKES returns her thanks to the ladies of Fort Wayne and the public in general for the liberal patronage she has received while doing business in Columbia Street, and respectfully informs them that she has removed to the new Brick Block on Calhoun Street, two doors South of Smith's Corner, where she will be happy to receive calls from all in want of Fancy Articles, Dry Goods, &c.—a new supply of which has just been received.

Dec. 2, 1848.

POETRY.

THE PRINTER'S HOUR OF PEACE.

Know ye the Printer's hour of peace?
Know ye an hour more fraught with joy?
Than ever felt the maid of Greece,
When kissed by Venus' amorous boy?

'Tis not when round the mazy case,
His nimble fingers kiss the type;
Nor is it when, with lengthened face,
The sturdy devil's tale he gripes.

'Tis not when news of dreadful note
His column all with *tristes* fill;
'Tis not when brother Printers quote
Th' effusion of his stump-worn quill.

'Tis not when in Miss *Fancy's* glass
Long *Advertisements* meet his eye,
And seem to whisper as they pass,
"We'll grace your column by and by."

No—reader—no—the Printer's hour,
His hour of real and sweet repose,
Is not when by some magic power
His list of patrons daily grows.

But, oh! 'tis when the weather's clear,
Or clad in hail, or rain, or vapor,
He hears in accents soft and dear—
"I've come to pay you for the PAPER."

From the New-York Sun.

THE INTRODUCTION,

OR,

THE TWO CLERKS.

BY HENRY.

In those years of speculation when money was made very fast, when a few water lots would realize a fortune in a week, John Nelson was head clerk in a large importing house in South Street. It is in the year 183– that our tale opens. Jack was a whole-souled fellow; he was open, frank and generous, and possessed a well-informed mind, which was constantly improved by reading, and well digesting every thing which he did read. He had reached his 22d year, was very good looking, also, but he was one of the most bashful fellows in existence. Place him in a room with a young lady, and Jack was no where.—He could shine any where else but there.—With the male sex he was on hand. He had been a clerk with a large mercantile house for seven years—he commenced with sweeping out the store, and had risen from the station of the youngest clerk, to that which he now filled, and his salary had risen in proportion, from $50 per annum to $1500. It is useless to say he enjoyed the entire confidence of the firm he was with. Jack had a mother, (his father was dead,) and she resided at a village in Connecticut—he had no brothers or sisters. Every year his employers gave him two weeks play spell—this would come off in July or August, and was spent with his mother. Jack was from that section, and when he came to New York for the first time, he was a stranger—knew no body, and no body knew him. An advertisement appeared in a newspaper, 'Boy wanted;'—Jack applied—the merchant liked his looks, and he got the place. For the first year he got a plate of 6¼ cents pudding at George W. Brown's down in Water street, for his dinner, and slept with a crony who had come along to New York with him. They hailed from the same place. Frank Condee loved Jack, and he had his friends and money, and a nice snug room in a boarding-house: he gave a cot bed in it to Jack. Next year Jack's star shone brighter; his salary was increased to $100, and he felt that he was independent.

There were never two young men so entirely different in every respect as Jack and Frank, although they were of the same age. Where men were concerned Jack was first—where women were in the case Frank led off. Both had early joined the old Mercantile Library Association, and at the time our story is dated, our friend Jack had recently been elected Vice President of that institution. They both boarded at this time at a house in Beekman-st., near Dr. Milnor's church, had a room together, and paid $3 50 each for board. The landlady was very pious, and a thorough going Finneyite at that, and she had a perfect hankering to provide for the immortal souls of young men who boarded with her, as well as to provide grub and feed for their mortal bodies. It was a regular thing to have grace at meals and evening prayers. But Jack kept his room, and Frank was rarely there until after the prayer hour had passed by. Jack was rather inclined to religion: he was strongly in favor of early piety, but he had his own ideas in that regard, and he was decidedly and most emphatically opposed to the interference of Mrs. Milkum, his landlady. Jack believed in Doctor Milnor, and attended his church twice on Sundays, and for some time he went to prayer meetings, on Sunday and Friday evenings. But on one occasion, the leading warden, (who had his eye on Jack for several nights,) learned his name, and openly asked,—'Brother Nelson, will you PUT UP a prayer?' The horrified but modest Jack PUT OUT at once, and never showed his face in that crowd again. But the church was still open—Jack had no fears that Doctor Milnor would call upon him either to pray or preach, and became still more regular in attendance. He never missed a sermon. Doctor Milnor was not the only attraction—close by Jack's seat, (for he had a seat there, and paid six dollars a year for it, and had a prayer book of his own,) was a pew. There were a great many pews, of course, but none so interesting to Jack as that pew, for there was seated every Sunday a beautiful girl, with dark brown hair, dark eyes, red cheeks, and decidedly the prettiest mouth Jack had ever looked at.—Jack was in love—downright, real love—and yet he did not know her. He had, it is true, learned the name of her father, and all about him. He was an extensive merchant in Broad-street, and he lived in St. John's Square—had a daughter, and her name was Alice.—This was all that Jack knew, and things remained in this state a year or more. Jack brooded over the matter, and gazed at those bright eyes until he was nearly deranged about them. 'But what chance have I?' thought Jack. 'I never danced attendance upon any female; I know nobody, have no means of getting acquainted with her; and if I had, I am such a perfect idiot, I should disgust her. But Jack did not neglect his business, nor his mother. No, No; he wrote mother every week, and early and late he was at the counting-house. But Sundays—why Sundays he devoted to religion and—Alice.—He followed her home; and at night he walked backward and forward modestly in front of the house, and wondered what she was doing, and if she ever gave a thought to the poor fellow who loved her so deeply and devotedly, but who had no friends save those he made for himself, and no female friend in the wide world save his mother who was far away. Jack kept his love to himself—he had no confidents. Frank was his only intimate friend. On Sunday nights Jack went home more low spirited than ever—he felt determined to get acquainted with her some way or other. But how?—That was the question to be solved. He knew no one who knew her. The darkest hour of the night just precedes day break.—'I have it,' said Jack, as an idea flashed across his brain, 'and I'll do it. I will confide it all to my chum—to Frank; he knows how to get acquainted with any girl in New-York, and then the idea that Frank might laugh and make fun of it, was too painful, and he decided to wait a week, and think of it. Before the week was over, the confession was forced out of Jack.

We have said Mrs. Milkum was a pious woman; she was decidedly so; and about this time Burchard, of great celebrity, was preaching at the Chatham street Chapel, (formerly Chatham street Theatre,) and drew crowds of the unconverted fun-loving citizens after him, Mrs. Milkum almost idolized that holy man, Burchard. She had a niece living with her, named Helen, and Frank, who fell in love with every girl he saw under twenty-five years old, was particularly sweet on Helen Milkum, and had engaged that night to accompany her and her aunt to hear Burchard. After tea he requested Jack to come up stairs. Jack complied. Frank shut the door, and said—

'Jack, my dear, I have a particular favor to ask of you. Will you grant it?'

Jack thought of Alice, and his design of asking a favor of Frank, and replied—

'Yes; what is it?'

'I want to take Helen to hear Burchard to night, and I don't want to take old mother Milkum, her aunt. Now that's a good fellow, just you ask and take the old lady with you?'

Jack agreed, and that night, found the four seated in the very centre of what had been the Old Chatham. Mrs. Milkum had chosen the most conspicuous seat in the building, in order to astonish the natives, in a way that we shall explain hereafter.

Jack cast his eyes around, when lo! in the very next slip behind him, there was Alice, and her father and mother. She had noticed him, and there was an intelligent gleam in her dark eyes, and a pleasant smile upon her lip. They belonged to Jack, but he did not know it; he never dreamed that she or any other woman but his mother ever thought of him.—Why should he? But so it was—she knew his name, and knew all about him, and began to love him for the very modesty of which he himself was so ashamed. The Chapel is crowded to excess; the services have commenced, the sermon is preached; and the Rev. Mr. Burchard leans over the pulpit and says; "If there are any unconverted, God-hating sinners, and bound to be damned, in this house, who desire to be prayed for, let them speak out, and come up and take a seat on this anxious bench."

There is a pause—a dead silence prevails; you could have heard a pin drop—but look, it is old mother Milkum. She rises—all look at her—she speaks. listen:

'I desire the prayers of Christians for three unconverted persons setting with me—John Nelson, Francis Condee, and Helen Milkum'—and down sat Mrs. Milkum.

Had a thunderbolt fallen—had a woman tumbled over the third tier—or any ordinary occurrence, Jack could have stood it; but Alice was there, and Alice too, in the Chapel, he was hopelessly crushed; and seizing his hat he rushed down the aisle more like a maniac than a sane man, and left the place for very shame.

Poor Alice felt for him—she understood it all, and was indignant. Helen blushed, and bowed her head out of sight; and Frank—look at the reprobate!—he rises as the man Burchard is about opening—he, too, speaks—every word is heard distinctly:

'I beg your pardon. Sir, but while your hand is in, have the goodness to pray for one more sinner, it is the old hater I board with, Mrs. Milkum. No. —, Beekman-st. who has just made the last request; put the whole party through while your hand is in;' and down sat Frank, smiling pleasantly upon the innumerable phizzes, who were looking at him with astonishment all this while; and Mrs. Milkum's eyes glared at him with the ferocity of an enraged tigress.

The prayer was made, and the congregation dismissed. Frank managed to lose Mrs. Milkum, and he and the pretty Helen did not reach Beekman street, for full two hours after she reached it alone.

Frank was evidently excited, and when he reached his room, where he found poor Jack almost in despair, he exclaimed, 'Jack, it's all up, now, and the sooner we evacuate these premises the better.'

'What is all up?'

'Oh, never mind. Helen and me left the old woman, and took a stroll alone, and she declares she will tell all, and if she does there will be something broke.'

This was all Greek to poor Jack, who now began to unbosom himself to Frank, and finally told him all his troubles. Frank forced it out, for he saw that Jack's mortification was very much enhanced by the presence at the Chapel of some young lady; and the moment he got this clue Jack had to unravel all of it.

'So, so, Mr. Sly—you are in love with that young girl on the seat back of us to-night, and she was witness of the whole scene;' and here Frank laughed till every thing rung again.

'Don't, Frank, do have a little mercy.'

'Mercy?' didn't I give old Mrs. Milkum fits? Oh, Santa Maria!' and here Frank told Jack what had passed after he shot out. There was some comfort in it, and he blessed Frank for making a request which threw ridicule on the whole transaction.

'Now, Jack, I will introduce you on the very night we get a new boarding house.'

'What, Frank, are you acquainted with her?'

'Of course I am; know her mother like a book; take you to the house any time; go out riding every day.'

Jack agreed, and did get a new boarding house the next morning, paid the bill for both, and moved to a Spanish house in the next street.

That day was a busy one with Jack. His mind was wandering up in St. John's Square, and thinking what he should do and say, when for the first time he should sit side by side with the gentle Alice—for he had seen Frank, and that worthy was so much delighted with Jack's promptness in getting a new place, that he had insisted upon taking Jack to see Alice Rich that night.

Jack did an unusual thing for him that afternoon; he asked permission of his employers to be absent from the counting room, notwithstanding it was packet night.

'Certainly, Mr. Nelson,' was the reply. 'We must excuse you when you ask, for it is rare. I hope nothing serious has happened?'

'Nothing, thank you Sir,' said Jack, and home he went, at 6 o'clock, and fixed and refixed until half past seven, when in came Frank.

'All ready, Jack, eh?'

'Yes.'

'Come on, then.'

And away the two went, heading for St. John's Park.

'What number is it Jack?'

'Why, I thought you said you'd been there; it's 40.'

'Oh, that's all right; a man may know a house without knowing the number—but you, Jack, I can't stay but a minute—I'll introduce you, and then you'll know what to say.'

'But Frank—!

'Never mind, here we are,' said Frank pulling at the knob.

Jack was speechless. The servant answered the bell.

'Is Miss Alice at home?' asked Frank.

'She is; walk in.'

They entered, and the servant closed the door, and showed them into the parlor.

They seated themselves. 'Quite a nice place,' remarked Frank; 'evidently respectable people.'

Jack was too much abashed to notice Frank's singular remark, and his heart got up in his mouth as Alice, looking more sweet and lovely than ever, entered the room. She smiled, and yet looked rather astonished.

Frank approached her—'Good evening, Miss Alice; a charming evening. I called for the special purpose of introducing my most intimate bosom friend, I may say.'

'Mr. Nelson, Miss Rich.' 'Miss Alice, this is Mr. Nelson.' Both parties bowed mechanically and awkwardly, when Frank observed, 'I told you John I was in a hurry, and must now leave you. You are now acquainted, and I hope will have a pleasant time of it. Good evening both.' and the imperturbable Francis took his hat, and deliberately left the premises.

'Well, I never—this is very singular,' commenced Miss Alice.

'It is; but my friend is—is in a hurry. I suppose—in fact, he—said so—'

'In a hurry, why, I never saw the man before in all my life.'

Reader did you ever in your life find yourself in a 'FIX'—in a tight place, where you would have liked amazingly to have oozed quietly out backwards through a gimblet hole, and then died decently for very shamefacedness? if so, then fancy the feelings of our friend Jack for an instant—he was speechless—it was but for a moment, and then out came the man: it was there, and had to come out, and it needed but this. He was outraged, indignant, and to feel that she, perhaps, would think him an accomplice in such a miserable piece of trickery. His face was as pale as ashes; he rose from his seat, and went to her side, and in a deep feeling voice, thus addressed the astonished girl:

'Miss Alice, do not for God's sake do me the cruel injustice to suppose for an instant that I am a party to such a base attempt to make your acquaintance. No, no, for long months I have looked forward to such a pleasure as the greatest in my life. I knew no one who knew you until my friend—I told him all—and he said he knew you, and that is why I came. Forgive me, and believe me, I would not for worlds have done this. I will bid you good evening, and hide my mortification in the street.'

He was about leaving the room, when she extended her hand—'Mr. Nelson, do not go yet. I am sure—in fact I know you have been imposed upon.'

A mountain was removed from Jack's breast—she remembered his name, that was something.

He pressed her hand for a moment, it was only a moment, but it sent a tingling sensation through every little vein in his whole body.

'Come, Mr. Nelson, sit down; you, I am sure, need not be in such a hurry as that impudent friend of yours.'

Jack felt better—decidedly better. She certainly was not VERY angry; and he did sit down; and she sat down by his side—and then they were both together, and Jack had to explain how it all happened, and about the boarding house woman, and the Chapel scene, and then come in his mother, and he had a long story to tell about his dear old mother, and how they loved each other, how he was an only son, and that they were poor, very poor; and that he left her alone and came away from his native village, to try and do some thing in New York; of his early struggles, of Frank's friendship; and days and nights of hard work in the counting house, and the confidence of his employers, and how ambition had grown up in him to be somebody, to be a merchant, and then it leaked out that he went to Dr. Milnor's church to see her; that for many months he had thought of her, and her only; and that now he had more ambition to rise for her sake, that he might be worthy of her, and—' Jack stops; she has held her head down, and her handkerchief up to her eyes.

'What a fool I am thought Jack; 'she is laughing at me;' but no, she has been listening—she could have listened all night, and she looks up to see why he stops. She withdraws her handkerchief and her watery eyes met Jack's; two bright pearly tears were trickling down her cheeks.

'Do not laugh at me, but indeed I had to cry. I was thinking of your darling mother John.'

What a lovely, affectionate girl; how kind of her, thought Jack.

'Laugh at you! No. But on the contrary, I was thinking how silly I must appear in telling you that long story that you can care nothing about.'

'Oh, you wrong me very much; indeed you do. It was very interesting. And do you mean to tell me that impudent fellow, Frank, as you call him, really aided you when you only received fifty dollars a year as a salary?'

'He did; and always was my friend till now. I never had any intimacy with any young man but him. I cannot forgive him for this.'

'Oh, you must not have any quarrel about this. You will think differently of it bye and bye.'

'Never! I will tell him what I think of it and never speak to him again; and I must endeavor to find some other way to be introduced to you.'

'Indeed?' and there was a very wicked smile about the pretty mouth of Alice, and a singular sparkle in her bright eyes as she gazed rather fondly at the innocent youth seated by her side, when she said 'INDEED.'

'Yes,' replied Jack; 'he shall apologize to you, too. I will bring him here to-morrow night, if you will let me.'

The pleased girl noticed Jack's quandary—but she was a sensible, shrewd girl, for her age. She saw at a glance his modest diffidence was working its own way clear of all obstacles, and that he was becoming aware of resources in his own character that had slumbered and lain dormant, and that he never was aware of before, and instead of relieving him and opening his eyes at once, by the simple words, 'we are acquainted well enough now, and the first opportunity I find I will introduce you to my parents,' she acquiesced in his decision; and really had a sort of curiosity to know what he would do next. 'Certainly you know what to do better than I do.'

'And will you allow me to call and see you when I am regularly introduced?' inquired Jack.

'With pleasure,' said the laughing girl and Jack again and again trusted that she would not consider him accessary to the imposition of Frank that evening; and being assured she would not, he bade her good night.

(Remainder next week.)

As an old woman was lately walking through one of the streets of Paris at midnight, a patrol called out, 'who's there?' 'It is I, patrol, don't be afraid.'

☞ An Englishman named Brooks, has lately published a book about California. In this work, he gives the following as Captain Sutter's account of the discovery of Gold on the Sacramento:

"I was sitting one afternoon," said the captain, "just after my siesta, engaged by the bye, in writing a letter to a relation of mine at Lucerne, when I was interrupted by Mr. Marshall—a gentleman with whom I had frequent business transactions—bursting hurriedly into the room. From the unusual agitation in his manner, I imagined that something serious had occurred, and as we involuntarily do in this part of the world, I at once glanced to see if my rifle was in its proper place. You should know that the mere appearance of Mr. Marshall at that moment in the fort, was quite enough to surprise me, as he had but two days before left the place to make some alterations in a mill for sawing pine planks, which he had just run up for me some miles higher up the Americanos. When he had recovered himself a little, he told me that however great my surprise might be at his unexpected appearance, it would be much greater when I heard the intelligence he had come to bring me.—"Intelligence," he added, "which if properly profited by, would put both of us in possession of unheard of wealth—millions and millions and millions of dollars. In fact." I frankly own, when I heard this, that I thought something had touched Marshall's brain, when suddenly, all my misgivings were put to an end by his flinging on the table a handful of scales of pure virgin gold. I was fairly thunderstruck, and asked him to explain what all this meant, when he went on to say that, according to my instructions, he had thrown the mill wheel out of gear, to let the whole body of water in the dam find a passage through the tail-race, which was previously too narrow to allow the water to run off in sufficient quantity, whereby the wheel was prevented from efficiently performing its work. By this alteration, the narrow channel was considerably enlarged and a mass of sand and gravel carried off by the force of the torrent.

Early in the morning after this took place, he (Mr. Marshall,) was walking along the left bank of the stream, when he perceived something which he at first took for a piece of opal—a clear, transparent stone, very common here—glittering on one of the spots laid bare by the sudden crumbling away of the bank. He paid no attention to this; but while he was giving directions to the workmen, having observed several similar glittering fragments, his curiosity was so far excited that he stooped down and picked one of them up. "Do you know," said Mr. Marshall, "I positively debated within myself two or three times whether I should take the trouble to bend my back to pick up one of the pieces, and had decided on not doing so, when, further on, another glittering morsel caught my eye—the largest of the pieces now before you. I condescended to pick it up, and to my astonishment found that it was a thin scale of what appears to be pure gold. He then gathered some twenty or thirty similar pieces, which, on examination, convinced him that his suppositions were right. His first impression was that this gold had been lost or buried there by some early Indian tribe—perhaps some of those mysterious inhabitants of the west of whom we have no account, but who dwelt on this continent centuries ago, and built those cities and temples, the ruins of which are scattered about these solitary wilds. On proceeding, however, to examine the neighboring soil, he discovered that it was more or less auriferous. This at once decided him. He mounted his horse, and rode down to me with the news as fast as it would carry him.

CLIMATE OF CALIFORNIA.

A correspondent of the New York Home Journal concludes a long letter descriptive of the town of San Francisco with the following description of the climate, which may prove interesting to our readers:

In concluding this letter, I will write a few remarks concerning the climate of San Francisco, and California in general. From the stiff reef-topsail breezes from the northward and westward which rushes from the entrance of the bay through the town, from mid-day until sunset, in summer, and the raw, uncomfortable south-easter in winter, the town of San Francisco is certainly the most disagreeable place for a residence in California; not so much, however, from the cold, as from its peculiar situation, exposed, as it is, to the strong north-west winds from the sea, through the opening at the entrance of the bay, and to the raw blasts from the south-east over the broad expanse of water forming the large eastern estuary of the first bay. During the prevalence of these winds, fires are very comfortable, and I might say necessary for health and comfort, in the present houses of San Francisco. The average range of the thermometer, the year round, in this port, is about sixty degrees; I do not remember seeing it below forty-three degrees.

At a distance of fifteen or twenty miles in the country, the temperature undergoes a feeling change; the cold appears to have been extracted from the sea breezes, leaving a pleasant and invigorating atmosphere to be exposed by the inhabitants of this charming region.—The belt of California, through which this climate extends, is, probably, the finest in the world. It commences in the north, at the Bappa and Sonora vallies, extending to the southward through the San Jose valley (a most lovely spot), and following the sites of the decayed missions, growing gradually warmer, until it reaches its acme of purity and voluptuousness at the well named City of the Angels.

In travelling farther inland, you cross one range of hills and enter the great valley formerly called San Buena Ventura, now the Sacramento and San Joaquim valleys. Here the temperature undergoes a considerable change, which, on looking at the geographical position, is easily accounted for. These valleys have the grand California mountains (the sources of the gold mines) for an eastern boundary, and the hills just mentioned for a western boundary. As these hills shut off all wind from the sea, one can easily imagine the torrid heat so much complained of during the past summer at the gold mines. These valleys get the benefit of the S. E. wind, accompanied by heavy rains in winter; and these facts, with the knowledge of their proximity to the snowy mountains, the sudden change from extreme heat to damp raw weather, and the want of suitable dwellings, will account for the sickness at, and sudden desertion of, the mines at this season of the year.

A Maiden Lady's Soliloquy.—"'Tis wond'rous strange how great the change, since I was in my teens, then I had beaux and billet-deaux, and joined the gayest scenes. But lovers now have ceased to vow; no way they now contrive, to poison, drown, or hang themselves—because I'm thirty-five. Once, if the night were e'er so bright, I ne'er abroad could roam, without—"The bliss the honor Miss, of seeing you safe home." But now I go through rain and snow—fatigued and scarce alive—through all the dark, without a spark—because I'm thirty-five."

BANK OF NORWALK, OHIO.

We understand from very good authority that the notes of this bank must ultimately be redeemed in full. The facts are these: about four years ago, the charter, banking house, &c. was sold, and went into the hands of nine stockholders, all sharing equal in the stock; but afterward one of them withdrew, assigning his share to one of the remaining eight, who has since had the principal management of the concern. The bank being an individual liability bank, the stockholders are responsible for the deficiencies. The question now comes up as to the ability of the stockholders. We are informed by the above authority, that their aggregate ability may be estimated at over $300,000.

As to the Sandusky Bank, we can hold out no very flattering encouragement.—*Thompson's Bank Note Reporter.*

Bank Fraud.—The Sandusky Bank it appears, made extensive preparations to defraud before bursting up. We are told that a large portion of their notes discounted previous to failing, were made payable at the *Sandusky City Bank*, and not the rotten concern, the Bank of Sandusky, the borrowers, not discovering the mistake until they had purchased sufficient broken Sandusky paper to lift their notes, when they found themselves "*in the wrong box*," and nicely swindled. This is a new trick in Bank swindling.—*Mansfield Shield and Banner.*

The Circleville Watchman expresses grave doubts about the solvency of the Circleville Bank. The Bank has recently issued large amounts of its notes with red backs, in exact imitation of the State Bank, evidently to delude the unwary and trade on a stolen capital. We learn that large quantities of this kind of paper is *in circulation in the State of* Illinois, where it passes as State Bank paper. The Watchman notices the arrival of some specie which was placed in the vaults late at night, and asks whether the Bank is about making a "report for the people."—*Cin. Eng.*

A few days ago a gentleman stepped up to us in the street, and with some anxiety asked us if the Circleville Bank was going to break. We replied we could not tell and asked what was the matter? He said its paper was the first to be paid out, and it looked suspicious, and too much of it was in circulation. From the above it seems that there is more in motion than might at first meet the eye.—*Ohio Statesman.*

A Literal Interpreter.—A Judge in New Orleans, a few days ago, fined a merchant $50 for allowing his side walk to be in a muddy condition, and also accompanied it with a severe lecture. The next day as he passed the place, he was pleased to see the force of his authority and eloquence exemplified in the condition of the sidewalk, which had not only been freed from every particle of filth and dirt, but had actually been washed down with soap, the curbstones whitewashed, and the whole banquette sprinkled with rose leaves, scented with cologne. The judge enjoyed the joke so well he remitted the fine.

☞ The Tiffies and Keystone is guilty of the following:—

"A friend of ours, a plain matter-of-fact man, in a conversation at the table, with his daughter, on the "fashions," happened to ask her yesterday what was the fashionable dress worn by Adam and Eve in Eden? She promptly answered that she supposed they wore *sleighing-robes*—i. e. bear (bare) skins. But, said the father, Adam had no sleigh and knew nothing of such an amusement.—Indeed, said the young lady; where then did his son learn *sleying*, for you'll admit Pa, that Cain did "slay?" Naughty young lady, that, to use up her father!"

Splitting the Difference.—A nice young gentleman, not a thousand miles from this, after a long and assiduous courtship, found himself one bright evening, the betrothed of a pretty girl, the very pink of modesty. One night he was about to take his departure, and after lingering about the door for some time in a fidget of anxiety, declared and protested to Miss Nancy, that he could not and would not leave until she had kissed him. Of course Miss Nancy blushed beautifully red, and protested in turn that she could not and would not do that. She never had done such a thing and never would until she was married—now he had it. The altercation and debate became deep and exciting, until the betrothed bolted outright and declared if he couldn't kiss her he couldn't have her—and was marching off. She watched him to the gate, and saw "the fat was in the fire," unless something was done.

'Come back,' then? said she, coaxingly, 'I'll split the difference with you—*you may squeeze my hand!*'

"*Oh, carry me back!*"—A flat-boat came down the Wabash the other day, which had, as is supposed, broken loose from some boat yard in the upper region. As it was passing opposite Pittsburgh, three of the courageous citizens of that place started in a skiff with the intention of catching and bringing her to shore. They succeeded in getting on board, when they immediately started one of their number to the shore with a cable to make fast. But, by some accident or other he was precipitated into the river, and had to swim for life. The two remaining on the boat, being without oars, had to content themselves with floating down stream. After floating some two or three miles, and finding it impossible to get on shore without swimming, they concluded to try the water, whereupon they pulled off their hats, coats and boots, (all of which were lost) made a desperate plunge, and succeeded in gaining the shore. In this condition they were "carried back" to their homes safe and sound. It is said that one of the gentlemen lost his unmentionables, but of this our informant was not positive.—*Delphi Weekly Times.*

KING OF THE ROOSTERS.—Gen. Bowen, of the *Bedford Gazette*, who never does things by halfs, chronicles the election of Democratic Senator in Gov. Johnston's district, by the parade of a crowing cock *as large as life*, occupying the entire side of his paper. Well, it is a victory worth crowing over, as it secures a Democratic majority in the Senate next year.—*Dem. Union.*

Weeds in Gravel Walks.—For more than ten years past I have used salt (but no other solution) for destroying and keeping down weeds in my gravel walks, with perfect success, perceiving that the application acted as a stimulant to reproduction. The contrary is the case. I sow the salt by hand in dry weather, and sweep it about thin and regularly as possible. I have seldom occasion to do this more than once in twelve months.—*Agricultural Gazette.*

To make a Baulky Horse Pull.—If a horse of a pair is baulky and the other not, tie a cord to the tail of the baulky horse to the doubletree, so that he must pull, and keep his end up even or have his tail pulled, and, my word for it, he will go ahead after getting one or two good pulls.—*American Agriculturist.*

To Prevent a Bruise from becoming Discolored.—Blood can be prevented from settling in a bruise, by applying to the part a cloth wrung out of very warm water, and renewing it until the pain ceases. The moisture and heat liquify the blood, and send it into the proper channels, which, by neglect or the use of cold applications, would become stagnant and fixed in green and black blotches under the skin.—*American Agriculturist.*

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

JOSEPH A. WRIGHT,

OF PARKE COUNTY.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR,

JAMES H. LANE,

OF DEARBORN COUNTY.

SATURDAY, MARCH 24, 1849.

Democratic Congressional Convention.

A Convention of Delegates from the several Counties composing the 10th Congressional District of Indiana, will be held at the Court House in the city of Fort Wayne, on Wednesday, the 23d day of May, 1849, at 11 o'clock A. M., to nominate a democratic candidate for Congress, to be supported at the next August election.

Each County is entitled, by former usage, to send one delegate to the Convention for every one hundred democratic votes polled at the last election; and in those counties where the fraction exceeds fifty votes, to one delegate in addition, as follows:

Adams,	4	Jay,	4
Allen,	11	La Grange,	6
Blackford,	2	Noble,	6
DeKalb,	6	Randolph,	8
Delaware,	7	Steuben,	4
Grant,	6	Wells,	4
Huntington,	5	Whitley,	5

By order of the District Committee,
DANIEL REED, *Chairman.*
February 10, 1849.

Adams County Democratic Convention.

Notice is hereby given to the Democracy of Adams County, Indiana, that a County Convention will be held at the court house in said county on Saturday, the 21st of April next, at 11 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Congressional and Representative Conventions; for the nomination of candidates for county officers; and the transaction of such other business as shall properly come before the Convention.

The respective townships are requested to appoint their delegates to said Convention on the first Monday of April next.

The ratio of representation in the Convention is fixed at one delegate for every six democratic votes polled at the last Presidential election, and one for every fraction above half that number. No township to have less than three delegates. Thus—

Hartford,	3	Kirkland,	3
Wabash,	8	Washington,	10
Jefferson,	3	St. Mary's,	6
Blue Creek,	5	Union,	3
Monroe,	4	Root,	10
French,	6	Preble,	8

By order of the Central Committee,
SAMUEL L. RUGG, *Chairman.*
February 21, 1849.

Allen County Democratic Convention

The Democratic Convention of Allen County will meet at the Court House in the city of Fort Wayne, on Saturday, the 19th day of May next, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of appointing eleven delegates to the Congressional Convention, and also to nominate candidates for the Legislature and the several county offices to be filled at the August election.

The democrats are requested to meet at the usual places of holding elections in their several Townships on Monday, the 2d day of April, and elect delegates to represent them in said County Convention in the following proportion, viz:

Aboite	3	Milan	3
Adams	5	Monroe	3
Cedar Creek	7	Perry	6
Eel River	3	Pleasant	3
Jefferson	4	Springfield	4
Lafayette	3	St. Joseph	4
Lake	4	Scipio	3
Madison	4	Washington	7
Marion	8	Wayne	20
Maumee	3		

By order of the County Committee,
S. C. FREEMAN,
March 9, 1849. Chairman.

WAYNE TOWNSHIP MEETING.

The democrats are requested to meet at the Court House on Monday, the 2d April next, at 2 o'clock P. M., to nominate delegates to the County Convention, and appoint a township committee.

By order of the Committee,
P. KISER, Chairman.

MAIL ROBBERY.—Frederick Fikel, the mail carrier, whose arrest for robbing the Logansport mail we announced in our last, has been after a full examination before Squire Bratton, at Huntington, committed to take his trial at the United States' Circuit Court, to be held at Indianapolis in May next, for the offence. In addition to the letters found near Huntington, several others were subsequently found stuck into a hollow log on the road side, near Lagro. The letters, which are all broken open, are detained to be used in evidence on the trial. A list of them may be seen at the post office in this place. All the letters mailed at this office are post marked the 20th and 23d January; it therefore appears that the mail had been plundered on two different occasions. As there is no appearance of the bag having been ripped open, it is supposed that the thief made use of a false key to open the lock.

Amongst the letters which have been thus thrown open to the inspection of the curious, is one from a distinguished neighbor of ours addressed to a young lady, giving a glowing description of a sleigh ride in which he had recently indulged, and several other very interesting topics. It is said to be a rich and rare production; we have been promised some extracts for publication.

Township Meetings.—We hope the democrats in every township will hold meetings at the time and place of the township elections and nominate their committees for the ensuing year, and also delegates to attend the County convention. As the next election will be a most important one there being a Governor and Member of Congress to elect, as well as the usual county officers, we hope this will be attended to, and the democratic party be fully organized in every township.

Township Assessors.—It must be borne in mind that in Allen county township assessors are to be chosen at the township elections.

IMPROVEMENT.—The Common Council of this city have decided to plank Columbia Street; and we understand it is in contemplation to plank Calhoun Street also. This is an improvement which was much needed.—We would suggest to the Common Council the propriety of having the side walks in all the streets either planked or otherwise improved, and suitable permanent crossings made at the corners, to enable our citizens, and especially the ladies, to leave their houses at all seasons, instead of being confined at home, as at present, by mud for a great part of the year.

The New Administration.—Public attention is of course directed towards the course of the new administration. As yet nothing has transpired to give any definite idea what that course will be. The cabinet is thoroughly whig; but we can hardly believe they will dare, after the triumphant success which has crowned the adoption of the democratic principles of free trade and the separation of banks and state, to make such a retrograde movement as to attempt the resuscitation of the exploded and obsolete humbugs of a protective tariff and a national bank.

In regard to removals from office, General Taylor stands firm; he seems determined to redeem his pledges, and proscribe proscription. So far as we have seen, only one removal—that of Wm. J. Brown of this state—has been made; all the other appointments sent in to the Senate have been to fill vacancies caused by the expiration of the term of office, or by resignation, and in some instances known democrats have been re-appointed.

We have always had a firm belief in the honesty and integrity of General Taylor, and could never believe that he could be made to falsify his pledges in this respect; and so far, his course has confirmed our belief. This may be a disappointment to office seekers, but it is highly honorable to General Taylor; and if, as is intimated in well informed circles, the cabinet cordially agrees with General Taylor in this respect, the world may yet witness the rare spectacle of whig promises, made before an election, being redeemed and fulfilled after the efforts of that party had been crowned with success.

Telegraphic Dispatches for the Ohio Statesman.

CASE OF GEN. SHIELDS—APPOINTMENT OF COMMISSIONERS UNDER MEXICAN TREATY.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 13, 1849.

Editor Ohio Statesman:

The committee appointed to examine the eligibility of Gen. Shields, of Illinois, to a seat in the Senate, reported against his eligibility. The report is to come up to-morrow for final action.

Gen. Shields made a speech, in which he professed a willingness to abide by the decision of the Senate. He also explained his letter to Mr. Breese.

Messrs. Evans, of Maine, Payne, of North Carolina, and Caleb B. Smith, of Indiana, have been nominated as Commissioners to settle the claims of American citizens against Mexico.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 14, 1849.

Judge Clayton, of Georgia, has been nominated Second Auditor of the Treasury, by the President.

In Senate, Mr. Calhoun moved to amend the resolution in relation to the eligibility of Gen. Shields to a seat in the Senate, by adding that Gen. Shields was ineligible at the commencement of the term for which he was elected. This motion elicited a long debate.

Mr. Shields then offered a letter resigning his seat.

Mr. Webster objected. If ineligible to a seat in the Senate, he had no power to resign it.

The whole subject was laid over till to-morrow.

The nominations sent in yesterday by the President were all confirmed. Several unimportant ones were sent in to day on which action has not yet been taken.

NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTIONS.

NEW YORK, March 15.

Editor Ohio Statesman:

Gov. Dinsmore, dem., is elected Governor of New Hampshire, and Geo. Wilson, whig, is re-elected to Congress.

LATE FROM CALIFORNIA.

The Engineers, to survey the railway route across the Isthmus had arrived, and were to commence operations at Chagres and Gorgona at the same time.

Latest from the Mines.—About 800 souls, it is calculated, will winter at the "dry diggings" alone. On Juba and Feather rivers, preparations are being made to pass the winter by a great number. Houses are constructed and supplies stored, but a scarcity of provisions prevails in every camp. At Juba a settlement has been formed near the upper "diggins"—150 houses have been erected, constructed chiefly of logs, and hopes are entertained of passing a comfortable winter. Upon the Middle Fork, at the newly-discovered "diggins," the worthy citizens of Drydiggins-*ville* are employed almost to a man, it is said, in mining, and with very fair success.

The diggers are mostly of the Oregon emigration. From $5 to five ounces per day is the stated yield. The gold is large and extremely beautiful, quite free from sand and pebbles. The usual process of taking it is by throwing up dykes and turning the water from its channel, or draining portions of the river's bed. In the eddies of the main stream it can be seen in great abundance, and at a depth of 25 and 30 feet in many places. At this aggravating distance it is quite harmless. Kanakas have dived with a desperation becoming pearl fishers, but 'no go'— the gold yet remains unfingered. Washing for gold has been generally given up for the season. The water is cold, and Jack Frost is regular in his morning visits. As we have before stated, very little gold will be gathered after the commencement of the rains.

Houses and shanties are so scarce, that a shanty ten by twelve will rent for $30 per month. A vast amount of suffering will be experienced by the thousands without shelter, when the rains commence. Lumber is worth $125 per 1000 feet.

The Tehuantepec Route.—Congress seems disposed to take no action upon either of the proposed routes for connecting the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, now offered for its consideration. In the meantime a party of surveyors have gone out to locate a railroad from Chagres to Panama, and Mr. HARGOUS, whose proposal for a road across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec we lately published, has already upwards of 400 men in constructing a route of carriages. We believe he intends running a line of small stages from Coatzacoalco to Tehuantepec. The shortness of this route, and the facilities for crossing from sea to sea, will undoubtedly cause a large number of emigrants to take it in preference to others.

The Whig Party in Congress.—The Washington correspondent of the Journal of Commerce, writing at the adjournment of Congress, says:

"It appears to me that there is no organization whatever in the whig party, and, therefore, it is that they have failed in regard to the accomplishment of necessary public business. They are broken up into clans, every one having their own banner and their own paper. Some are sectional, some moderate, and some terribly conservative.

"The Northern members, as such, will never carry a measure in Congress. I mean no party or sectional measure. They cannot agree well enough. The South being united by the tie of their institutions and being generally well drilled politicians and parliamentarians, will always get aid enough from the North to carry their point against members."

This is what we always predicted the boasted whig party would come to. Only *four* members of Congress taken into the cabinet!

To give our Whig readers an opportunity of knowing what their friends in the southern part of the district think about a convention, we copy the following from the Winchester Patriot:

Whig Congressional Convention.

We notice in the *Indiana Herald*, a suggestion to hold a Convention to nominate a Whig candidate for Congress for this (Tenth) Congressional District at the approaching election at HUNTINGTON, Huntington county, on the 1st *Wednesday* (4th day) *in April next*.

We think the suggestion as to the time and place a good one, and, other portions of the District concurring, will cheerfully agree to holding the Convention at such time and place. What say our friends of the Winchester Patriot, Muncie Signal, and Lagrange Whig? *Fort Wayne Times.*

So far as we of the Patriot are concerned, do not see any necessity for such a convention at the present time. We still entertain the same views in regard to this matter that we did two years since, when the subject was discussed in this district; we then opposed a convention to nominate a candidate, believing that it would be paramount to a defeat, and we are of the same opinion now. It will certainly not be contended that the prospects of electing a Whig to Congress from this District are any better now than they were then, but on the contrary, we regard them as having been greatly lessened, and by trammeling the candidate with the prejudices that naturally grow out of nominating by a convention, you render his defeat doubly sure. Such conventions are practicable and necessary only in districts where there is an available majority; and where the preference for individuals cannot be otherwise amicably adjusted, but in a district like ours it appears to us that no such necessity does or ought to exist. If we cannot succeed without a convention, we are quite certain that we cannot with one, and so there is but little to contend about; and we had hoped that the experience of the last six years of the convention plan of bringing out our candidate would have satisfied its most zealous and devoted advocates. If our northern friends intend to give us the candidate in the South the coming election, the matter is understood, and there is no necessity for a convention. Will our northern friends contend that they are again entitled to the candidate after three fair trials, in each of which the southern portion of the district battled nobly and manfully for the cause? Come, gentlemen, be a little more magnanimous in this matter. Give us the track without a convention, and we have reasonable assurance of succeeding, but without that there can be no mistake as to the result, defeat will again be certain. If a convention must decide this question, we doubt very much from the state of feeling that now exists here, if there could be a solitary delegate prevailed upon to attend such a convention. If our friends of the north are unwilling to yield the track to JUDGE KILGORE without a formal convention, all we have to say is, go ahead and select your man, and we promise to do the best for him we can.—*Winchester Patriot.*

ARTICLE OF AGREEMENT.

This Indenture, made the seventh day of November, one thousand and forty-eight, between the great Democratic party of the United States, *Party of the first part*, and the Federal party, alias the Peace party, alias the Federal Republican party alias the whig party, alias the No-party, also of the United States, *Party of the Second part*, witnesseth, that the party of the first part has agreed and by these presents do agree, to relinquish and give over unto the party of the second part, on the 4th day of March next the possession of the Capitol at Washington, together with all the power, patronage, offices, loaves and fishes perquisites and picking thereunto appertaining also the White House with the silver plate, silver forks and *gold spoons*, the cabinet-ware, the kitchen-furniture and all other goods and chattles therein contained, to HAVE and to HOLD the same during the term of four years thence next ensuing.

And in consideration of the privileges herein granted, aforesaid, the party of the second part has agreed, and by these presents does agree to give unto the said party of the first, during the aforesaid term of four years, the sole, free, uninterrupted, and entire use of his celebrated old *Homestead* on the shady banks of Salt River, with the privilege of ascending and descending said Salt River whenever circumstances or his necessities shall render it necessary; and also the right, at all times during the said term of four years, to bathe in the said Salt River, so that said party of the first part, may, during his retirement, fully avail himself of any disinfecting, renovating, or invigorating powers which the saline waters of said river may possess.

The aforesaid parties do also further agree, that at the expiration of the aforesaid term of four years, that is, on the fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, each of said parties shall promptly retire and permit the other peaceably to re-enter and to re-occupy his former possessions and rightful inheritance.

In witness whereof the parties aforesaid have caused their legally constituted agents to affix their respective names and seals on the said day and date first above written.

JAMES. [SEAL]
ZACHARY. [SEAL]

Break in the Miami Canal—Great Destruction of Property.

CINCINNATI, March 12, 1849.

The culvert on the Miami Canal, one mile above the city, gave way last night, causing a great destruction of property by the overflow. A dam has been thrown across, and boats will land at the Brighton House, from whence goods are drayed to and from the city. It will require from two to four weeks to repair the damages.

MEETING OF GENS. CASS AND TAYLOR.—A correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, writing from Washington, says Gen. Cass, in company with Mr. Fitzgerald, the Senator from Michigan whose place Gen. Cass now takes called to pay his respects to Gen. Taylor. On entering the room the General was seated, but perceiving Gen. Cass he rose and went to meet him. "Good morning, General, how do you do?" says Gen. Taylor. "Very well, indeed, General Taylor; this is the second time I follow your route, but you got twice ahead of me." "The race," repeated Old Zack, with great urbanity, "is not always to the swift, nor the battle to the strong." The audience smiled. "How do you find yourself after the long journey?" "Tolerably well," replied Taylor. "In Indiana they knocked in a few ribs; but it's nothing—a mere 'circumstance!'" "I shall be happy to see you. Do call whenever it is convenient." Exit Gen. Cass. On coming out, an old friend of Gen. Cass, shaking him by the hand, observed to him, "I have stumped it in seven States for you, and all voted right; but it would not do." "I wish you had stumped it in one or two more," said General Cass, good-naturedly, and the parties seperated.

On the last night of the session of Congress $50,000 was *appropriated* for an additional purchase from the inventor of Colt's improved repeating pistols, and a joint resolution was adopted instructing the Secretary of War to furnish these arms to emigrants going to California, at the government cost prices. They are thus advantageously supplied on a written application to the War Department.—*Washington Union.*

JUDGE EMBREE is so well satisfied with eight dollars a day and extra mileage for one session of Congress, that he is willing to try it over again with the *extra off*. He thinks it better than to get beaten for Govenor, or to be elected three years at only $1500 a year, and find himself! There are many like him.—*Ind. State Sentinel.*

MR. EMBREE DECLINES!!

By the following correspondence it will be seen that Mr. Demagogue Embree "comes down, Capt. Scott." He understands perfectly well that the coon who stands before Jos. A. Wright in the present contest will be *skinned*; there is no help for it. His hide is bound to come! This tacit acknowledgement of weakness won't help the whig ticket low-ard much. But to the letters:

INDIANAPOLIS, February 20, 1849.

DEAR SIR:—On the third of last month, the Whigs of Indiana held a Convention in this city, to nominate candidates for Governor and Lieut. Governor. Your name was selected as the proper one to be presented to the people of this State, for the first office, and we trust you will accept the nomination thus tendered to you. With sentiments of high regard, we are

Yours respectfully,
JOHN D. DEFREES,
On behalf of the Whig Central Committee.
Hon. E. EMBREE.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington City, Feb. 28, 1849.

State Central Committee—GENTLEMEN:—At a late hour last night I had the honor to receive from you the official announcement of my nomination as a candidate for Governor.

Believe me, I feel duly sensible of and grateful for the distinguished compliment thus conveyed; yet, causes which are paramount with me force me to decline the acceptance of the nomination. Certainly my first duty, as a public man, is to obey the wishes of the people of my own Congressional District, who have so generously sustained me in every relation in life, and I cannot mistake their desires. Letters reach me daily, from commanding sources, as well as publications of leading journals in my Congressional District, requesting the use of my name as their candidate for congress. I do *not* feel at liberty to disobey their commands.

Allow me to express again my deep gratitude to the people of Indiana for the high compliment so undeservedly tendered me, and to add my conviction that there are very many of our citizens—far more worthy, and far more commanding in position than myself—from whom a candidate may be selected for the approaching gubernatorial election.

With respect, your fellow citizen,
E. EMBREE.

☞ The Whig Junto of Indianapolis are called upon to meet on the 31st of March for the purpose of nominating a candidate in Mr. Embree's place. The whigs throughout the State will probably not fancy a candidate chosen *just in that way*.—but with that we have nothing to do. Let them "roll up, tumble up, any way to get up" a candidate. *We* are not at all particular.—*Ind. State Sentinel.*

Inklings of the Future.

We had heard it stated on the announcement of Mr. Meredith's name as Secretary of the Treasury that he was liberal in his views, and not of the Andrew Stewart sort of mad tarifites.

Greely in a letter from Washington to the Tribune, speaking of Abbott Lawrence, who he supposed at the writing, would accept of the Navy Department, says:

"On the Tariff question his views are very moderate though favorable to protection—more moderate than we think conducive to the interests of the *whole* country, though for Massachusetts—having her manufactories already established and nearly perfected—they would answer very well."

And then of Mr. Meredith:

"Mr. Meredith is said to cherish similar leanings, and I apprehend the new administration will incline to half-measures on this vital subject to an extent likely to purchase present ease and immunity from opposition at the expense of permanent national injury."

Mr. Meredith does not seem to have been the choice of the ultraists of the whig party, by any means. A writer of the Herald gives the following:

"We have already had a strong proof that General Taylor possesses more strength of purpose than is generally conceded to him.—Yesterday afternoon the Pennsylvania delegation called upon him for the purpose of entering a protest against the appointment of Mr. Meredith to the Treasury Department.—The scene has been related to us by an eye witness—a gentleman whose predilections would not lead him to exaggerate the matter. The delegation was introduced to the General, who received them of course, with great urbanity. They stated they had called for the purpose of expressing, deferentially, their opinion, as representing Pennsylvania, of an appointment which it was rumored had been, or was about to be made—they alluded to the Secretaryship of the Treasury, which it was believed generally, had been offered to Mr. Meredith of their State. They trusted the rumor was unfounded; as that gentleman's appointment to a post of such high honor and great influence, would be so unpopular in the State to which they belonged, that they would prefer waiving the claims of Pennsylvania altogether in preference to it. The General, it is said, looked at them with blank astonishment, and well he might. He at length said, that he was very glad indeed to see the gentlemen who had done him the honor of calling upon him; but as to the matter to which they had referred, he begged to say that his mind was made up, and he would not change it.

"Pennsylvania has been noted for its sturdy bearing. Even Jackson had to succumb to the great mart of coal and iron. General Taylor, it is asserted, also waived his predilections in favor of Horace Binney, at the solicitations of the Pennsylvania delegation; but he had determined, it would appear, to choose a man who had not been mixed up with politics. In other words, he refused to appoint Andrew Stewart, Esq., and he declined to be tied at the outset by men who would very willingly take all the trouble of administering the government from off his hands. This first stand which he has taken is an auspicious one, and if General Taylor continues to follow it up, and to carry out those principles and views which his letters and speeches have enunciated, he will merit and will receive the cordial support and sympathy of the great body of the American people. General Taylor was elected under the impression that he would pursue an enlightened, moderate and elevated policy. If he should do so, his administration will be second only to that of the father of his country; if not, it will be execrated. There is a wide, and unfathomable distance, betwixt these two results, and yet in the outset they are merely separated by one quality—firmness. General Taylor unquestionably is honest in his determination, the only question, then is, has he sufficient firmness to carry them out? The reply must be left to time.

"Gen. Taylor in his conversations speaks with an evident gusto of his Mexican campaign."

☞ It will be remembered by some of our readers that in February, 1846, the editor of the Fort Wayne Sentinel was assailed with a sword cane by William G. Ewing, a Fort Wayne whig of the greatest magnitude, who got kicked for his pains. At the late session of the Allen Circuit Court, Ewing was indicted and fined $50 and costs. Beaten for Congress, kicked by an editor whom he hates with infinite malignity, fined by the courts, and despised by the people! Surely his sufferings *is intolerable*.—*Ind. State Sentinel.*

The heads of bureaus and clerks in the several Departments at Washington waited on the members of the retiring Cabinet, in a body, and took formal leave of them, on Saturday the 3d inst. They also paid Mrs. Mason, lady of the late Secretary of the Navy, the compliment of a call.

The Bill relating to California.—The following is the act which passed Congress just before its close, to extend the revenue laws of the United States over the territory and waters of Upper California, and to create a collection district therein:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the revenue laws of the United States be and are hereby extended to and over the main land and waters of all that portion of territory, ceded to the United States by the "treaty of peace, friendship, and limits, between the United States of America and the Mexican Republic," concluded on the 2d day of February, in the year 1848, heretofore designated and known as Upper California.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That all the ports, harbors, bays, rivers, and waters of the mainland of the territory of Upper California, shall constitute a collection district, by the name of Upper California, and a port of entry shall be and is hereby established for said district at San Francisco, on the bay of San Francisco; and a collector of customs shall be appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to reside at said port of entry.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That ports of delivery shall be and are hereby established in the collection district aforesaid, at San Diego, Monterey, and at some convenient point within the territory of the United States, to be selected by the Secretary of the Treasury, as near as may be to the junction of the rivers Gila and Colorado, at the head of the Gulf of California. And the collector of said district of California is hereby authorized to appoint, with the approbation of the Secretary of the Treasury, three deputy collectors, to be stationed at the ports of delivery aforesaid.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the collector of said district shall be allowed a compensation of $1,500 per annum, and the fees and commissions allowed by law; and the said deputy collectors shall each be allowed a compensation of one thousand dollars per annum, and the fees and commissions allowed by law.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That, until otherwise provided by law, all violations of the revenue laws of the United States, committed within the district of Upper California shall be prosecuted in the district court of Louisiana, or the supreme court of Oregon, which courts shall have original jurisdiction, and may take cognizance of all cases arising under the revenue laws in the said district of Upper California, and shall proceed therein in the same manner and with the like effect as if such cases had arisen within the district or territory where the prosecution shall be bro't.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That this act shall take effect from and after the 10th day of March next.

The Pressure of Office Seekers.

It is highly creditable to the democracy that no such scenes ever occurred at the National Capitol when they were triumphant, as have been witnessed on two occasions by the Federalists. Whether it is their excruciating hunger or their lack of common sense and common politeness, we cannot say, but two things are certain—firstly, that in 30 days they murdered "Old Tip," and in the short space of five days they have nearly brought "Old Zack" to the sick bed.

The following we find in the *National Whig* of March 10th, and we commend it to all those who are about putting for Washington with petitions in their pockets for the "loaves and fishes."

"We would most respectfully suggest to our fellow-citizens now assembled in this city, from all parts of the Union, whether it would not be more to the comfort of the President for them to avoid the ceremony of shaking hands with him, when they call to pay him their respects, and be quite as satisfactory to them not to indulge in the practice as to indulge in it? It ought to be remembered that, shaking the hand and arm is a blow to the whole body, and that shaking hands a thousand times in a day is equal to a thousand blows.—The repetition of this infliction for six days in the week, is cruel in the extreme to the person suffering the infliction. Yesterday, the President was so much exhausted when he retired from the reception room, and his nervous system so unduly excited, that it was some time before he could compose himself. We are sure that it only needs to call the attention of visitors to the effects of shaking hands, to induce them to abstain from its adoption when they meet the President. His hand is warm and open to all, but let none ask for it, or take it. It has enough to do to take the reins of the government of this Republic."

In the above extracts there are volumes under cover. Gen. Taylor, who never blanched at the blood and carnage that surrounded him—who never moved a nerve at the balls that flew like hail, and heated by friction the very atmosphere he breathed—retires nervous, feverish, bewildered by the pressure of office seekers that crowd his threshhold, and force upon him affection and love, from lips and hearts that have scarcely ceased denouncing the war and *urging* Congress not to make appropriations to feed his soldiers in the enemy's country.

Driving away the Office Hunters.—The same National Whig after speaking of General Washington's mode of doing business says:

"Again, to the application for public office, this old Washingtonian rule is invaluable. It secures a fair hearing of his merits, and it is the only possible way, he can get a fair hearing. Already we see its good effects. Hundreds who came here for office, have gone home, satisfied of the justice and propriety of the rule. *Personal* intercession with President Taylor, as with President Washington avails nothing. So it was with Washington's cabinet, so it will be with Taylor's cabinet.—The city is being fast relieved of the pressure of place-hunters and in a few days *more*, the President and *Secretaries* will scarcely have a call upon *them* for office. Their time being thus undisturbed, they will be able to devote it to the rapid execution of the public business."

If the Washingtonian system is good for nothing else, it seems somewhat effective in driving off the "anxious" horde of patriots, to the places where they come from.—*Ohio Statesman.*

THE FIRST HEAD OFF.—Mr. William J. Brown, Second Assistant Post Master General, has the honor of being the first martyr.—He was a most efficient officer in the department, and a gentleman of decided abilities.—He is succeeded by Mr. Warren, of Iowa, who is reported to have been the employee of the Boston capitalists in bringing in the Mormon vote at the last elections in Iowa.—*Washington Union.*

"The blood of the Saints is the seed of the Church," and as brother Brown was one of the very cleverest and best of officers at Washington, his blood will ripen the best kind of seed. He will soon be back in a seat in Congress from the sovereign people, and *tell his* own story. An honester, or more capable officer, or a more real clever, whole-souled man, of the true western character, never filled office. We feel a little snubbed that we were not first; but we shall soon be in.

We regret the story about Mr. Warren.—It does not fit Gen. Taylor's standard, and of course he must go out again. That purchase of the Mormon vote is one of the blackest acts of modern political hypocrisy, which no man of "honesty, capacity, or fidelity," would engage in. "Look to the Senate!"—*Ohio Statesman.*

AMUSEMENTS AT WASHINGTON.—General Taylor, no doubt, intends to be honest if they will let him. The old soldier, after so many months of pledges to the people that partyism, so injurious to the country, was to be blotted out or greatly modified in his election, is not so disposed to "surrender" without a struggle. But the pressure of office seekers is greater than the pressure of the Mexicans at Buena Vista, and the old man, in the last hours of his glory, will have to basely surrender—cave in—and become a subordinate, instead of a commander! Then good bye to all the honors that Old Zack will ever win in his new position.

The letters from Washington are amusing enough. We give some extracts:

From the New York Herald

WASHINGTON, March 8th, 1849.

* * * * * *

We have, also, clever authority for the declaration, that General Taylor is not so fast as his Cabinet—that he believes his letters of '48 to have been written in good faith—that he is simple enough to think that honesty becomes a public man, and that declarations which the country, *bona fide*, accepted and accredited, ought to be respected. To all of which we say, amen!

We suppose that it is on account of this circumspection—this reservation of good faith in General Taylor, that no nominations were sent into the Senate to day. We suppose that the good old man feels that on his own judgment the weight of the responsibility is to rest; that, inexperienced as he is—that, novel and overwhelming as are the difficulties of his important trust—that, pressing as are the hungry vultures of party that darken, like a cloud, the horizon of the White House—we do suppose that he believes there are obligations to truth, to conscience, to the country, and the sincere impressions of the people, which ought not to be disregarded.

Upon suppositions like these, we account for the war which is said to have commenced between the no-party or original Taylor men and the orthodox whigs, who can pronounce the shibboleth of the party without stuttering at a syllable. And an important question to be settled, as a preliminary question, is this: are the whigs to monopolize the appointments, or are the original supporters of General Taylor, men of no party, or rather of every party, to have their *per capita* of the offices? Detachments of these opposing elements are actively at work. The result, thus far, appears to be in favor of the monopoly of the whigs, they having the balance of power, though but little of definite information can be arrived at to day.

From the New Albany Democrat.

AN EXTRAORDINARY LETTER FROM GENERAL SHIELDS.—Many circumstances have occurred of late to destroy or at least very materially to diminish the respect and esteem which we had before entertained for General James Shields, lately elected United States Senator from Illinois. That he did his country good service on the fields of Mexico, none will deny, and that he should receive the evidences of the nation's gratitude is very natural, and it is right that it should be so. We have believed that General Shields was too anxious for applause—too fond of display, but all this might be excused on the score of vanity.

But more serious charges have of late been brought against General Shields. His political integrity has been called in question. It has been given out in well informed circles, that Senator Shields would yield a support to the Taylor administration on several questions on which it is well known that the democratic party differ from that administration; and we must confess that in following General Taylor from place to place, and making adulatory speeches on the new President, he has given color to these outgivings.

Our present design, however, is to call public attention to the following letter from General Shields to the Hon. Sidney Breese, and the comments of the latter thereon. The letter is one of the most extraordinary productions we have ever read, and, though it comes from a professed democrat, we must characterise it as disgraceful to its writer. It will at once sink General Shields in the eyes of the nation, and bring down upon his head the withering rebuke of all high-minded and peace loving men. If we have spoken with severity on this most extraordinary letter, it is because we believe it betrays a spirit and a purpose which should be at once frowned down in a republican government, and which involves matters of far more importance than the mere temporary success of a party:

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26, 1849.

GENTLEMEN:—The extraordinary character of the following letter from Gen. Shields, received through the mail on the morning of the 24th inst., imposes upon me the necessity of giving it publicity, with some comments thereon. I have, therefore, to ask of you sufficient space in your columns for that purpose.
Very respectfully,
Your obedient, &c.,
SIDNEY BREESE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22, 1849.

SIR:—On my return to this country from Mexico, broken in constitution, feeble in health, and still suffering under the effects of wounds, you were the only man in the city of Washington who received me with coldness and unkindness. When this city honored me with a public dinner, which was generously intended as a compliment not only to me but to my State, you were the only man who declined to attend that dinner. You went further. You propagated a report here in Washington, and circulated it afterwards in Illinois, that I was ineligible to the office of Senator; and this, too, after I had poured out my blood like water in the battle fields of my country. You published an article in the St. Louis Republican charging me with *ineligibility*,—doing that which I thought no man in the United States would have been mean enough to do in my case, even if it had been true. You however, did this, knowing it to be untrue.—On this subject I have simply to say that, had I been defeated by you on that ground, I had sworn in my heart that you never should have profited by your success; and, depend upon it, I would have kept that vow regardless of consequences. That, however, is now past, and the vow is canceled by your defeat.—Why I address you now is simply this:

In 1840 you gave me something in the shape of a final certificate of naturalization in the Effingham court. You knew at the time that I was naturalized by law, and by the naturalization of my father, while I was a minor. I told you the circumstances, and, as then I talked of going to Canada in case of war, you offered to give me a certificate which would simplify the proof in the case of difficulty.—Now, I wish you to give me a letter acknowledging these facts. I write you a private letter for that purpose. I should have sent a friend at once, and imperatively demanded such a letter, but I felt that in disgracing you, I would disgrace the States that made you and myself Senators; and I also wished to give you an opportunity to make this acknowledgment quietly. If, however, you persist in your course of injustice toward me, and refuse this request, I here give you fair warning—let the consequences fall on your own head—I shall hold myself acquitted both before God and man for the course I shall feel bound to pursue toward you.

Your obedient servant,
JAMES SHIELDS.

HON. SIDNEY BREESE.

General Shields begins his letter by referring to the wounds he received in Mexico.—This allusion seems quite unnecessary. The whole country, and particularly the people of Illinois, are familiar with the fact that he bears honorable scars upon his person. For these wounds he has already received a liberal share of sympathy from his grateful countrymen. However, I am not disposed to cavil at this part of his letter. It is a matter of taste that does not concern me.

I deny most positively that I treated General Shields with "coldness and unkindness" on his return from Mexico. Immediately on his arrival in this city, I called to pay my respects to him, and, not finding him at home, left my card, as is the custom. A few days after this, I met General Shields, when his manner toward me was so cold and repulsive that I saw all familiar personal intercourse was at an end, and of course I did not attend the dinner given to him. I repeat that I did not treat General Shields with "coldness and unkindness," for I entertained, at that time, none other than the most friendly feelings toward him; and I confidently appeal to the whole history up to this time of our personal, professional, and political intercourse to support this declaration. As to his eligibility to the office of Senator, I can only say that I "propagated" no "report," here or elsewhere, in relation to it. In conversation upon the subject, I stated to a friend a fact, which the record of the Effingham circuit court will establish, and "blood," no matter where or how "poured out," cannot alter that record or change the constitution of the United States. The assertion of General Shields that I charged him with "*ineligibility*" in an article in the St. Louis Republican, not only is it not true, but is without any color of truth. I positively assert, and defy contradiction, that I did not write, nor cause to be written, nor knew until after its publication that it had been written, that, or any other article, for that or any other paper in relation to this subject.

Not the least so of the many remarkable passages of the letter of General Shields is the following: "On this subject I have simply to say that, had I been defeated by you on that ground, (the ground of ineligibility) *I had sworn in my heart, that you never should have profited by your success; and depend upon it, I would have kept my vow regardless of consequences.*" Certainly it is fortunate for the honor of the country that this rash "vow" has been "canceled" by my defeat! General Shields submits his pretensions to a seat in the Senate to a Democratic caucus of the Illinois Legislature, and agrees expressly, or by the clearest implication, that he will abide by their decision; and yet it appears that at this very moment "he had sworn in his heart" to defeat the will of the party if it had pronounced in favor of his most prominent competitor; and, in order to accomplish his purpose, he determines to perpetrate an assassination; for such is the obvious import of his language. Such a design and such a deed are revolting to the American mind and foreign to the American character. They are worthy only of the most infamous age of Italian crime. If our political contests are to be mingled with, or followed by, personal violence, how long will our elective system endure? Without further comment, I submit this extraordinary passage to the consideration of candid men, Christians and patriots, who love and respect the laws and institutions of our country, and desire to guard and defend them against all violation.

General Shields says: "In 1840 I gave him *something in the shape of a final certificate of naturalization*," which was "to simplify the proof in case of difficulty." The naturalization laws do not recognize "something" or *anything* "in the shape of a final certificate" to "simplify proof in case of difficulty," or for any other purpose. How, then, could I, a circuit judge, have given him any such paper? The statement has no fact, legal provision, or probability to support it. The truth is, no such "certificate" was ever given by me. He may, or may not, have procured a copy of the record of his naturalization under the seal of the court, and that is the only certificate I could have any connection with, directly or indirectly. The first and only knowledge I ever had of General Shields' father, either in connection with his citizenship or in any other connection, I derived from an article published in the St. Louis Republican, a short time subsequent to the election of Senator. And I have yet to see or hear of any man in Illinois or elsewhere who knew that his father was even a resident of this country. General Shields says I knew that he (being a minor at the time) was naturalized by the naturalization of his father, because he "told me of the circumstances." Suppose he did tell me so (which I positively deny), does that make it so? Even though his assertion might convince me of the fact, a bundle of certificates from me, no matter how strong, would be of no legal value. If it *be* true that his father was in this country and naturalized, is it possible that General Shields should *know* the fact, and *not know* the State and county where it occurred? When authentic copies of those naturalization papers, if they exist, could be so easily procured, is it not strange he should attempt to extort from me by menace a statement which, if obtained, could have no legal bearing upon the subject?

What the "consequences" are against which General Shields gives me "fair warning," if I persist in what no sane man will call "injustice," I am equally ignorant of and indifferent to. One thing is certain, be they what they may, I have not given, nor shall I give him, any "statement" of the character required, either "quietly" or upon "imperative demand."

In conclusion, I will state that I have neither provoked nor desired the necessity that has impelled me to make this communication. I respectfully submit it under the full conviction that it is called for by the circumstances.

SIDNEY BREESE.
WASHINGTON, February 26, 1849.

NOTICE.

All persons favorable to the organization of a FARMERS' & HORTICULTURISTS' CLUB for Fort Wayne and vicinity, are requested to meet on Monday evening next, 26th March, at the Spencer House, where measures will be taken to effect an organization.

MANY FRIENDS.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE SENTINEL,
Fort Wayne, March 24th, 1849.

The high waters and intolerable condition of the roads for a week or two past have prevented produce coming in. Prices remain about the same. Wheat 60 a 65; Corn 22 a 25; Oats, scarce, 20 a 22; Clover Seed 3,00 a 3,25; Beans 1,25; Butter 10 a 12; Eggs 6 a 8; Potatoes 50 a 62, and quite scarce; Beef is scarce and would readily command 4 a 4½.

DIED.—On Thursday last, aged 20 years, Mr. Thomas R. Lewis, of this place.

Arrivals and Departures of the Mails at FORT WAYNE, Ind.

	Arrives.	Departs.
Piqua	Mon., Wed., & Fri.	Sun. Tues. & Thurs
Logansport & Toledo	"	Tues. Thurs & Sat
Elkhart	Wednesday & Sat.	Tuesday & Friday.
Lima	Friday	Tuesday.
Angola	Tuesday	Wednesday.
St. Joe	Saturday	Friday.
Van Wert	Sunday	Saturday.
Winchester	Tuesday & Saturday	Monday & Friday.
Whitley	Saturday	Saturday.

These Paragraphs are not Editorial.

J. G. Barber, of Le Roy State of New York, says that the Great American Remedy, Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture, sells in his section better than any other remedy — It has made some astonishing cures, and is in consequence sought after by all classes of people. The most singular part of this business is that no matter what complaint you have, this article seems to help it, in fact it cures it. We know these notices which we publish read rather strong sometimes, but it is so. No article in the whole medicine line has done so much; and if you will call on the Agent in this paper he will tell you of cures which have found health by the use of this article which have tried everything else in vain. See Great American Remedy, Dr. G. C. Vaughn's Lithontriptic Mixture. Get a pamphlet.

☞ MOST EXTRAORDINARY WORK!!!

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S

Private Medical Companion.

BY DR. A. M. MAURICEAU,

PROFESSOR OF DISEASES OF WOMEN.

Sixth Edition. 18mo. pp 250. Price One Dollar.

50,000 Copies Sold in Six Months!

YEARS of suffering of physical and mental anguish to many an affectionate wife, and pecuniary difficulties to the husband might have been spared; thousands now poor would have enjoyed competence; thousands now broken in health would have enjoyed it; hundreds now in their graves been still alive, by a timely possession of this work.

It is intended especially for the married, or those contemplating marriage, as it discloses important secrets which should be known to them particularly.

Truly, knowledge is power. It is health, happiness, affluence.

The revelations contained in its pages have proved a blessing to thousands, as the innumerable letters received by the author will testify.

Here, also, every female—the wife, the mother, the one either budding into womanhood, or the one in the decline of years in whom nature contemplates an important change—can discover the causes, symptoms and the most efficient remedies, and most certain mode of cure, in every complaint to which her sex is subject.

ITS IMPORTANCE TO THE MARRIED

may be gathered from the fact, that *Travelling Agents* make from *THREE TO FIVE DOLLARS A DAY!* from its sale. Hundreds of active, enterprising agents are accumulating a little competence from the liberal discount allowed, and the great demand for it. Orders are required to be accompanied with payment. COPIES WILL BE SENT BY MAIL FREE OF POSTAGE TO THE SUBSCRIBER.

Over twenty thousand copies have been sent by mail within three months with perfect safety and certainty.

On the receipt of $1, the "Married Woman's Private Medical Companion" will be sent *(mailed free)* to any part of the United States. All letters and applications from those desiring to become agents must be post paid (except those containing a remittance) and addressed to Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, Box 1224, New-York City. Publishing Office, 129 Liberty st. New-York.

The "Married Woman's Private Medical Companion" is sold by Booksellers throughout the United States. 6m32

WM. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, Ind., and will also attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care.

REFERENCES.

Hon. David McDonald } *Professors of Law*
" William T. Otto, } *Indiana University.*
Samuel Hanna, *Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton, "
Allen Hamilton, "
Samuel L. Rugg, *Decatur.*

*** OFFICE—On Columbia Street, over Barnett & Nelson's Store. y35.

Selling off at Reduced Prices.

A. B. MILLER & Co. have on hand a very full and general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, &c

which they will sell at a great sacrifice, as they are determined to make room for an entire new stock in the Spring. Those wanting goods will consult their own interest by calling immediately at the NIAGARA STORE

March 24, 1849

No Cure No Pay.

I Would inform the world that I have a Remedy for curing or healing Ruptures, without any pain in the operation, and without even seeing the place thus ruptured. Some of the wise and learned may laugh and scoff at the proposition, but don't be too fast, this is no new fiction, my father has practiced the Remedy over forty years in the East, and I have cured three persons myself. I give this to the public, because I believe it to be my duty to do all the good I can to my fellows. WM. IBA

And I would also request editors of papers in the Country to make a short paragraph of the above in their sheets, and by so doing they will confer a blessing on some of their patrons. 6m38

For Sale.

A COPPER HEATER,—Such as Taverns use. Second hand—as good as new. Enquire of R. M. LYON.

March 24, 1849 3w38

State of Indiana, } In the Probate Court of Noble County, ss } ble Co. May term, 1849.

Mary Bailey, Andrew Bailey, Katherine Morrill, John Morrell, vs. Lavina Miller, William Miller, Jemima Cox, David Cox, Mary Eyman, Jacob Eyman, Mary Varner, Reuben Varner, Sally Varner, Katharine Varner, Malinda Varner, John Kelpner, Katherine Kelpner, Henry Miller, John Moter, Solomon Miller, Ambrose Miller, Phillip Miller, Sarah McKinney, James McKinney, Susannah Hedrick, Elizabeth Hedrick, Sally Hedrick, Christian Hedrick, Mary Hedrick, John Hedrick, John Hedrick, Daniel Hedrick, and Mary Miller.

Petition for Partition.

WHEREAS it has been made satisfactorily to appear by the affidavit of a disinterested person now on file in the office of the Clerk of said court, that said Mary Varner, Sally Varner, Malinda Varner, Susannah Hedrick, Elizabeth Hedrick, Sally Hedrick, Christian Hedrick, Mary Hedrick, John Hedrick and Daniel Hedrick are not residents of the State of Indiana; The said defendants are therefore hereby notified of the pendency of said petition; and that the same will be heard and determined at the next term of said Court.

WILLIAM F. ENGEL, Clerk N. P. C.
WM. M. CLAPP, Att'y. for Plaintiff
March 24, 1849. [$3 10] 3w38.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Venditioni Exponas to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 14th day of April, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The east half of the south east quarter, and the east half of the south west quarter of the south east quarter of section ten in township thirty, north of range fourteen east, and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Lysander Williams, at the suit of Rowelle P. Jones.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C.
March 24, 1849. [$1 81] 3w38.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of 2 Fi Fas. to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the seventh day of April, A. D. 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The east half of the south west quarter of section seven, in township thirty, north of range thirteen, east; containing eighty acres. The east part of the south east quarter of section one, in township thirty, north of range twelve, east. Section twenty seven, in township thirty, north of range thirteen, east. The north half of section twenty two, in township thirty one, north of range twelve, east.—West part of the south west quarter of section twenty six, in township thirty, north of range eleven, east. The west half of the south east quarter, and east half of the south west quarter of section twenty seven, in township thirty, north of range eleven, east. The south east quarter, and south half of the north east quarter of section five, in township thirty-one, north of range fourteen, east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Elizabeth Wines, Tilly Wines, Marshall Wines and Susan Wines, at the suit of Henry Cooper and James E. Buchanan et al.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C.
March 16, 1849 [$3 40] 3w37.

Sheriff's sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the seventh day of April, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: twenty feet of in lot No. sixty-one, (61) on the original plat of the town of Fort Wayne, commencing at a point on the North line of said lot twenty feet west of the North East corner thereof, thence running West along the said line twenty feet, thence South at right angles with the line bounding the said lot on the north to the alley, thence East along the South line of said lot twenty feet, thence north to the place of beginning; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Edward Stapleford at the suit of Lysander Williams.

S. S. MORSS, Sheriff A. C.
March 16, 1849. [$2 30] 3w37.

A Plan for a Jail Wanted

$25 Will be paid for the best plan for a Jail and Sheriff's residence, by the Commissioners of Allen County. Jail to be thirty by forty feet, two stories high, and the first story eight feet in the clear, second story seven feet in the clear. Sheriff's residence to be eighteen by forty feet, two stories high—a good substantial dwelling. The materials of the outside walls to be either brick or stone. The above amount will be paid for a plan which the Commissioners may adopt, corresponding with the above, embracing full specifications and estimates. Plans to be submitted to the Commissioners at their adjourned session, Saturday, March 31st, 1849.

By order of the Board,
H. W. JONES, Auditor.
March 17, 1849. 3w37.

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between James B. Hanna & Calvin Potter, under the firm of J. B. Hanna & Co., was on the 1st day of February, 1849, dissolved by mutual consent.

J. B. HANNA,
CALVIN POTTER.

Huntertown, March 12, 1849.

Having purchased the entire interest of Mr Potter, in the firm of J. B. Hanna & Co., I will continue the business at the old stand, where I will be happy to see my old customers.

March 12, 1849. J. B. HANNA.

To my Fort Wayne Customers.

PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to me by note or book account, will please call on J. B. Dubois, Esq., and settle the same immediately. J. B. HANNA.

Fort Wayne, March 14, 1849.

Township Election.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Election will be held on Monday, the 2d of April, 1849, at the usual place of holding elections in Wayne Township, Allen Co. Ia., for the purpose of electing three Trustees, one Township Clerk, one Township Treasurer, and one Supervisor to each road district in said Township, to serve for 1 year. There will also at the same time be a vote taken for or against the sale of the School land belonging to Wayne Township being Congressional Township No. 30 Range 12 East.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
CHAS. F. COLERICK, Township Clerk.
March 10. 1849

Allen Circuit Court.
Malachi Sales, vs. George Dobson.
In Chancery.

COMES now the complainant, and it appearing by the affidavit of a disinterested person that the said defendant is a non-resident of the State of Indiana: It is ordered that notice of the pendency of this suit be given to said defendant, by publication thereof for three weeks successively, in the Fort Wayne Sentinel, a public newspaper of general circulation, printed at Fort Wayne, in said County, notifying said defendant of the pendency of this suit; and that unless he plead, answer or demur to the same on or before the first calling of the cause at the next term of this court, to be held at the court house in the city of Fort Wayne, on the second Monday of July next, the said bill of complaint will be taken as confessed against him.

S. E. FLEMING, Clerk.
M. JENKINSON, S Pt.
March 10, 1849. [$2 20] 3w36.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The east half of the south east quarter of section ten, town thirty-one, range fourteen, east; and the west half of the south east quarter of section ten, town thirty-one, range fourteen, east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of William G. Ewing, at the suit of Thomas W. Swinney.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C.
March 10, 1849. [$1 80] 3w36.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: East half of the south west quarter of section eighteen, town thirty, range fourteen, east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Philip G. Jones, at the suit of Anthony Lantz.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C.
March 10, 1849 [$1 60] 3w36.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1849, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: Ninety acres off of the south part of the north west quarter of section thirty-six, town thirty, range thirteen, east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Ezra May, at the suit of John R. Banks.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C.
March 10, 1849. [$1 60] 3w36.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Venditioni Exponas to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 31st day of March, 1849, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: Lot numbered one hundred and seventy-two, (172) in the old plat of the town of Fort Wayne; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Francis Comparet, at the suit of William W. Maynard.

S. S. MORSS, Sh'ff A. C.
March 10, 1849. [$3 50] 3w36.

To Country Merchants.

I offer at wholesale

30 doz. E. & J. Wilson's handled Cast Steel Hoes.
20 " superior article Grass Scythes
20 " " " assorted qualities Scythe Snaths.
3 boxes " " Scythe Stones.

The above will be sold to the trade at manufacturer's prices, the same as they are sold at the places where they are made.

Merchants making out their orders for the east will do well first to examine these goods and their prices.

PETER P. BAILEY,
March 3 1849. Hard Ware Store.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following assessment has been ordered by the Directors of the Fort Wayne & Lima Turnpike Company: Three dollars on each share of stock subscribed in money, payable to O. W. Jefferds, Treasurer of said Company, at his office in Fort Wayne, on or before the first day of May next.

SAM'L. HANNA, Prest.
O. W. JEFFERDS, Clerk.
March 3, 1849.

Co-partnership Notice.

THE undersigned having this day taken into co-partnership his brother, ADRIAN B. MILLER, the business in future will be conducted in the name and firm of A. B. MILLER & Co.

A. B. MILLER
Fort Wayne, March 7, 1849.

Dissolution.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm WALKER & Co. was, on the 4th of August, 1848, dissolved by mutual consent.

JAMES WALKER
JAMES B. HANNA.

The business of said firm will hereafter be conducted by the undersigned, at the old stand in Zanesville, Wells Co. Ia. JAS. WALKER.

March 10, 1849. pd—3w36.

Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, &c.

THE subscriber offers for sale at his Nursery one mile south of Fort Wayne, (formerly occupied by Matthew Griggs) a variety of the best FRUIT TREES of the most approved varieties, together with SHRUBBERY, VINES, &c. The list includes

PEARS.	CHERRIES.
Bergamot.	Large Red.
Bell.	Black Heart.
Large Butter.	PEACHES.
Sugar.	Rare Ripe.
APPLES.	Large Yellow.
Rambo.	Long Island.
Bell Flower.	Large Red Cling.
Yellow Harvest.	SHRUBBERY.
Dwarf.	Lilacs.
PLUMS.	Snow Ball.
Large Blue.	Blue Snow Berry.
Yellow Round.	White Flowering Almond.
	Large Red double Roses.

QUINCES—*Several kinds:* SIBERIAN CRABS; 300 *Early Grape roots.*

Together with a variety of other SHRUBBERY and ROOTS too numerous to mention.

March 1, 1849 F. D. LASSELLE.

State of Indiana, } Noble Circuit Court,
Noble County, ss. } April Term, 1849.
Chancery.

Reuben D. Turner, vs. George T. Ulmer, Justus C. Alcord.

WHEREAS it has been made satisfactorily to appear to the court that the said George T. Ulmer is not a resident of the State of Indiana: It is ordered by the court that the said George T. Ulmer be notified of the pendency of said bill, by publication in the Fort Wayne Sentinel, and unless he plead, answer, or demur to said bill, on or before the next calling of the cause, the same will be taken as confessed against him, and a decree entitled thereon accordingly.

WM. F. ENGEL, Clerk
John B. Howe, Sol'r. for Compl't.
March 3, 1849. [$1 80] 3w35.

BOOK BINDERY.

THE subscriber having procured the services of a book binder, is now prepared to bind and re-bind all kinds of books in the neatest and most substantial manner. Call at WALKER'S Book Store.

CASH paid for HIDES.
S. & W. S. EDSALL.

MITTS & GLOVES.—Silk Lisle, Kid Worked & Cotton, just received and for sale cheap at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

Wholesale Liquor Store

AND

Rectifying Establishment,

Columbia street, 2 doors east of Clinton, FORT WAYNE, Ia.

S. BEAL informs Tavern and Grocery Keepers, dealers in liquors, and the public in general, that he has enlarged his rectifiers, and is now prepared to furnish any quantity of superior

DOUBLE RECTIFIED WHISKEY

at the lowest prices. He has also just received a large stock of choice

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC

WINES & LIQUORS, &c.,

which he can warrant to be superior and FAR CHEAPER than can be purchased short of the Eastern Cities. A call and inspection of his stock and prices will convince all good judges that they will both

Save Money and gratify the taste of their Customers

by laying in their supply at this establishment.

He has now on hand choice articles of pure old *French Cognac Brandies, Port Wine, Rum, Gin, &c.*, for Medicinal use, warranted genuine and pure as imported, which he offers lower than has been paid for the adulterated articles usually sold in this market.

His stock includes:—

Pure old A. Seignette Brandy	Pure Juice Port Wine
" Rastea Cherringer "	Dunnell's "
" A. Seignette "	Otherbrands " "
J. J. Dupuy "	Sweet Malaga "
Several fine Domestic "	Madeira "
Old Cherry	Native "
Jamaica Rum	Blend "
St. Croix "	Superior Rectified Whiskey
Old Holland's Gin	Old Eye "
Rose "	East India Bitters
Wheeler's "	Stoughton
American "	

Also, *Decanters, Tumblers, Bottles, Loaf Sugar, &c.* All Brandies, Wines, and Gins will be sold from

20 to 50 per cent. Cheaper

than has ever been sold in this market.

Persons wanting any quantity—from a quart to a barrel—of Wines or Liquors will do well to call, as they may depend on every article being exactly what it is represented, and at the lowest rates at all times.

Dec. 9, 1848. y—23.

ARRIVAL OF THE

Mammoth Stock of Goods At A. B. Miller's.

NIAGARA STORE, November 10, 1848 }

A. B. MILLER has just received at this establishment a very large and well selected stock of Staple Goods, &c., &c., which, together with his former large supply he is determined to dispose of during this fall and winter at the very lowest rates.

The attention of the community is particularly called to his large stock of

DRY GOODS! Groceries, Hardware,

which will be found to comprise nearly every article required by the people. The assortment of *Glassware, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Woodenware, Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs,*

will be found in all respects equal, if not superior to any other stock in this city. A supply of IRON, NAILS, SALT, TAR, ROSIN, TURPENTINE, &c., is generally kept on hand.—Also, TANNER'S OIL of extra quality, by the barrel or single gallon.

The public in order to accommodate themselves, to prove the truth of this statement, as well as to save money, will please call at

A. B. MILLER'S NIAGARA STORE.

WANTED, in exchange for the above goods or for cash, Black Salts, Ashes, Scorchings, Tallow, Wheat, Corn, Oats, Rye, Barley, Butter, Eggs, Staves, &c., &c.,

NEW RAISINS.—A few boxes THIS YEAR'S CROP of Raisins received and for sale by A. B. MILLER.

GLASS WARE.—A splendid assortment of Glass Ware, including Celery Stands, large Preserve dishes on foot, Castors and Bottles, Molasses Cans with Britania lids and hinges, together with Decanters, Tumblers, Lanterns, &c. the best assortment in the city, just received and for sale low by

Dec. 9, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

STONE, EARTHEN, AND IRON WARE.—A large supply always on hand and for sale at the lowest rates at A. B. Miller's

Dec. 9, 1848. NIAGARA STORE.

Confectionary.

J. A. COLER, has just received his Winter Stock, consisting in part, of an extensive variety of Fancy and other Confectionary.

Raisins,	Brazil Nuts,	Luna Cigars,
Prunes,	Pea Nuts,	Half Spanish,
Dates, Figs,	Pickles,	Calvert's Chewing &
Currants,	Syrups,	Smoking Tobacco,
Citron,	Sauces,	Maccaboy Snuff,
Camomile,	Soda Biscuit,	Shaving Soap,
Soft Shell'd Almonds,	Boston Crackers,	Toilet "
Paper " "	Ginger Nuts,	Scented Bars,
Filberts,	Principe Cigars,	Resin "
Chestnuts,	Havana "	Poland Starch, &c.

Java and Rio Coffee, Chocolate, Young Hyson, Gunpowder and Imperial Tea, Loaf, Lump, Havana, Muscovado and N. O. Sugar; Sperm, ... and Mould Candles, &c., &c.

Country Merchants who purchase Confectionaries, &c., for retail, would do well to call.

20y. J. A. C.

Lost!

ABOUT the first of February, a BRACELET, with three MOSAIC SETTINGS.—The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at No. 3 Jones' Block.

Not for California!!

CHARLES FINK,

Undertaker & Cabinetmaker,

RETURNS his thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country for the liberal patronage he has received, and hopes that by strict attention to business he will still continue to receive a share of public patronage. All kinds of CABINET WARE kept constantly on hand and made to order. All kinds of CHAIRS will be made to order and kept on hand.—*Furniture repaired* at the shortest notice and in the best style. Also, Prompt attention will be paid to the

Undertaking Business

Coffins kept constantly on hand and made to order in the best style. *Hearses and Carriages* furnished on all occasions if required.

From long experience and strict attention to the Undertaking and Cabinet business, he feels assured to render full satisfaction to all those who may favor him with their custom.

Shop on Calhoun Street, opposite Mr. Kiser's.

Feb. 17 1849. 3m33.

Another Arrival of New Goods.

MRS DYKES has just received a splendid assortment of Lawns, Mohairs, Alpaca's, Lyonese Cloths, Grandillas, Fo de Soies, &c. &c. Also, a few pieces of beautiful English Calicoes, from 16 cents a yard—*American Do. from 5 cents!* White and colored Flannels, Linseys, &c.

Sept. 30, 1848.

OLD HICKS, Image of his Father, and Mary Grover: also The Three Guardsmen, for sale at WALKER'S.

NEW BOOKS At Walker's Book Store.

No. 2 Hanna's Block.

THE subscriber is now receiving his winter supply of *BOOKS AND STATIONERY*, consisting of a full and complete assortment of *Fancy, Miscellaneous and School Books, Plain and Fancy Stationery of all kinds;* being the largest assortment ever brought to this place. Come one! Come all! examine our assortment whether you wish to purchase or not.

CHAS. R. WALKER.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 18 1848. 20

Fort Wayne Female College.

OUR patrons and friends are hereby informed that the Fall Term of our institution will close on the 12th of December next, and the WINTER TERM commences the next day.

Prices of Tuition.

In the Primary Department, $2 50 per quarter.
" Academic " 3 00 " "
" Collegiate " 5,00 " "
Music on the Piano, extra 7,00 " "

Each student will be charged thirty-one and a half cents per quarter for *Incidental Expenses*

☞ Tuition bills must be paid in advance.

G. H. ROUND.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 25, 1848.

JAMES' NOVELS.—The works of G. P. R. James in cheap form, for sale at

Dec. 9, 1848. WALKER'S

Excelsior.

Upward and onward is the Motto of the Great West.

W. SMITH & Co. No 3 Jones' Block, Fort Wayne, Ind., are still at the head, and lead the GREAT REVOLUTION IN PRICES of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Hardware, Boots & Shoes, Queensware, &c.

Their tremendous heavy stock of Goods will be sold at greatly reduced prices. Their Cotton Goods were purchased at the GREAT COTTON RAM ESTABLISHMENT, and will be sold at less prices than most merchants pay for them in New York City. As an evidence call and see that

Real Heavy Yard-Wide Cotton Cloth sixteen Yards for one Dollar!!

Such as is usually sold for 10 cents and never less than 8 cents per yard by any one else. They also stick to their old motto of ☞ *No Shaving on Orders, Due Bills or Barter Trades.* ☜ but an even up cash price strictly adhered to in all cases. Call, see, try, and you will not deny the truth of the above.

WANTED: All kinds of PRODUCE, & BLACK SALTS.

SALERATUS AT WHOLESALE.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 21 1848. 16.

Wines and Liquors.

Brandy.	Wines.
J. J. Dupuy.	Pure Juice Port.
Joel Wolf.	South Side Madeira.
Chatnel.	Golden Sherry
A. Seignette.	Mountain Malaga.

St. Croix Rum.
H. Hand Gin.
Irish Whiskey,

all of which are warranted pure for sale by

Dec. 9, 1848. H. B. REED.

Blank Deeds & Mortgages

neatly printed on

Beautiful Script Type!

For sale at this Office.

Copartnership.

H. B. REED having associated with him in business Watson Wall, the business will hereafter be conducted under the style of H. B. Reed & Co.

HUGH B. REED,
January 1st, 1849. WATSON WALL.

New Year's Call!

A CALL FOR BARK, AND A CALL FOR HIDES

THE subscriber will pay CASH for Bark and any thing the people wish for Hides.

Call at the OLD RED TANNERY of Mr. P. H. Taylor without delay. R. M. LYON.

January 1, 1849. 2mo.

150 lbs. PARIS GREEN G'd in Oil, 6 lb. cans; also, 500 lbs. dry, a superior article for blinds H. B. REED

20 Bbls. TANNER'S OIL, warranted of the very best quality, for sale at the very lowest rate. H. B. REED.

UNITED STATES

WHOLESALE

Clothing Warehouse!!

LEWIS & HANFORD.

Nos. 252 & 250 PEARL STREET,

(Between Fulton street and Burlinglip)

NEW YORK.

HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

CLOTHING

IN THE

UNITED STATES,

Adapted to the Southern and South Western Market!!

In the article of

SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,

We keep an endless variety.

Also the most extensive manufacturers of

OIL CLOTHING

AND

COVERED HATS

In the World,

Plain and Fashionable Clothing, of all kind

LEWIS & HANFORD,
Nos. 252 & 256 Pearl St.

n31

Dr. Woodworth

HAS removed his office to his house, two doors East of the Palo Alto Hotel, Wayne street.

October 26, 1848.

Copartnership.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr. having formed a partnership with Reuben D. Turner, under the name and style of Hough & Turner, the firm will continue a general Land agency and Collecting business at the office of the "Indiana Land Agency."

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Feb. 1, 1849. REUBEN D. TURNER.

Town Lots for Sale,

At the Indiana Land and Tax Agency.

THE subscribers offer the following Lots for sale, situate in Fort Wayne as follows:

HANNA'S ADDITION.—Lots numbered 166, 37, 38, 39, 40, 536, 278, and 279.

COUNTY ADDITION AND OLD PLAT, —7, 49, 6, 48, 72, and e. 1-3 of 75, part 59.

EWING'S ADDITION.—Lot 3, Block 27; Lot 7, Block 3; lot 4, block 27; lot 8, block 3; lot 4, block 26; lot 9, block 3; lot 7, block 25; lot 1, block 4.

TABER'S ADDITION.—Lots numbered 2, 29, and 30.

They will be sold low for cash or on a credit.

HOUGH & TURNER.
Feb. 3, 1849 y31.

INDIANA LAND AND TAX AGENCY.

THE subscribers, proprietors of the above Agency, will continue the business of a

"GENERAL LAND AGENCY"

in all its various branches, and tender their services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents,* and other services pertaining to a systematic and General Land Agency Business. They are provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the State—have personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana, and have numerous and careful correspondents, and are therefore prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the ownership, soil, location and value of lands, which will be afforded gratuitously to all who desire such information.

As agents for the owner, they offer for sale large bodies of valuable land, well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

	Acres.		Acres.
Allen County	16,706	Noble County	8,817
DeKalb "	7,621	Whitley "	8,825
Steuben "	2,568	Huntington "	5,364
Lagrange "	936	Wabash "	7,763
Kosciusko "	5,468	Miami "	227
Blackford "	2,774	Carrol "	890
Jay "	596	Cass "	640
Wells "	2,470	Fulton "	1,289
Adams "	995	Marshall "	327
Elkhart "	724	White "	1,537
Fountain "	1,646	Montgomery "	720
Putnam "	697	Clinton "	297
Parke "	533	Marion "	320

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash and the remainder on a reasonable credit. Title rendered indisputable.

They also offer for sale

Several Valuable Improved Farms.

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE, and WABASH and a large number of

Town Lots

in the towns of FORT WAYNE, HUNTINGTON, LAGRO, WABASH, Peru and Marion. Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase.

Office at the sign of the "INDIANA LAND AGENCY," on Calhoun Street. HOUGH & TURNER.

Fort Wayne, February 3, 1849. y31.

NAILS, Spikes, and Glass, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

SHAWLS.—Plaid Long, Basket Braid, Rob Roy, Stradilla, Cashmere, and Delain, the greatest assortment ever brought to this market at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

CAPS.—Fine Cloth, Fur Trimed, Fur, Seal, and Sealett, very cheap at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

LOG & Trace Chains, at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

STATIONERY.—Blank & Memorandum Books, 1st 2d, 3d, and 4th Readers, Spelling Books, Fool's Cap and Letter Paper, &c. at

Sept 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Deeds and Mortgages

FOR sale by the dozen or single, at the book store of C. R. WALKER.

ALMANACS for 1849, for sale by the Doz or Gross at Walker's

Dec 9, 1848. No. 2, Hanna's Block

FRENCH PAPETRIES.—A most beautiful article, good as the best, for sale at

Dec. 9, 1848. WALKER'S.

TOBACCO—Twenty boxes Tobacco to close consignment, for sale at Cincinnati prices, by WALKER.

BRANDY & WINE.—A pure article of Brandy and Wine for Medicine use can be found at WALKER'S Store.

3 Bbls. CAMPHOR for sale very low by H. B. REED

DR. Hart's Vegetable Extract for Fits, also, Dr. McKenzie's Elixir of Opium just rec'd and for sale by H. B. REED.

BRUSHES.—A very large assortment of White Wash, Shoe, Marking, Graining, Flesh, Paint, Dusting, &c., for sale very cheap,

Oct. 9, 1848. H. B. REED.

IRON! IRON!! Just received from Cincinnati, a complete assortment of Iron, which we offer for sale at the lowest price.

22 ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

STEEL.—Cast, German, Sweeds & American Blister Steel, at the FARMERS' DEPOT

NAILS.—100 Kegs just received and for sale by ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

GLASS.—50 Boxes 8 by 10, 10 by 12, 10 by 14, and all other sizes generally in use, at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S

COFFEE.—30 Sacks best Rio Coffee, just received and for sale low at the FARMER'S DEPOT.

TEA.—10 Chests Young and Old Hyson Tea; also Imperial and Gunpowder Tea, which is offered for sale very cheap at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S.

SUGAR.—50 bbls N. O. Sugar of the best kind at the FARMER'S DEPOT.

MOLASSES.—Sugar House and N. O. Molasses, just the sort for Family use, at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S

PRINTS.—100 pieces Prints of the latest and best quality just received and for sale low at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S.

WORKED COLLARS.—The nicest article ever offered in this market, at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

FRENCH REVOLUTION, by Carlyle, Two Volumes, for sale by WALKER.

DENTAL SURGERY.

DR. BEACH M (Dentist) having been in the practice for 12 years in Ohio, and in the South, has concluded to locate in Fort Wayne, and is attending to the operations of repairing the teeth, such as cleaning, extracting, plugging, inserting, removing decay by files and cutters, &c., &c., will also attend to curing scurvy of the gums, diseased sockets and antrum. Scurvy is known by the gums bleeding easily, being spongy, leaving the necks of the teeth bare, and finally the teeth become loose and drop out. This scurvy Dr. M. can effectually cure if taken in season. Exposed nerve can be destroyed with little or no pain. Offensive breath caused by diseased gums and sockets Dr. M. can effectually cure. He has about 30 different instruments for extracting, which enables him to take out teeth with less pain and more safety than the usual method. Price of extracting, 25 to 50 cents for each tooth or separate root. Office over J. B. Shoaff's Drug Store, and under the Odd Fellows' Hall, on Calhoun street. Expense of the operations made known before operating, when desired. Work warranted.

November 4, 1848. m14

SEASONED Flooring for sale by A. B. MILLER

OAK OPENINGS, by Jas. Fenimore Cooper, for sale at WALKER'S.

RIDING BRIDLES, Martingals, Stirrup Irons, &c., &c., for sale low at

22 A. B. MILLER'S NIAGARA STORE.
Fort Wayne, December 9, 1848. 22.

For Sale—Cheap.

A good two story and a half DWELLING HOUSE, together with an excellent cellar, well, stable, carriage house, &c. and surrounded by Fine Trees, Shrubbery, &c.—situate in Rockhill's Addition, on Wayne street, near the Ladies' Seminary. It will be sold at a bargain. Inquire of CHAS. A. FINK.

Feb. 3, 1849. 3w31.

PERCUSSION NOTES, just printed for sale at this Office.

Fort Wayne February 10, 1849

AXES, AXES.—Hunt's and Collins' Brands Rail Road Axes, for sale at

22 A. B. MILLER'S NIAGARA STORE.

TOBACCO.—A few Kegs and Boxes for sale at Wholesale on Commission, very cheap for cash only at EDSALLS.

CAMBRIC Insertins, Linen, silk, and Cotton Edgings, Linen and Cotton Bobbins, and Coronation Cord, for sale at

Sept. 23 ORFF & SCHWEGMAN

VEILS.—Black & Green Silk and Green Gauze, for sale very low at the

Sept. 23. FARMERS' DEPOT.

CIGARS! CIGARS!!

JUST receiving 20,000 of the choicest brands, La Salud, La Carlota, La Antiguedad, La Flora. H. B. REED

LINEN CAMBRIC.—A splendid article at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

FRINGES & GIMPS.—A splendid assortment. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

CARMINA SACRAS; The Psaltry; David's Harp; Howe's Instrumental Music; Boston Glee Book and others just received at Walker's, No. 2 Hanna's Block.

Edsall's Goods have arrived!

THE stock is large and includes every thing in the line of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware,

QUEENSWARE, &c. &c.,

that the wants of the country require. They will be sold unprecedentedly **CHEAP** for Cash or Produce. Purchasers may depend on finding anything they need, and will get better bargains than in any other store in the state.

Fort Wayne, September 9, 1848.

THE very popular novel Bragelonne, the Son of Athos, or Ten Years Later, by Alexander Dumas, for sale by C. R. WALKER.

December, 23, 1848.

GLASS POWDER HORNS.—Something entirely new and beautiful. Call and see at A. B. Miller's NIAGARA STORE.

10 Cases Calabria and Cicily LIQUORICE in store and for sale cheap.

Dec. 9 1848. H. B. REED.

BONNET Velvet and Satin, various shades and qualities, for sale by

Nov. 13. E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

ORLEANS, Alpaccas, Cashmeres, Delaines, and Parometter, very cheap

Sept. 23 ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Fresh Drugs.

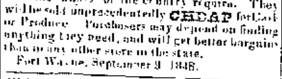
H. B. REED has just returned from the eastern cities, and is now receiving his

Fall and Winter Supply

of all articles in his line; making the largest and most complete assortment that he has ever before brought to this market, or that can be found at any other point in the State.

He respectfully requests the attention of Physicians, Druggists and dealers generally, to his stock, as he is enabled to offer greater inducements than ever.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 4. 1848. 18



S. E. HILL. A. M. ORBISON. H. WILLS.

HILL, ORBISON & CO.,

(Successors to Nichols & Hoagland.)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Haskell & Co. }
Smith, Robinson & Co. }
Collins, Brown, & Co. } *Toledo!*
Peckham & Scott. }
Field & King. }
Kirk & Lawton, *Piqua, Ohio.*
Ayres & Tunis, } *New York,*
Kent, Paine, & Co }
Kimberley, Pease & Co. *Buffalo.*
C. McKenzell & Co. *Cincinnati.*
John Rench, *Dayton,*
H. S. Mann, *Troy, Ohio.*

Fort Wayne, *September 16, 1848.*

New Arrival of Stoves

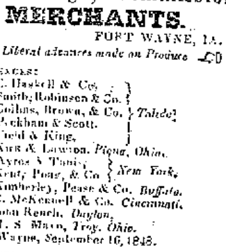
At the Old Tin Shop.

B. D. SUTHERLAND returns his thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal encouragement he has received, and respectfully informs them that he has laid in a large stock of Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Copper, &c. and will keep on hand or make to order every description of

Tin, Copper, & Sheet Iron Ware,

which he will warrant to be as well made, and will sell as cheap as in any shop west of Buffalo.

He has just received from the East a superior lot of



Of all sizes & of the most approved patterns,

which he offers very cheap for Cash. Among others he has the highly popular PREMIUM STOVE—so well known that it is unnecessary to say anything in its praise.

The highly improved HATHAWAY *Hot Air Cooking Stove,*—the best and most economical, stove in use.

The NIAGARA *Hot Air Cooking Stove,*—a new pattern, but which promises soon to take the lead of all others.

PARLOR and BOX STOVES. Sheet Iron Stoves made to order.

The favor of a call is respectfully solicited.—Shop on Columbia Street, one door east of Seeinger's Drug Store.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 24 1848. 6m21

SUGAR.—16 lbs. good N. O. Sugar for $1 at B. MASON'S

Plank Road Letting.

THE undersigned will receive Sealed Proposals at the house of J. B. Hanna, in Huntertown, until the 29th of March next, for the Grading of twenty six miles of the Fort Wayne and Lima Turnpike Road. Persons bidding will state the price per rod for grading, including the grubbing, bridging, draining, and laying of the plank, except the bills, which will be bid for by the yard; and for the delivery of the plank by the thousand feet board measure.

Jobs will be let in sections of five miles, to commence at the Saw Mills. Any information in regard to the above work can be had of the undersigned, or at the office of S. Hanna in Fort Wayne.

Employment can be given to any number of hands.

WM. MITCHELL,
Supt. F. W. & L. T. Co.
Feb. 24, 1849 1m34

... Mass Meeti

... LEWIS CASS, ... WEBSTER, JOHN VAN BUREN, ... RY CLAY, ALLEN *of Ohio,* BR... *Indiana, and the celebrated JOHN M... are all good at making speeches, and ... large crowds; but none of them ever g... the satisfaction that*

B. MASON

Now gives to the THOUSANDS of customers w... ly crowd to his Cheap Store. It is calculated tha...

20,000 Persons of both pr...

can find every thing they need in the shape of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Queensware, Hardware, Boots and Sh... and Caps, &c. &c.

At Mason's Cheap Cash Store, which has just bee... overflowing with the largest, best, and cheapest a... ever seen in Fort Wayne.

Hallo, Whigs! Democrats to the R...

Now is the time to serve your country, and save your... Goods will positively be sold CHEAPER than at... store in the place. Only think—

Twenty yards heavy, yard wide SHEE...

for One Dollar!!!

Every thing else in proportion.

In the stock will be found every thing adapted to... son and the wants of the country. Broad Cloths, Cas... Flannels, Linseys, and other staple articles in abu... and at prices that must be seen to be believed.

The LADIES will find a magnificent stock of Sat... *Velvets*, Trimmings of all kinds for *Dresses & Cl...* pieces, French Merinos, De Laines, Chameleon ... Shawls; Dress Handkerchiefs, Calicoes, &c &c. ... the richest and most superb assortment ever witness... west, and although this establishment has always go... of all others in its supply of rich and fancy articles ... the refined taste of the Ladies of this city, yet this ... fairly exceeds itself. An inspection will richly re... lady for the trouble of a call.

The stock of GROCERIES is large, and all of the... quality—nothing else is ever kept, and they will b... Cheap or CHEAPER than the inferior articles offered ... of the blowing *grogshops* in this city. DYE ST... Madder, Indigo, Alum, &c.

QUEENSWARE.—A large and most beautiful ass... of the latest styles.

HARDWARE.—A full stock, which is offered ver...

Every thing in the shape of BOOTS AND SHOE... a Stogie Boot to a Baby's Shoe—including Misses' ... Slippers, Walking Shoes, &c., and Gents' Calf Boots, ... Proof Boots, Shoes, Bootees, &c &c. at very reduced...

HATS AND CAPS in great variety—from a Br... *Sou' Tin* to a shilling cap.

STATIONERY.—He has also a large stock of Sta... —including School Books, Cap and Letter Paper, Env... &c. &c.

Also an endless variety of NOTIONS—such as ... Beads, Clasps, and Purse Twist; Combs in great vari... Travelling Bags; Pen and Pocket Knives, and every... else that is neat, tasty, fashionable or desirable.

SALT & WHITE FISH by the bbl. NAILS & GL...

In short, buyers will find any thing and every thing ... can ask for, and for CASH can have such bargains a... have never dreamt of. All kinds of PRODUCE, Deer S... &c. taken in exchange for Goods.

Cash paid for **WHEAT** at all ti...

October 21, 1848.

23 Cases double refined BORAX on hand for sale cheap. H. B. REE...

"Regular Authorized Agent" No...

THE "Express Arrival" brought to light a "Notice Extra" a "Regular Autho... Agent" for *Dr. Fitch's Popular Remedies.* As this is the first notice of the fact, we pres... it was for *keeping them not selling.* Now we h... a "Regular Authorized Agency" for *selling,* ... we wish our friends to call and test the benefi... the Remedies. Shoulder Braces, Support... Inhaling Tubes, and Fitch's Lectures consta... on hand and for sale at

WALKER'S BOOK STORE,
No. 2, Hanna's Block
Fort Wayne, December 9, 1848.

Music Books.

PSALTERYS, Carmina Sacras, Misso... Harmony, David's Harp, by the dozen ... single copy, at WALKER'S

DIARYS FOR 1849.—A few very neat ... at WALKER'S Book Store.

THE COUNT OF MONTE CRISTO, ... Alexander Dumas, at WALKER'S

Upward of Ten Thousand Cur...

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

DOCTOR ROGERS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF

Liverwort and Tar.

For the Cure of Consumption, and all Diseases of the Lu... and Breast.

THIS GREAT REMEDY has not only made almost ... credible cures of Consumption, but it breaks up ... most *distressing Cough, Cold, Pain in the Breast,* and *Asthma* in a few hours time. We authorize our Agents, in all cas... where it does not give immediate relief, and the bottle is ... turned, to *cheerfully refund the money.*

We will now ask the afflicted carefully to examine the fa... below, which substantiate the merits of this great remedy... Facts which are incontrovertible, and cannot be denied. ... refer you to the statements of well-known Physicians and P... fessors, who have come forward and have substantiated the... facts. The most incredulous cannot but be convinced th... has made cures where everything else has failed.

MORE REMARKABLE CURES OF

CONSUMPTION.

We are receiving letters daily, containing intelligence ... Dr. Roger's Liverwort and Tar continues to make wonderfu... cures wherever it is introduced.

A Letter from John A. Collins, Esq., Editor and Proprie... the Temperance Organ, also Agent and Lecturer for the G... Division of the Sons of Temperance of Ohio.

CINCINNATI, Nov 28, 1848.

A. L. SCOVILL:

Dear Sir:—For the past eight of ten months, I have felt i... clined to say something in relation to the EXTRAORDIN... RY HEALING QUALITIES of your preparation of ... Rogers' Compound Syrup of Liverwort and Tar, for ... own, but more especially for the benefit of those unfortun... persons who are THREATENED or AFFLICTED w... PULMONARY CONSUMPTION, and who like myself ... a great aversion to quacks, to their specifics and catholicon... but a combination of circumstances has prevented until n...

In November, 1847, my wife took a severe cold, which ... tled upon her lungs. A VIOLENT COUGH was the cons... quence, which increased in severity during the winter, a... reduced her to almost a SKELETON. It was nearly ... ... and attended with SEVERE PAIN IN THE SI... AND BREAST, accompanied with FEVER AND CO... NIGHT SWEATS. SHE EXPECTORATED ... THAN A PINT OF MATTER DAILY. ULCERS GA... ERED UPON HER LUNGS AND DISCHARGED... HER HANDS AND FEET WERE COLD AND ... MY AS DEATH AND A PURPLE TINT SETTLE... UPON HER LIPS. The skill and varied efforts of our fam... ily physician were completely BAFFLED. On the 1st ... May, 1847, he informed me that he could do nothing more th... grant her temporary relief, that her case WAS HOPELES... and that she could NOT SURVIVE more than a fortn... at the furthest. I immediately called upon DR. R. S. NE... TON of this city (who has been so skillful in the treatm... of cancers) and stated her case to him. He recommend... Dr. Rogers' Liverwort and Tar, assured me that there w... nothing of quackery about it, but purely a SCIENTIFI... PREPARATION, and gave me the history of several ca... all considered hopeless, where this preparation RESTORE... TO HEALTH. A bottle was procured, and in one week t... expectoration was nearly CONQUERED. She continu... gradually to improve, her appetite returned, her COUGH ... a few weeks CEASED. SHE RECOVERED HE... STRENGTH, and to a very great degree her health, and ... now a MOST EXTRAORDINARY TROPHY OF T... HEALING VIRTUES of DR. ROGERS' PREPARATI... OF LIVERWORT AND TAR.

I can also say that I have derived very great benefit f... this preparation, for hoarseness, sore throat, and irritati... across the chest. I have been enabled, while SUFFERI... FROM SEVERE COLD AND HOARSENESS, to sp... with comparative ease for two hours. It has one advan... in my own case, over other expectorants, it does not de... the digestive functions, producing headache or nervous ... bility.

I regard it as admirably adapted for the use of public s... ers. Respectfully yours, JOHN A. COLLINS

A LIFE RESCUED FROM THE VERGE OF THE GRAVE!!!

Mrs. Eggart (residing on Race, three doors above ...) says that she has been consumptive for the last six years ... [illegible]

We the undersigned state that we are acquainted and ... Mrs. Eggart during her sickness, and believe the ... statement to be true.

JOHN MEGENIS
D. K. LEAVITT,
Deacons of the First Congregational Ch.
Cincinnati, Dec 1st, 1847

H. B. REED & CO., General Agents for Northern In... also for sale by REED & CO., Logan, Indiana ...

BROAD CLOTH.—Black French, Brown, Blue, Mix, and Grey, just received at

Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

NEW BOOKS

JANE EYRE, by Currer Bell,
Wuthering Heights, " "
Now and Then, by Warren,
Pride and Prejudice, by Austin,
Self Control,
Charms and Counter Charms,
Just received at WALKER'S Book Store.

TOY BOOKS.—A most splendid assortment of all kinds, sizes, and prices, for sale at

Dec. 9, 1848 WALKER'S

More New Goods.

THE Public, especially those who like to get good Bargains,—to make the most of a little money—or to buy at a place where they spend only a little time in getting the best articles at the cheapest prices—are invited to call and examine our newly arrived stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

which having been selected with especial care, and purchased on favorable terms, will be found well adapted to the wants of the country, and will be sold at such extremely low rates that all who will call will be sure to repeat the visit.—Among the Dry Goods will be found a fine and cheap assortment of Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Linseys, plain and plaid, Flannels, white and colored, Oregon Plaids, Alpaccas, De Laine, Cashmeres, Merinoes, &c. Calicoes,—of the latest and most beautiful styles, from 5 cents per yard! Sheetings and shirtings much lower than usual. Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Bonnets, Hats, Ribbons, Trimmings, Fancy Articles in abundance, Wadding, Batting, &c. &c.

Boots & Shoes. Ready Made Clothing. Cloth, Fur, Plush, and Glazed Caps, &c.

A full and choice assortment of

Fresh Groceries,

including Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Tobacco, Cut [illegible], Raisins by the quarter box,—Nutmegs, Spices, Cinnamon, Dye Stuffs, Madder, Copper, Annato, Indigo, Alum, &c.

HARDWARE,—a pretty general assortment. [illegible] Cut, Hand, and Buck Saws, Files,—Draw Knives, Butcher Do. Table Cutlery, Drawer Keys, Butts, Screws, Latches and Door Locks, Trace and Log Chains, &c.

Also a general assortment of

Crockery and Glassware;

Spanish Sole Leather, Nails and Glass, Stone and Red Ware, &c.

We hope our individual friends will continue their patronage to the new firm, and no pains will be spared to give general satisfaction to our customers. Our stock is large, and having been bought on favorable terms, we will sell to Country Merchants at WHOLESALE on such terms as will make it an object to them to purchase.

There are so many *gassy* advertisements published now, that some may not be willing to believe that all we have here said is true, and that the Farmer's Depot is the real place to get BARGAINS.

To all such we have only to say, give us a call and your scepticism shall vanish; all we ask is, that you call and satisfy yourselves.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN,

Sept. 15, 1848. 11y

LATEST ARRIVAL.

At T. K. Brackenridge & Co's.

OUR long looked for stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS have come to hand and we are now prepared to accommodate all who may favor us with a call. Our stock is of the latest and finest styles, having been carefully selected and intended for this market alone, and consists of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Queensware, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps, Muffs, Hoods, Bonnets, Boas, &c., Nails, Glass, Leather, Salt, Wicking, Wadding, Batts, Cotton Yarn, &c. &c.

In our stock of DRY GOODS will be found, French and English Cloths of all colors and a variety of prices; also French Doe Skin, English, and Fancy Cassimeres, some of them very pretty; a full stock of Satinetts of all colors and prices, from three shillings to one dollar and twenty-five cts.; also Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, and Cords; a full and fine stock of

CALICOES from Sixpence to two Shillings;

[illegible] Blue, Rose and Orange for one shilling; a first rate assortment of full yard wide Muslin for sixpence per yard, do 6 cents, [illegible] cents; fine Muslins for one shilling, extra fine for one shilling, Bleached do from 8 cents to two shillings.

To the LADIES, we would say that our stock of

Dress Goods and Trimmings

is a fine one, consisting of Plaid, Satin, Striped, and plain [illegible] Silks, Gro de Rhine and Gro de Suisse; Lustres; Plaid, Plain, and Striped Alpaccas; Mode, Black Plaid, and Stripe, [illegible] Warp do; Cashmeres and De Laines. Also, a new and fashionable DRESS GOODS lately brought into market, and bearing the name of the great French Republican *Lamartine*. In the stock of TRIMMINGS will be found, Gimps, Fringes, Ribbons, Buttons, &c. Give us a call at least, Ladies, and examine our stock.

Our assortment of GROCERIES is large and fine. Java, Rio, and Laguira Coffee from 8 to 11 pounds to the dollar; New Orleans, Loaf, Lump, Crushed, and Powdered Sugars; Imperial, Gunpowder, and Young Hyson Teas; Pimento and Pepper, ground and in the grain; Mustard, Chocolate &c.—Tobacco—Cavendish, Common, Fine Cut, Pressed, and Smoking.

Our stock of QUEENSWARE AND GLASSWARE is large, consisting of Flowing Blue by the set or piece; Liverpool do; Agate do; Canman and extra Tumblers; Pepper, Salt, and Preserves.

BOOTS AND SHOES—A fine selection. Stoga Boots from two dollars to 2,50 per pair; Kip and Calf do, Youths' and Boy's do, Stoga, Kip, and Calf Shoes, Youths' and Boys' do, Ladies' and Misses' Morocco Lace Boots, Buskins, Walking Shoes, Slips, and Gaiters; Children and Infants do. Ladies' Gents' and Misses' Gum Elastic Over Shoes, French, Seated, Stoga, and M. nufactured.

Ladies' Muffs, a few first rate Afilina Lynx, Jenet, &c. Misses, a fine lot. Gents Fashionable Silk and Fur HATS; Cloth, Plush, Oil Silk, Fur, and Seal CAPS from two shillings to two dollars.

CASH paid for WHEAT, and all kinds of Produce, Corn, Oats, Flaxseed, Beeswax, Ginseng, Butter, Eggs, &c. taken in exchange for Goods and the highest price paid for the same at the Hoosier Store, Corner of Main & Calhoun Streets, opposite John Trentman's.

October 26, 1846. v17.

CASH FOR WHEAT.

THE Farmers are respectfully requested to call at A. B. Miller before selling their wheat, as he designs buying for CASH, and will pay as high a price as the eastern market will justify.

July 8, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

Abdominal Supporters.

THE Gents at the other end of the street had as well not get into a passion about an excited humbug, a *good* article can be found at H. B. Reed's for half the money; also Shoulder Braces. Call and see.

500 Boxes GLASS WARE just received from the Pittsburgh manufactories: also, 200 Boxes Window Glass, all sizes and the best brands, for sale at a very small advance. Dec. 9. 1848. H. B. REED.

30 [illegible] Best Sp. Fl. INDIGO, for sale cheap by H. B. REED.

CAMP OIL.—Three bbls. Portland Lamp Oil for sale low. H. B. REED.

[illegible] Bbls. Spts. TURPENTINE for sale by H. B. REED.

Co-Partnership Notice.

J. E. HILL & G. WILSON, have formed a co-partnership with A. M. ORBISON as Dealers in Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, at their old stand, under the name of Hill, Wilson & Co. Also to conduct a general business of Storage, Forwarding, and Commission, and Dealers in Produce, under the name of Hill, Orbison, & Co., in the Warehouse recently occupied by Nichols and Hoagland.

J. E. HILL,
G. WILSON,
A. M. ORBISON,

September 16, 1848.

THE highest market price in cash will be paid for FURS by C. R. WALKER.

Nov. 25, 1848.

[illegible] two Shillings for [illegible] S. & W. S. EDSALL.

[illegible] Leghorn, Lead, Seed, and percussion caps, water proof and common, for sale very low by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

NAILS & GLASS of all kinds, for sale cheap by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

HATS & CAPS.—The largest, cheapest and best assortment ever seen here. Caps from 25 to $3 [illegible] E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

RIBBONS, Artificials, Trimmings, Laces, Edgings, and everything new or fancy in the Fancy line—late and splendid assortment. The ladies are invited to call and see. E. D. BARTLETT & Co's.

Queensware by the Package.

30 PACKAGES assorted Ware, with a large assortment of Common, Liverpool, Glass [illegible] retail by HILL, WILSON & Co.

Oct. 14 1847

P. P. Bailey

HAS opened his NEW WARE HOUSE on the north side of the Canal, opposite his Hard Ware Store, and adjoining Hamilton & Williams', where he is ready TO PAY CASH

For Flour, Wheat, Pork and Corn,

OR TAKE THE SAME ON STORAGE.

Country Merchants and Farmers, who wish to store their produce this winter instead of selling, can do so at a low rate of Storage, and have the same insured against loss by fire. If the proprietor becomes a purchaser while the produce is in store, in that case there will be no charge for storage. Cash advances made when the produce is in store to go forward in Spring.

REFERENCES.
Messrs. Hamilton & Williams, *Fort Wayne, Ind.*
" Samuel Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, Cash'r of B'k "
" Peckham & Bradbury, *Toledo, Ohio.*
" Collins, Brown, & Co. "
" Brownlee & Brown, "
" G. S. Hazard, *Buffalo, N. Y.*
" W. S. Hawley, "
" Col. James H. Hooker, *Bugale, Troy New York, and Boston.*

N. B. HARDWARE BUSINESS continued as usual at the old stand, sign of Pad Lock.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 7, 1847 23.

GROCERIES.

A Full assortment of choice Family Groceries just received, S. & W. S. EDSALL.

New Books.

COUNT of Monte Christo, by Dumas,
Shakespeare's Novels,
Life in London, by Reynolds,
Black Prophet, by Carleton,
Manoeuvering Mother, by Carleton,
Christopher Tadpole, by Smith,
Cruise of the Midge,
And hosts of others, for sale at WALKER'S

May 13, 1848.

CIDER VINEGAR.—Cider Vinegar of superior quality and warranted pure, for sale by the barrel or gallon at the Niagara Store.

July 8, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

On Hand,

SALERATUS of superior quality—Manufactured and for sale at the lowest market price, next door to Nichols & Hoagland's, by

Jan. 1, '48. 28 tf. F. H. TYLER.

Dress Goods.

50 Pcs ALPACAS, Black and Colored all grades, from 2 to 10 shillings per yard. *Cashmeres Delaines, Ginghams*, Black and Col'd SILKS &c, at HILL, WILSON & Co's

HUMPHREY & BROWN

Stone Cutters and Stone Masons.

DEALERS in Stone, Lime, Marble, Monuments, Tomb Stones, Table Tops of Iron, quality, American & Italian Marble, Cut Stone for buildings, and all Jobs in the Stone Line done to order. Shop and Lime Kilns on the Canal, west of Ewing's Warehouse and Boat Yard.

JAMES HUMPHREY. JOHN BROWN.

August 4th, 1846.

Stoves Stoves Stoves!

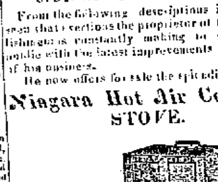
MORE of the latest styles and most improved patents in the way of HOT AIR COOKING STOVES, are now arriving at the Old Stand.

SIGN OF THE PAD LOCK.

From the following descriptions it will be seen that exertions the proprietor of this establishment is constantly making to supply the public with the latest improvements in the line of his business.

He now offers for sale the splendid 4 Boiler

Niagara Hot Air Cooking STOVE.



Warranted to economise fifty per cent in the amount of fuel it uses, and the time it takes to boil or bake over any other stove in use in this or any other country.

The next is the same man's patent of 3 Boiler

Niagara Hot Air Cooking Stove, which takes in nearly three feet word, with all the advantages of the other. (See plate above.

These Stoves took the first premium at a recent fair of the Erie County agricultural society, New York.

Next comes the good old EMPIRE HOT AIR COOKING STOVE, which is so well known in this country, *with two ovens*, one being portable. Also, the

Hathaway Hot Air Cooking Stove,

the excellent qualities of which will be readily testified to, by a number of families in Fort Wayne, who have them in use,—the proprietor's own family being one of that number. The next is another new stove called the

Knickerbacker Hot Ai ,

which is now having a great run in the East, and no doubt will run quite as fast out West as soon as its seen and its qualities understood.

Then comes the Premium Cooking Stoves above;

The Noncondensing Hot Air Parlor Stoves;

The Ten and Seven Plate Stoves;

All of them are made of the best and heaviest castings, and are

Warranted to stand fire.

without breaking.

After these, comes the *Russia Sheet Iron Parlor Office Stoves*, made to order, any size that may be wanted.

TIN WARE manufactured and sold wholesale at Eastern prices. Country merchants will find it to their advantage to call here for their supplies of this article.

Tin Plate, Sheet Copper Sheet Iron and Block Tin, kept constantly on hand and for sale to the trade, at the New York Hardware Store, sign of the Pad Lock.

P. P. BAILEY.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Nov. 10, 1847.

Annuals for 1849.

LEAFLETS OF MEMORY. Book of Pearls. The Snow Flake, The Ruby, Women of the Bible, and many others may be found at WALKER'S Book Store.

29

NOTE PAPER and Envelopes—a most splendid article for sale at WALKER'S Book Store.

29

MENS SADDLES.—A. B. Miller offers for sale a few Men's and Ladies' Saddles at very low rates, call and see them. Also, 2 setts Fancy Buggy Harness. 23.

Bounty Land Warrants

BOUGHT AND SOLD BY

THOMAS PRITCHARD.

THE subscriber is prepared to pay CASH and the Highest Price for any quantity of Land Warrants that may be offered. He also sells the same on favorable terms, giving favorable chances for any person seeking a location in a new country to buy land at an expense of not more than 75 cents per acre.

He also offers about 2000 acres of first rate WILD LAND in Adams, Wells, and Allen counties, which will be sold at from $2,00 to 2,50 per acre. Persons wishing to buy land would find it to their advantage to give him a call. THOMAS PRITCHARD.

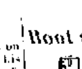
Fort Wayne, Nov. 19, 1848. 20

FITCH'S *Lectures on the Lungs.*—Fifty copies of the above popular work just received and for sale at the Book Store of C. R. WALKER.

Dec. 9, 1848.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Boot and Shoe Manufactory.



S. & W. S. EDSALL inform the public that they have commenced the manufacture of BOOTS & SHOES on an extensive scale, under the immediate superintendence of Mr. W. Tinker, whose long experience and intimate acquaintance with the business warrant them in saying that all Boots and Shoes made at this establishment will be of the best quality.

Coarse Boots, custom work, made of the best Spanish Sole Leather, warranted, offered by the case at $20,00 per dozen. Fine calf or Kip and Calf Do, proportionately low.

They have now on hand and intend keeping a full assortment of all kinds of Boots & Shoes, such as Ladies' Calf & Kip Boots, Childrens' do.
Boys' " "
Mens' Coarse and fine Brogans.
" Fine and coarse Boots, &c. &c.

They offer to the trade, at the lowest prices Spanish Sole, Upper LEATHER, Kip, Calf, Lining and Binding Skins; also, a general assortment of SHOE FINDINGS; PEGS of all sizes, &c. &c.

Jan. 25, 1847. 23y.

NOW IS THE TIME

To buy yourselves Rich!

E. D. BARTLETT & CO. respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have just received a large and well assorted stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

adapted to this market, which they are prepared to sell on more favorable terms than were ever before offered in Fort Wayne.

The Stock includes every variety of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, Broad Cloths, Sattinetts, Cassimeres, Linseys, Jeans, Flannels, Blankets, &c. Calicoes, Shirtings, Sheetings, Ginghams, Alpaccas, Merinos, DeLaines, Cashmeres, &c. —a beautiful assortment, at greatly reduced prices.

Honey Comb and Slatted Satin and Leghorn BONNETS of the latest fashions. Satins and Velvets, Ribbons, Artificials, and Trimmings in great variety; Shawls—all kinds; Ladies' Misses', and Childrens' Shoes and Gaiters, &c.

Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Boots & Shoes of all qualities from the finest Morocco to the stoutest Stogies.

They do not feel disposed to brag or make as much fuss in the papers as some of their neighbors do, but they will just mention a few of their prices and let the public judge whether it will not be for their interest to buy at this establishment. For instance, they are selling

Twenty Yards beautiful CALICOE for One Dollar!

Good Heavy Sheeting a 6d. a Yard!

GINGHAMS at Eighteen Cents!!

Alpaccas from Twenty Cents!!

Every thing else in proportion. Call in, and be satisfied that if there ever was a chance to buy yourselves rich, now is the time, and Bartlett's the place.

QUEENSWARE.—The stock is quite large, of the latest and most beautiful patterns, and better than all—*very cheap*.

In GROCERIES they defy competition, and invite all who are judges of such articles to test their quality.

They have also a general assortment of HARDWARE, such as Locks, Bolts, Latches, Butts and Screws, Cutlery, Mill and X Cut Saws, Draw Knives, Axes, Shovels, Pitchforks, Nails, &c.

In short, the stock is complete—the goods all of the best quality and newest styles—and as they have been just cheap and must be sold before spring they are offered at such prices as will ensure bargains to purchasers.

Fort Wayne, October 14, 1848.

The Holydays are at hand.

COME and look at the splendid GIFT BOOKS now open at WALKER'S Book Store, the best assortment ever offered in this State.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DR. S. S. THOMPSON, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and vicinity. All who favor him with a call may rely on prompt attention.

Office on Columbia street, one door east of the building formerly occupied by Drs. Thompson & Sturgis, where he may at all times be found when not absent on professional business. y40

DR. D. KISER would respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country, that he has commenced the practice of Medicine in Fort Wayne, and all who favor him with their custom may rely on prompt attention.

*** OFFICE—On Columbia Street, next door to Thompson and Kiser.

Fort Wayne, Oct 21, 1848. 16.

DOCTOR JONES having returned from Mexico, may be consulted by his friends at his Office, next door to the Mayor's Office, Clinton Street, (between Main and Columbia streets,) *Fort Wayne.* y6 August 12, 1848.

DR. JAMES W. DAILY, *Fort Wayne Indiana.* OFFICE—Front Room over Messrs. Brackenridge & Stapleford's Store, North-west corner of Main and Calhoun Streets.

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish their services.

Office, next door to Hill, Wilson & Co's store. Residence, one door north of the Spencer House.

Fort Wayne, Dec 7, 1846.

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Columbia street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.

Fort Wayne, August 18th, 1847. 18

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

J. L. WORDEN. E. A. McMAHON

WORDEN & McMAHON, *Attorneys at Law* have formed a co-partnership in the practice of law, and will practice together in the Twelfth Judicial Circuit of Indiana. Office continued in the second story of Ewing's new brick store house, on the corner of Main and Calhoun streets.

January 1, 1849. 27

JOHN B. WALPOLE, *Attorney at Law*, Fort Wayne, Ind., will attend to any business entrusted to his care in the Court of Allen County, and in the Supreme and U. S. Court at Indianapolis.

Office on Calhoun Street, over B. Smith's store.

Sept. 30, 1845. y13.

G. L. SITES, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. He will practice law in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care. OFFICE—Removed to room over T. K. Brackenridge's Store, corner Main and Calhoun st. 1y17.

F. P. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery*, Fort Wayne Indiana. Office on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun. *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*. Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.
Messrs. W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne.*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Allen Hamilton, *Indianapolis.*
" Richard Suydam, *New York.*
" W. Hyslop, "
" Alex. Kevan, "
" Jos. Johnson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

OFFICE near the Bank, south of the Treasurer's Office

EDWARD F. COLERICK, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the Payment of Taxes, Purchase and Sale of Lands, and Examination of Titles in Northern Indiana. ☞ OFFICE—Room No. 1, Court House.

Nov. 17—y.

W. SMITH & Co.

No. 3, JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE, IA.

DEALERS IN

Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods

GROCERIES,

Crockery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, FLOUR, SALT, *Fish, &c.*

Also, the best [illegible] Sole and Upper LEATHER, just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.

SALERATUS at wholesale or retail.

CASH at all times paid for WHEAT.

FT. WAYNE OIL MILL.

THE subscribers have completed their Oil Mill, and are now engaged in the manufacture of LINSEED OIL, and will constantly keep the article on hand, to sell by wholesale or retail. They also have OIL CAKE to sell—an excellent article to feed stock.

The highest price paid in Cash or Oil for Flax Seed. Farmers who wish to sow Flax Seed for the purpose of raising seed can be supplied on liberal terms.

RUDISILL & WOLKE.

March 14, 1846. y37

Ft. Wayne Woollen Factory.

RUDISILL & WOLKE having procured New Machinery for the MANUFACTURING of WOOL, inform their customers and the public in general that they will Manufacture Wool into

Stinets or Full Cloth

of all kinds, on the most liberal terms, on shares or for pay. Those wanting their Wool manufactured must bring it in the fleece well washed.

May 6, 1848. y41

SHOES, GAITERS, &c.—Ladies' and Misses Gaiters, Walking Shoes, & Slippers—every variety—just rec'd at Mrs. Dykes' Fancy Store.

SAWS, Mill, X Cut, Hand, and Buck, of best kind and cheapest Prices.

Sept. 20. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Protection

Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

THE subscriber has been appointed an Agent of the *Protection Insurance Company* of Hartford, Conn., at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and is authorized to

Insure Dwelling Houses, Stores, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, Stables, and the contents of each, together with every other similar species of property

Against loss or damage by Fire.

The subscriber is also authorized to issue Policies on the most favorable terms

Against loss or damage on the cargoes of Steam, Keel, Canal, and Flat Boats, while navigating the Western Rivers, Lakes, and Canals.

On account of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to said Company, they have been enabled greatly to reduce their rates of Insurance, so that now every man has an opportunity, for a trifling sum, to protect himself against the ravages of these destructive elements.

For terms of Insurance, apply to the subscriber, at the office, of John Hough, Jun., corner of Calhoun & Columbia Streets, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

R. D. TURNER,

Dec. 1, 1848. At the Indiana Land Agency

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company,

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN appointed an agent for said company, is authorized to make every kind and amount of Insurance appertaining to Life Risks, for a certain number of years or for life, grant annuities, and confer endowments.

The provisions of the charter of said company are peculiarly favorable to the assured—containing many important privileges, which experience has proved may be safely granted, and which are deemed superior to any heretofore offered in this country.

Married women may insure the lives of their husbands, secure from the demands of creditors.

Creditors may insure their debtors, or debtors themselves, for the benefit of creditors.

The assured after a term of years, may at any time surrender the policy and receive its equitable value in cash.

The subject of Life Insurance is attracting much attention in the Eastern States, and commends itself to the favorable consideration of all, as by this means a comfortable support may be left to the wife and children when misfortune comes upon them, and the husband and father is taken from their embrace by the cold hand of death.

Pamphlets explanatory of the uses and benefits arising from Life Insurances, will be furnished those wishing to be insured.

The undersigned is also agent for the HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.

F. P. RANDALL.

May 5, 1847. 44tf

Valuable Lands FOR SALE.

350 ACRES of the best land in Northern Indiana, situated in Allen County, seven miles west of Fort Wayne, immediately ON THE WABASH & ERIE CANAL, well watered and timbered—is offered for sale by the subscriber on very liberal terms and prices.

Also 150 acres situated in Marion Township, nine miles south of Fort Wayne, immediately on the Piqua road.

Also the west half of the south east quarter of section 17 t wn 32, north of range 15 east, in Springfield township, Allen county.

And a number of other tracts in this and the adjoining counties—all of which lands are well adapted to farming purposes, and are offered on the most liberal terms. For further information call on me at the Recorder's office in this city.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.

Fort Wayne, May 20, 1847. 4f

J. E. HILL, G. WILSON, A. M. ORBISON

HILL, WILSON, & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES, &C.,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

County & City Orders.

WANTED for which the highest price will be paid in cash or goods as cheap as they can be obtained in the State of Indiana, by

Oct 28, 1848 BARNETT & NELSON.

There is no real occasion for sickness!

Dr. Ralph's Pills,

FOUNDED on the only principle on which a UNIVERSAL MEDICINE can safely and conscientiously be recommended to the world. They are fast superceding every other remedy for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Acidity, Heartburn, Costiveness, all impurities of the blood, Bilious Liver Diseases, Fever & Ague, the diseases of WESTERN CLIMATE, &c. The reason is obvious—they act in PERFECT ACCORDANCE WITH NATURE. Their operation is exceedingly mild and pleasant, and if taken in accordance with the directions, which are remarkably plain and clear,

THEY CANNOT FAIL TO CURE

and to perfectly prevent diseases of every kind (see explanation of the new theory in the 'Ralphian' an invaluable paper which may be had gratis of the agents.) Their unexampled success in all the complaints of FEMALES, and those attending pregnancy, is acknowledged by thousands.

NO FEMALE SHOULD BE WITHOUT THEM.

Testimonials of cures, of every disease the human system is liable to, often after all other means had failed, are consequently being received at the Central Office, N. Y. City.

Price 25 cents a box, with full directions, and Family packages at $1, (in which is much saving.)

J. B. Hanna, Fort Wayne, having been appointed general agent, will supply this celebrated medicine, wholesale and retail, on the same terms as at the Central Office.

June 13, 1848. 19

Read the following testimony from W. W. Steevens, principal of the Classical & Commercial Academy, Fort Wayne, Ind.:

"Having had repeated opportunities for the last fourteen years of witnessing the great benefits various persons have derived from the use of Doctor RALPH'S PILLS, and knowing Doctor RALPH to be a graduate of the University of Edinburg, a member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, and of the Medical College of the State of New York; also a Physician of Long, Extensive and successful Practice, I cordially recommend said Pills to all who may be afflicted with diseases for which the Pills are recommended, believing they will perform all that is promised for them if the directions for using them be strictly followed.

W. W. STEEVENS.

Fort Wayne, July, 1848.

"DEAR SIR: In compliance with your request I would state that I have used Doctor RALPH'S PILLS in my family for something like ten years, and am satisfied that they are an excellent family Medicine. I have no doubt but that the use of them has at different times saved myself and family much sickness and expense.

HUGH MILLER."

To J. B. HANNA.

The above Pills can be had at wholesale of J. B. HANNA, General Agent at Fort Wayne.

They are also sold at retail by A. B. Miller; [illegible] E. D. Bartlett & Co., La Grange Centre; C. R. Walker, Fort Wayne; DeFrees, Wolf Lake; Peter Heller, Eel River; Robert Dykes, Ontario; J. N. Alderman, May's Mills; L. S. Sayless, Bayless' Mills.

WANTED, 5,000 Bushels Wheat, 10,000 Flax Seed, and any kind of merchantable produce. We will buy, and pay the highest price [illegible] HILL, WILSON & Co.

DRESS GOODS.—A magnificent assortment of rich and beautiful DRESS SILKS, &c. [illegible] B. MASON.

Notice to Farmers and PRODUCE DEALERS.

THE undersigned having leased the well known CITY MILLS, in Fort Wayne, heretofore known [illegible] *Hamilton & Williams*, take this method of saying to all interested that they are prepared and ready to Flour promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work* or *Grists* ground will always find us [illegible] Store [illegible] for this purpose.

All kinds of Bread Stuffs and Mill Feed at all times for sale.

CASH Paid for WHEAT at the Highest Rates.

HOAGLAND, COMSTOCK, & CO.

Ft. Wayne, Aug 23d, 1847. 1y8

Just Received.

THIS day a fresh lot of Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture. Those who have used this medicine can testify to its qualities better than we can by advertising two or three columns of nonsense. For sale by

A. B. MILLER,
Sole agent for Fort Wayne.

April 29, 1848.

THE First and Second Book of History for Children and Youth, for sale by

April 29th, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

PURE LIQUORS.

A Fresh supply of Pure Liquors for Medical use, consisting of Brandy, Gin, Port, Madeira, and Teneriffe WINES, for sale at WALKER'S Drug Store.

CASH FOR WHEAT AT NEW HAVEN.

A. B. MILLER will pay the highest Wayne price for WHEAT delivered at his ware house at New Haven Allen Co. Indiana

JUST received, a splendid lot of CONFECTIONARY. Also, Fruits, Nuts, &c.

June 3. J. A. COLERICK.

CITRON, a fine article, just received by

June 3 J. A. COLERICK.

TAMARINDS just received.

J. A. COLERICK.

SALAD OIL, pure and fresh.

J. A. COLERICK.

STATIONERY.

200 Reams Cap Paper; 10,000 Quills 100 Letter " also a large stock of Note and Fancy paper for sale by

C. R. WALKER.

THE latest spring Styles of PRINTS and DRESS GOODS, for sale at low prices by

C. R. WALKER.

WOODEN WARE, Willow Waggons, & Willow Cradles—splendid articles for sale by A. B. MILLER.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS.—The largest and best variety in town, for sale by

May 27, 1848. A. B. MILLER.

PRINCIPE, Havanna and Luna CIGARS J. A. COLERICK.

COD FISH & HERRING.—Wholesale or Retail. J. A. COLERICK.

FINE SPERM OIL, for Lamps, one dollar per gallon. J. A. COLERICK

NO. 1, 2, and 3 Mackerel, an excellent article, by the barrel or retail.

March 15, 1848. J. A. COLERICK

DOUBLE REFINED LOAF SUGAR—For sale by the quantity or retail.

March 15, 1848. J. A. COLERICK.

WRAPPING PAPER from Beams, Vandevanter & Williams' Paper Mill, Lafayette,—all sizes—in store and for sale at Manufacturer's prices by J. B. HANNA.

250 Lbs. Sp. Fl. INDIGO for sale cheap H. B. REED.

800 Lbs. Tartaric Acid and Sup. Carb. Soda of the best quality, for sale H. B. REED.

300 lbs. CLOVES. Also 100 lbs. CASSIA, for sale cheap by H. B. REED.

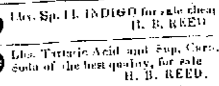
FISH OIL, Tanners Oil, and Neat's Foot Oil, by the Bbl. or gallon.

H. B. REED.

SPELLING BOOKS—Webster's and McGuffey's Elementary, for sale wholesale and retail at WALKER'S

May 13, 1848. New Book Store.

FRENCH PERFUMERY—A fresh supply just received at WALKER'S.



1847. 1847.

JOS. J. & D. F. COMPARET,

Storage, Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS,

At the foot of Columbia and Lafayette streets, FORT WAYNE, Indiana.

Refer to
Suydam Sage & Co., New York.
Collins Brown & Co., Toledo, O'io.
Brownlee Brown & Co., " "
G. S. Hazard, Buffalo, N. Y.
H. McCulloch, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Henry R. Colerick, " "
Samuel Hanna, " "
15tf Allen Hamilton, " "

WINDOW GLASS.—Received per Canal Boat Erie 100 Boxes Window Glass of all sizes and of the best Brands at a very small advance of the manufacturers prices

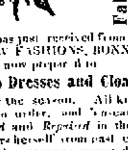
H. B. REED

HIGHLY IMPORTANT—Gent's White Kid and Silk Gloves—an indispensable article on certain *interesting occasions*. Just rec'd. by

Sept. 8. MRS. DYKES.

Storage and Forwarding.

THE Subscribers having a large and commodious WAREHOUSE, are ready at all times, to attend to business in that line, on reasonable terms. E. D. BARTLETT.



NEW Fashions FOR Fall and Winter.

MISS WELLS has just received from New York her NEW FASHIONS, BONNETS, and GOODS, and is now prepared to

Cut and Make Dresses and Cloaks

in the latest style for the season. All kinds of BONNETS made to order, and Tuscan and Straw Hats *Cleaned* and *Repaired* in the best manner. She flatters herself from past experience, and the liberal patronage received, that she can continue to give good satisfaction. All kinds of Bouquets kept on hand, such as Velvet, Plush, Satin and every kind of Silk; Straw and Leghorn Hats, very cheap. Also a great variety of *Plumes, Winter and Field Flowers, Ribands, Laces, Gloves, Head Dresses, Caps, Collars, and many other Fancy Articles*;

besides a great variety of rich and cheap SILK for Dresses. The Ladies will please call and see for themselves

Shop on Columbia street, opposite A. B. Miller.

Fort Wayne, November 4, 1848.

MENS & BOYS' CAPS—A splendid assortment of Men's and Boys' Caps will be sold low prices at A. B. MILLER'S.

HATS! HATS!!—A few fashionable silk Hats will be sold as low as they can be bought in New York at retail; call at A. B. Miller, Niagara Store, and see for yourselves

CALICOES a rich and fashionable assortment from 6d. to 25c., for sale by E. D. BARTLETT & Co.

Nov 13.

COTTON YARN.—Long skein of all numbers, for sale by

Oct. 28. BARNETT & NELSON.

MUSLINS.—Good yard wide Muslin for 6¼ cts per yard at B. MASON'S.

SHAWLS.—A splendid lot of White Crape, Silk, Bare e, and other fashionable Shawls just received, and offered very cheap

May 6 B. MASON.

LADIES' and Children's SHOES, Gaitres, and slippers—all sorts and sizes—just received by B. MASON

BONNET TRIMMINGS.—Just received a superb and fashionable assortment of Ribbons, Artificials, and other Trimmings.

May 6 B. MASON.

TANNER'S OIL.—A large supply of Tanner's Oil can always be found at the Niagara Store, where it will be sold at the lowest figure. A. B. MILLER.

HEMLOCK TANNED, Spanish Sole Leather, &c. constantly on hand at the Niagara Store, and sold at the lowest market rates, by A. B. MILLER.

Seasoned Lumber.

A. B. Miller is receiving a choice lot of Seasoned Poplar or White Wood Lumber from his Mills in Noble County, and has now on hand a few thousand feet of Siding.

Persons desiring such lumber will please call at the Niagara Store.

A. B. MILLER.

Fort Wayne, June 12, 1848.

Fire Engine and Carding Machine FOR SALE.

THE subscriber having been appointed agent for an extensive manufactory of Fire Engines, Carding Machines &c. is prepared to fill all orders that may be given him. The engines and machines are warranted, and will be afforded of any size and power. He sells on a liberal credit or at a discount for cash. Inquire at the "Indiana Land and Tax Agency," Calhoun st.

June 1 (46) JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

EXPRESS.

Leo Woolen Factory.

HAVING erected and furnished a large WOOLEN FACTORY at HAMILTON'S MILLS, *on the little St. Joseph river*, in Cedar Creek Township, Allen County, Indiana and fitted the same with a superior new double

Carding Machine

of the most approved kind, I am prepared to card all the wool that is brought to me in a good and proper manner, and warrant all the work to be well done.

Wool can be left in Fort Wayne at the store of JAMES M. HAMILTON, and the rolls will be returned there promptly in good order and proper condition without any charge.

Wool and all kinds of Country Produce taken in pay for carding, not refusing the *dimes* when convenient.

People coming from a distance can have their wool carded immediately.

Fulling, Dyeing, & Cloth Dressing

done in the best workmanlike manner. All work done by me is warranted to be done in a proper workmanlike manner.

JAMES ENSEY.

May 13, 1848. 1f46.

FRESH GROCERIES.

MRS. DYKES has just received a stock of fine fresh Family Groceries—Teas, Coffee, Loaf, Crushed and New Orleans Sugar, Molasses, Sauces, Tobacco, &c. Candies, Oranges, Figs, &c. Children's Toys, Marbles, &c. All of which will be sold at reduced prices.

May 6, 1848

WHITE CRAPE LISSE, Just the article for Veils. Call in and get before it is all gone. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN

Have You Heard the News?

HILL, WILSON & CO'S

GOODS HAVE ARRIVED!!!

COMPRISING a large and complete assortment well adapted to the wants of the country, consisting in part of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Bonnets, &c.

We can *Without Boasting*, say that our Stock is as large and well assorted as any in town, and we will sell as low as can be purchased elsewhere. We may be outdone in bragging, but *cannot be undersold.*

Come Merchants wishing to purchase are requested to look at our stock before making their purchases—we feel confident we can make it an inducement for them to call.

HILL, WILSON, & CO.

Sept. 30, 1848.

Fancy Bread, Biscuit and Cake BAKERY.

B. SAUNDERS, returns thanks to his friends for the liberal patronage bestowed on him, and respectfully informs the public that he has entered into partnership with J. F. COOMBES, an experienced *Fancy Baker and Pastry Cook*, and that in addition to the sale of Groceries, they will hereafter carry on the

Fancy Baking, Pastry Cook, and Confectionary Business,

and will keep on hand a general stock of French Twists, Cottage Loaves, Gingerbread, Chelsea Buns, Fancy, American, Boston, and Lemon Biscuits; Queen's Drops; Brighton Rocks, Sea Biscuits, Buns, Crackers, &c., &c.

Orders for Parties &c., promptly attended to.

Fort Wayne, October 7, 1848

HAVANNA SUGAR.—Best white Havanna Sugar for sale by H. B. REED.

Health, Beauty and Happiness

☞ MOST IMPORTANT WORK! ☜

The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion!

By DR. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women. Price 50 cts. **50,000** copies sold in six months!! For sale at the Book Store of D. W. BURROUGHS.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 4, 1848

Shoes for the Million.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY

HAVING replenished their stock, and made further arrangements to accommodate the public, offer to their numerous customers additional inducements for their continued patronage.

At Wholesale or Retail they offer

Thick Boots,	Over Shoes,	Thick Shoes,
Gaiters,	Calf Boots,	Buskins,
Kip Boots,	Bootees,	Morocco Boots
Rubbers,	Youth's Boots,	Mens' Gaiters,
Eastern Boots,	S[illegible] Rubbers	
Misses' Buskins	Children's Shoes, &c.	

FINDINGS.

Pegs, Nails, Kit, Thread, Linings, Indians, Lasts, &c. &c.

All the above articles and many more, we offer to sell at the *lowest prices* for READY PAY, and we invite the people of North eastern Indiana to call and be well provided with Boots and Shoes, and remind them of the danger of neglecting the feet in winter—to take care of the feet is to take care of the head, come one and all and be well shod—buy new Boots and get the old ones mended.

EASTERN BOOTS.

Dealers can be supplied with Eastern Boots of the best quality, better than those usually offered in this market, at eastern prices.

ANDERSON & CO.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 27, 1849. y30.

GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY

WESTERN NEW YORK

COLLEGE OF HEALTH.

207 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. G. C. VAUGHN'S

Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture.

THIS celebrated remedy is constantly increasing its fame by the many cures it is making

ALL OVER THE WORLD.

It has now become *the only medicine for family use*, and particularly recommended for

DROPSY;

all stages of this complaint immediately relieved, no matter of how long standing. *See Pamphlet for testimony.*

GRAVEL,

and all diseases of the urinary organs; for these distressing complaints it *stands alone*; no other article can relieve you; and the cures testified to will convince the most skeptical; *see pamphlet.* Liver Complaint, Bilious diseases,

FEVER AND AGUE.

To the Great West especially, and wherever these complaints prevail this medicine is offered.

NO MINERAL AGENT,

no deleterious compound is a part of this mixture, it cures these diseases with certainty and celerity, and does not leave the system torpid. See Pamphlet.

PILES,

a complaint of a most painful character, is

IMMEDIATELY RELIEVED,

and a cure follows by a few days use of this article; it is far before any other preparation for this disease, or for any other disease originating from impure blood. See pamphlet.

DEBILITY OF THE SYSTEM,

weak back, weakness of the Kidneys, &c., or inflammation of the same, is immediately relieved by a few days use of this medicine, and a cure is always a result of its use. It stands as

A CERTAIN REMEDY

for such complaints, and also for derangements of the female frame IRREGULARITIES SUPPRESSIONS,

painful menstruations. No article has ever been offered except this which would touch this kind of derangements. It may be relied upon as a sure and effective remedy, and did we feel permitted to do so could give

A THOUSAND NAMES

as proof of cures in this distressing class of complaints. See pamphlet. All broken down, debilitated constitutions from the effect of mercury, will find the bracing power of this article to act immediately, and the poisonous mineral eradicated from the system.

ERUPTIVE DISEASES

will find the alterative properties of this article

PURIFY THE BLOOD,

and drive such diseases from the system. See pamphlet for testimony of cures in all diseases, which the limits of an advertisement will not permit to be named here. Agents give them away; they contain 32 pages of certificates of high character, and a stronger

ARRAY OF PROOF

of the virtues of a medicine, never appeared. It is one of the peculiar features of this article that *it never fails to benefit in any case*, and if bone and muscle are left to build upon let the emaciated and lingering invalid

HOPE ON,

and keep taking the medicine as long as there is an improvement. The proprietor would

CAUTION THE PUBLIC

against a number of articles which come out under the head of SARSAPARILLAS, SYRUPS, &C.

as cures for Dropsy, Gravel, &c.: *They are good for nothing*, and concocted to gull the unwary;

TOUCH THEM NOT.

Their inventors never thought of curing such diseases till this article had done it. A particular study of the pamphlet is earnestly solicited.

Agents and all who sell the article are

GLAD TO CIRCULATE

gratuitously. Put up in 30 oz. bottles, at $2; 12 oz. do at $1 each—the larger holding 6 oz. more than two small bottles. Look out and not get imposed upon. Every bottle has "Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture," blown upon the glass the written signature of "G. C. Vaughn" on the directions, and "G. C. Vaughn, Buffalo," stamped on the cork. None other are genuine. Prepared by Dr. G. C. Vaughn, and sold at the Principal Office, 207 Main street, Buffalo, at wholesale and retail. No attention given to letters unless post paid—orders from regularly constituted Agents excepted; post paid letters, or verbal communications soliciting advice, promptly attended to, gratis.

Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of this article—132, Nassau street, New York city; 295 Essex street, Salem, Mass., and by the principal Druggists throughout the United States and Canada, as agents.

Fort Wayne, A. B. Miller; Lima, J. P. Wicker; Goshen W. Dodge; Ligonier, A. B. Miller.

May 13, 1848 41y

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

A new supply for the Spring trade just received from New York, via Railroad. All articles warranted fresh and genuine. Call at No. 2 Hanna's block, C. R. WALKER.

CHEAP PUBLICATIONS.—Any quantity. Want more reading?—may be found at WALKER'S Book Store, one door west of Aylsworth & Co's.

Storage, Forwarding & Commission.

WE have erected a large and commodious four story brick Warehouse, and are prepared to store any quantity of produce, &c, that may be entrusted to us either for shipment or sale on commission.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

S. & W. S. EDSALL.

Oct. 9, 1847.

Cash for 20,000 Bushels OF WHEAT,

At the Empire Mills.

WE are prepared to pay Cash and the Highest Price for 20,000 bushels of good merchantable Wheat.

Farmers and Teamsters will save themselves much trouble and expense by driving directly up to the STONE MILLS and unloading; they will always get the highest price, and avoid the annoyance of being pestered by the barkers and whipper snappers from the Stores, who now infest our streets and are such a bore to all who bring wheat to our market. We are not *much* given to boasting; but as some of our neighbors are talking of wanting 10,000 bushels of wheat, we would inform wheat raisers that we can take in 20,000; as our Mill besides being the best, is the biggest, the highest, and the strongest in the country. We have a convenient WAGON YARD and STABLE, for teams coming to the Mill, and a HOUSE for the Teamsters; we always furnish feed for the horses, and occasionally throw in Supper and Breakfast for their drivers. This is nothing new with us—we have always thought it our duty to do so and should not now mention it if our neighbors had not set the example.

We keep constantly on hand FLOUR OF THE BEST QUALITY and all kinds of Mill Stuff; and promptly grind every thing in the shape of Custom Work—always excepting White Oak Tan Bark, or Hoosier "Hoop Pole."

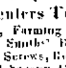
SAMUEL EDSALL,

Empire Mills, on the Aqueduct.

Fort Wayne Sept. 6, 1848 10tf

THE NEW YORK

HARDWARE STORE.

SIGN OF  THE PADLOCK.

IS now being replenished with a full stock of Hardware from the East, consisting of almost every article in that line that can be called for—consisting in part of every variety of

Carpenters Tools,

Building Materials, Farming Utensils, Anvils, Vices, Hammers, Smiths' Bellows, Shovels, Spades, Axes, Bed Screws, Rope, Clocks, Table and Tea Spoons, Mahogany, Glass, Black Walnut and Curled Maple Knobs.

Table and Pocket Cutlery,

Coffee Mills, Patent Balances from 400 to 1000 lbs., Frying Pans, SHOEMAKER'S TOOLS, Brass Kettles and Pails, Brass and Cast Iron Andirons, Brass, Steel and Iron Shovels and Tongs, Castings of all kinds. SADDLER'S GOODS of every kind and quality. A superior article of Ox, Cow, and Sheep Bells. COOPER'S TOOLS, including the Rochester make of Truss Hoops. Iron, Nails, Glass, and White Lead in any quantity, either wholesale or retail. The best of Ames' Shovels and Spades, Wire Cloth for Fanning Mills. X Cut and Mill Saws, Scales, Weights and Measures for Country Stores—all to be sold cheaper than ever for Cash or Country Produce, (in exchange for credit.) Farmers will here find ready sale, and the highest price for their Wheat, Corn, and Oats, which they are respectfully invited to bring along, when they need are good.

P. P. BAILEY

Fort Wayne, In., Sept. 19, 1848. 11-ly